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## Japanese War Planes Pound Chinese Army In Lanfang Barracks

TOKYO HEARS OF OUTBREAK AND  
CONTINUATION OF HOSTILITIES

### East Hopei Leader Urges Sung To Quit Kuomintang and Join His Pro-Japanese Government

Tokyo, July 26 (9.30 a.m.).

Chinese and Japanese troops are fighting between Peiping and Tientsin, according to reports reaching the capital from the Army in North China.

Fighting broke out at Lanfang, mid-way between Peiping and Tientsin, some time yesterday, and is still continuing.

Tokyo, July 26 (9.20 a.m.).

Despatches from Tientsin state that a Japanese aeroplane squadron has bombarded the Chinese barracks at Lanfang.—*Reuter*.

#### TIENTSIN CONFIRMATION

Tientsin, July 26 (9.01 a.m.).

Japanese sources here state that Japanese planes bombed the Chinese barracks at Lanfang, between Peiping and Tientsin, yesterday.

The Japanese garrison command here reported that a Japanese party, repairing telegraph wires in the vicinity of Lanfang station yesterday was fired on by Chinese troops of the 38th Division of the 29th Army.

The Chinese used machine-guns and trench mortars and three Japanese were seriously wounded, and two slightly.

The bombing of Lanfang was allegedly in retaliation for the attack on the telegraph repair party.

The Japanese military authorities here assert that reinforcements were despatched to Lanfang following the attack, but that the bombing of the barracks was necessary to prevent the annihilation of the Japanese forces in the area.

#### HEAVY LOSSES FEARED

The extent of the casualties inflicted on the Chinese has not been learned.

However, a full Chinese regiment was supposed to be occupying the Lanfang barracks and for this reason the loss of life is presumed to have been heavy.

The Japanese assert the repair party, on which the Chinese fired, was operating with the permission of the Chinese commander and that therefore the attack was a serious breach of faith.

Japanese reinforcements are said to have reached Lanfang at 12.50 a.m. to-day.—*United Press*.

#### URGES REBELLION

Peiping, July 26.  
Openly attempting to get Hopen and Chaurin to follow in the footsteps of his colleagues in East Hopei, Yin Yu-keng, pro-Japanese leader in the North, issued a manifesto to the people and simultaneously sent a telegram to General Sung Chieh-yuan, Hopen, Chaurin military chief, urging:

"Seize this rare and unrepeatable opportunity to settle the North China situation peacefully and on your own responsibility."

"Sever connection with the Kuomintang and hoist the East Hopei five-barred flag."  
He urged General Sung to assist in restoring the republican form of Government and added that the fate of the nation lay in General Sung's choice.—*United Press*.

#### AMERICAN DETAINED

Tientsin, July 26.  
Japanese gendarmes detained a U.S. Press correspondent, Mr. C. B. MacGowan, for 90 minutes yesterday. He was arrested while

## ROYAL HONEYMOONERS IN ITALY



Smiling happily, the Duchess of Windsor waves from a motor launch, on the Grand Canal in Venice, Italy, during a stop-over while she and the Duke were on their way to their honeymoon castle, Marri in Monts, France, their destination was Wasserleiburg, in Austria. The newly-weds used the motorboat instead of the traditional gondolas.

### Big Italian Battleship Is Launched

Trieste, July 25.

Italy's first 35,000-ton battleship, the Vittorio Veneto, was launched in the presence of King Victor Emmanuel and the Queen of Italy to-day.

A crowd of 45,000 attended the ceremony, which was performed by the wife of a dockyard worker, on the suggestion of Signor Mussolini, the Dictator.—*Reuter*.

### Bilbao Ships Won't Serve Loyalists

Owners Prefer To  
Tie Them Up In  
British Ports

London, July 25.

The question whether the bulk of the Spanish merchant Navy is in support of the old Government or of General Francisco Franco's Insurgent Junta has been raised as a result of a dispute following the arrest of seven Spanish ships in South Wales and a number at other British ports.

The arrest came after the alleged refusal of owners to comply with the orders of the Spanish Government, which sought to commandeer the ships.

Most of these Spanish merchantmen are registered at Bilbao and while that port was controlled by the Basque Government no difficulties were encountered. But since it has fallen into the hands of General Franco's troops, the ship-owners appear to resent the attempted dictation by the old Government, which no longer controls their port of registry.

At the instigation of the owners, writs were served on those controlling the ships which now will not be allowed to leave port without an order from the Admiralty Court.—*Reuter*.

to Government quarters. Various suggestions have, however, been put forward. These include conversion of the building into either a school or a boarding-house, and there is also a possibility that it may be opened for maternity purposes, as it is ideally situated for such a purpose. No definite decision has, however, yet been reached on the matter.

### Demolition Of Queen's Gardens

Victoria Hospital's  
Future Not Yet  
Decided

For many years occupied by Government servants, the block of residences known as Queen's Gardens, situated on the mid-levels, is shortly to be demolished, tenders for the work having already been accepted. Two of the houses were pulled down some two years ago, and the condition of the remainder is now such that the remainder will have to be demolished also.

The Government, it is understood, does not at the moment intend to build new quarters for their servants, although there was a scheme some time back to erect a big block of flats on May Road. This plan, however, is now in suspense.

There has been under consideration for some time a proposal for converting the main block of Victoria Hospital into Government quarters, but it is understood that no decision on this point has yet been reached. The Hospital, it will be recalled, was closed down shortly after the opening of the new Queen Mary Hospital. It is situated in an ideal spot on Barker Road.

With regard to the maternity block of the Victoria Hospital, it would be somewhat difficult to convert this in-

### CANTON ALARMED WHEN DEFENCES ARE TESTED

Canton, July 25.

A scene of some excitement was witnessed here a few days ago when, during the afternoon, factory whistles and Army sirens were sounded and light warnings flashed all over the city.

Fast pursuit, bombing and reconnoitring planes roared overhead, much to the amazement of the crowds in the streets, who did not at first realise what all the noise and din really meant. Many people rushed to shelter.

All cause for apprehension, however, was soon removed when it was announced that anti-aircraft defence practices had been taking place. These were announced to have been completely successful.—*Our Own Correspondent*.

### FURIOUS FIGHT CONTINUES FOR KEY TO MADRID

### Brunete Lost and Taken By Loyalists; Severe Toll in Air Raid

Madrid, July 25.

Having admitted the capture of Brunete by Insurgents a few hours previously, the Loyalist Government now asserts that its troops once again control the town, a key-point in Madrid's western defence system.

Stripped to the waist, Loyalist troops fought in a temperature of 100 degrees in the shade, and eventually succeeded in driving the Insurgents from the town so lately occupied.—*Reuter*.

Earlier messages, through *Reuter*, stated that a Spanish Government communique had admitted the loss of Brunete, but on the heels of this report from St. Jean de Luz, came the second—Brunete was again in Government hands. The fighting in this area is intensive and losses on both sides have been enormous.

#### Air Raid Over Barcelona

Barcelona, July 25.

No less than 65 persons were killed and 150 injured in an Insurgent air raid over this city at 3.35 a.m. to-day.

Five Insurgent war planes swooped out of the night, made low over the city's central sections in brilliant moonlight, and dropped a score of bombs.

Anti-aircraft batteries and machine-guns fired heavily on the raiders but without any apparent success.—*Reuter*.

### China's Young Womanhood

Growing Interest In  
Outdoor Sport

Canton, July 25.

The influence of Western ideas was apparent during the week-end, when crowds swarmed to the city's bathing areas, these including many young women, who have now come to take the keenest interest in swimming and other outdoor sport.

The Chinese girl of to-day is, in fact, a totally different creature from her sister of even a few years back. The pale-complexioned, slightly-built young women of the past have given place to bronzed, sturdy maidens, whose physical development and healthy appearance are most marked.

China's future generations will benefit immensely from these developments as her young womanhood take their place among their sisters of other nations.—*Our Own Correspondent*.

### Red Steamer Seized By Rebel Ships

Gibraltar, July 25.

Insurgent armed trawlers stopped a Soviet steamer, the *Varlamonov*, in the Straits of Gibraltar to-day and escorted her to Ceuta.—*Reuter*.

### Egyptians Welcome Young King

Coronation Only  
Three Days Off

Alexandria, July 25.

With the Coronation of Egypt's young King only four days ahead, striking scenes of loyalty marked the return of the monarch, following a five-month visit to Europe, to-day.

Enormous crowds lined the decorated route which King Farouk followed and cheered frantically as the handsome ruler and other members of the Royal Family drove to the station, en route to the ancient capital, Cairo.

The bands of the various foreign communities paraded the streets and there were resounding shouts of "Vive le Roi" and, in Egyptian, "This is our happiest day."—*Reuter*.

### Niemoeller Brothers Both Gaoled

For Opposition To  
Dictatorship In  
Church Affairs

Berlin, July 25.

Herr Gaston Niemoeller, brother of the former submarine commander and pastor of the Evangelical Church in Germany, Herr Martin Niemoeller, has been arrested here, according to a reliable report.

Pastor Niemoeller was imprisoned a few days ago, and is now awaiting trial, for his attacks on Reich Bishop Mueller and the attempts to "Nazify" the German Church. He is head of the Evangelical Church, bitterly opposed to dictatorship in religion.

His younger brother, aroused by the arrest of the daring opponent of Reich Mueller, preached to a vast audience in his brother's church here to-day and strongly defended the views of Pastor Niemoeller. His arrest allegedly followed.—*Reuter*.

#### FREED ON PAROLE

Munich, July 25.

Father Rupert Mayer, 61, member of the Jesuit Order and a famous World War hero, who had been sentenced to six months' imprisonment for defying the Nazi authorities, has been paroled as a first offender, it was revealed to-day.

The charge was that Father Mayer, from his pulpit, spoke of the Nazi authorities "in a manner likely to undermine confidence in political leadership."—*United Press*.

### "PEASANT" GENERAL ELEVATED

Another. Shake-Up  
In Red Army

Moscow, July 25.

The more important changes have been made in the High Command of the Red Army.

An official announcement says that General Kashirin, commander of the Caucasian Military District and one of the eight military judges at the recent trial of Marshal Tukhachevsky and seven other Soviet generals who were subsequently executed, has been transferred to an unstaffed post. He is being replaced in the Caucasian command by General Timoshenko, representative of the new school of Red Army officers, a man of peasant origin, who rose from the ranks of the Czarist Army and became a general during the civil war.

General Timoshenko helped to organize the famous cavalry divisions which Marshal Tukhachevsky suggested and developed.—*Reuter*.

### HEADMASTER IN MOTOR MISHAP PEDESTRIAN RECEIVES NASTY INJURIES

The Rev. C. B. R. Sargent, Headmaster of Diocesan Boys' School, has reported to the police that at about 10.25 a.m. yesterday, while driving his car, No. 2382, in Waterloo Road he collided with Mr. J. Ellis, causing injuries which necessitated the removal of the latter to hospital.

In his report, Mr. Sargent says he was crossing the intersection of Waterloo Road and Argyle Street when Mr. Ellis tried to cross from the left. He applied his brakes, but the car struck the pedestrian, causing a scalp wound and fracture of the right arm. The victim's condition, however, is not considered serious.

Mr. Ellis, who is 43 years of age, resides at No. 468 Prince Edward Road.

#### ANOTHER MISHAP

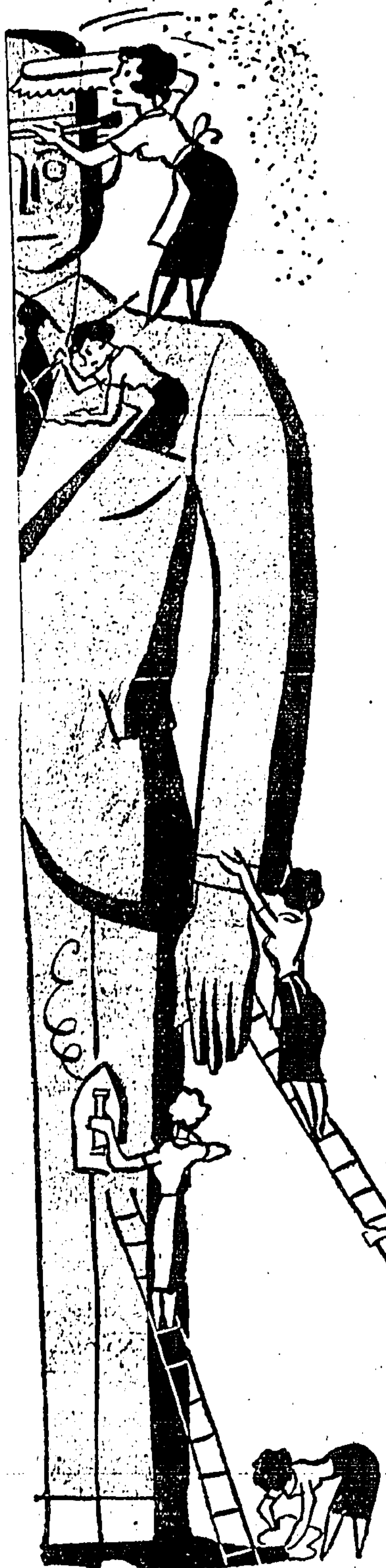
As a result of leaving a bus while it was in motion, a man named Lui Sau, of Tung Choi Street, was admitted to Kowloon Hospital yesterday in a serious condition.

The bus was travelling in Nathan Road near Argyle Street when Lui fell and injured his head severely.

#### THE ANDRE LEBON

Passengers by the M.M. liner Andre Lebbon are informed that the vessel will sail from Hongkong to-morrow (Tuesday) at 8 a.m., instead of 11 a.m. The information given by a contemporary this morning that the liner would not sail until 8 a.m. on Wednesday is incorrect.





# Give your husband a Spring Clean

**I**F your husband is not as well groomed as he should be, it is largely your fault.

The wife who undertakes to be her husband's valet, and valets him well, has found one of the best ways of helping him in his career.

It isn't the possession of a lot of new clothes that gives a man a well-dressed look, but the care he takes of the clothes he has.

Suppose a man has three suits. Abolish the "best" suit idea. Bring the best suit into regular use, so that it is worn on alternate days with the second suit. Clothes, as well as shoes, are all the better for regular rest periods.

The third suit, sponged and pressed, and sent to the tailor for invisible mending if necessary, can probably be employed to save the other suits on wet days.

Give each suit a thorough overhaul once a fortnight. A good hard brush comes first, and then look over it for grease spots and other marks. A clean rag dipped in ammonia water will usually remove them, but if it won't try turpentine or petrol.

Tar marks which often get on to the hems of trousers can be taken out by rubbing with a rag soaked in eucalyptus oil.

## How to press it Successfully

**W**HEN the suit is clean, press it with a very damp cloth and a hot iron. If the pressing is done on a board without an ironing cloth it will be twice as effective. Pay particular attention to the trouser creases, press down the laps, and smooth over any creased parts, being careful to keep the cloth really damp.

At the first sign of fraying at cuff or trousers hem, a suit should be sent back to the tailor, who will make it just like new. Buttonholes can be made to last twice as long by means of a well-timed stitch.

## Keep hats well Brushed

**M**EN'S hats need regular attention. A bowler seldom needs more than a good brushing, but it needs it every day. A weekly rub with warm bran or ordinary ground rice will be sufficient for felt hats. Shoes will last longer and look twice as well if kept on trees, worn

alternately, and cleaned with good quality polish.

Brown shoes can be toned up by mixing a tablespoonful of milk with a dessertspoonful of methylated spirit, and applying this with a piece of flannel, rubbing the leather well. After a few minutes the shoes can be cleaned in the ordinary way.

## Dress shoes with olive Oil

**P**ATENT leather evening shoes when not in use should be covered with a thin film of vaseline; a weekly dressing of olive oil will prevent cracks or make existing ones much less obvious.

An occasional wipe over with a cloth dipped in milk is excellent, and an especially brilliant polish can be given by applying white of egg and then rubbing with a soft cloth.

Ties can be kept fresh in this way. Fill a glass jar with very hot water, damp the tie, and then wind it tightly round the hot jar. This will smooth out the creases without spoiling the tie.

The cure for a husband who is careless with his clothes is a series of presents. The first of these is a trouser-press, into which the trousers should go as soon as they are taken off.

## The best way with Ties

**A**TIE-HOLDER is the next on the list, and this, screwed on the inside of the wardrobe, will not only keep his ties in perfect condition, but will enable him to choose the right one in a second, thus preventing many a tumbled drawer.

Plenty of padded coat hangers and shoe trees are other necessities, and on his next birthday you might give him one of those ingenious contraptions on which a man can arrange his clothes as he takes them off at night.

There are shoulders for the coat, a shelf for his underclothes, and a tray for his loose change and other addments.

## Gay Beach Wear

**T**HERE is no possibility of women wearing anything drab on the beach this season. Even if swimming is a hobby taken in deadly earnest, the swimming suit must be of the most up-to-date design. One can be frivolous, however, with regard to accessories. Little playthings, which never crumple and retain their freshness throughout, are seen in bright, daisy-patterned linen and cotton. Divided skirts in heavy white linen have brilliantly-striped blouse tops, or are worn with star-dotted waistcoats.

Newest of all beach wear are hooded capes to protect the wearer from the sun, the wind, and the rain. One most amusing cape in dusty pink oiled silk has little black umbrellas embroidered all over it. This ground-length cape could be worn equally well for Ascot where it would prove a blessing in the event of a rainstorm.

Another attractive cape is made in skyblue towelling and the hood is lined with tomato-coloured silk. It contrasts effectively with a navy blue bathing suit having one of the new circular skirts. Also in the news are beach hats shaped like sunshades. In coarse straws of bright hue, they reach to the shoulders and have a miniature handle standing up from the centre of the crown.

## KEEPING FOOD FRESH

**I**F you experience trouble in keeping food fresh during the hot weather, try these short cuts. They will save you many shillings in the course of a year.

To keep milk fresh on hot days do not leave it corked or capped in bottles; the air should be let in, or the milk will sour quickly. Cover the open neck of the jug or bottle with an upturned saucer and then store the jug in a wooden box filled with clean sawdust or chaff. Keep in a cool, airy place, and the milk will seldom "turn" even in very hot weather.

Uncooked meat left to lie in its own juice quickly taints during the warmer days. But if you keep your meat hung it will keep better. Do not stick the hook directly into the meat, however. Slip the joint into a thin muslin bag rinsed out in vinegar, then attach the metal hook to the bag top and suspend.

If, as sometimes happens, butter has acquired a slight rancid taste during the hot weather, melt it and then strain, afterwards leaving a piece of lightly toasted bread in it for a few minutes. The disagreeable taste is thus taken out.

Where the butter is too far gone for this, add a teaspoonful of honey to each halfpound, melting the butter first and then skimming it. When cool the butter will have lost its disagreeable taste and flavour.

## Keeping Bread Soft

When bread is to be kept for several days during the hot weather, place half an apple in the bread-pan. The moisture from the apple is absorbed by the bread, which is then kept moist and fresh.

Greens and vegetables may be kept fresh during the hottest spell by the following methods, which entail little or no additional expense.

For example, when lettuce loses their crispness due to the heat, if you add a pinch of borax to the water in which the lettuce are being soaked it will make them delightfully crisp and fresh for table use.

Lettuces, beetroot, and carrots will keep for a long time if their roots are immersed in a couple of inches of water in a shallow dish and the water renewed every day.

To keep cauliflower fresh, split the stem in four, slip a string around it, hang up the flower downwards, and wet the cut stalk every day with water.

If fish cannot be cooked the same day keep it fresh this way.—Put the fish in a large basin and pour over a mixture of salt and water, one teaspoonful of salt to one quart of water. Cover the fish completely and it will keep quite fresh.

Ivie P. Holden.

## COLOUR REMINDERS

**T**AKE heed of the difference between warm and cool colours. Choose warm tints for a north room, cool tints for a room that catches south sunshine.

Yellow is the colour nearest to light. It seems cheerful, even in the dimmest weather.

If your room seems too small, use light-coloured woodwork. For increasing the apparent size of a limited space, try making the woodwork match the walls.

Great is the lure of blue. Truly a blue-and-white scheme is one of the most satisfactory. Yet, a word of warning is in order; there can be too much of it. It is best to use it with a light hand, and to give it much white for a foil. You may even get the happiest results by adding to it a touch of pale yellow or of soft rose-pink.

Greys and buffs are the foils and neutrals among colours. While we may know this, we do not always utilise that knowledge.

Red, on the other hand, while it speaks for vitality, is aggressive. It may easily make a room seem restless. Seldom should it be used in full strength, almost never in large masses.

Another fact about these fascinating things called colours. They will vary not only by suggesting cold and warmth, but also in making your rooms seem spacious rather than cramped, they vary also in being more or less "becoming" to the people who use the room.

J. S.

## Gelatine: A Summer Cookery Aid

**I**F soups are too thin they can be made thick and sustaining by the addition of gelatine. Consomme, of if it is skillfully embalmed in a fruit jelly, is much less heating than ordinary soup, and is more acceptable in hot weather.

Many children do not like milk and cannot digest milk puddings, but the appeal of a milk jelly or a prettily coloured blancmange is irresistible. With the use of gelatine, hard curds cannot form and the pudding is made light and palatable. For this reason, gelatine should form the foundation of most invalid dishes.

Aspic jelly, which can be prepared instantly from the packet, is an invaluable vehicle for presenting oddments of fish, meat, or game in new and attractive form; and who will

M. B.

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| F780  | (All's Fair in Love & War)                          | Harry Roy's Orch.             |
| F781  | (With Plenty of Money)                              | Harry Roy's Orch.             |
| F781  | (Let's Put Our Heads Together)                      | Harry Roy's Orch.             |
| F782  | (Speaking of the Weather)                           | Harry Roy's Orch.             |
| F782  | (Whatcha Gonna Do When there Aint No Swing)         | played by Nat Gonella's Orch. |
| F779  | (Taint Good)  | "Dimples"                     |
| F779  | (Shirley Temple Song Medley "Stowaway" & "Dimples") | sung by Henderson Twins.      |
| F784  | (Sweetheart Waltz)                                  | Victor Silvester Orch.        |
| F784  | (September in the Rain)                             | Victor Silvester Orch.        |
| F785  | (That's Life I Guess)                               | Victor Silvester Orch.        |
| F785  | (Keep Calling Me Sweetheart)                        | Victor Silvester Orch.        |
| 9069  | (Let's Call the Whole Thing Off)                    | Jay Wilbur Orch.              |
| 9074  | (They Can't Take that from Me (Shall We Dance))     | Jay Wilbur Orch.              |
| 9074  | (My Little Buckaroo)                                | Primo Scalin Accordion Band.  |
| 90010 | (Marnecay)  | Primo Scalin Accordion Band.  |
| 90010 | (WILL YOU REMEMBER ("MAYTIME"))                     | Grace Fields.                 |
| 9075  | (WILL YOU REMEMBER ("MAYTIME"))                     | Ralph Silvester.              |

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## DO YOU LIKE SHORTCAKE?

Try this with Strawberries

**S**TRAWBERRY shortcake, being an American sweet, is difficult to get here.

This is the way to make it, the authentic strawberry shortcake, and don't let anybody persuade you to try out imitations. Once you have had this one, you should not want to experiment further.

For six people—Take 2lbs. of ripe red berries—small ones are best. Put into a basin with a cupful of castor sugar and cut up roughly with a silver spoon until you have practically halved all the berries. Let them stand and get juicy while you make and bake a scone dough.

Turn it on to the dish it is to be served in, split it carefully, and well butter the insides as you would a large scone.

Now over the lower half generously spoon your strawberries and juice, as much as you can get on. Let the juice run all over the dish.

Put on to the other half of the scone, and serve at once while still hot and crisp.

Cut in sections as you would a layer cake. Serve with fresh or whipped cream.

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## His Case Was Desperate.

Young Man's Distressed State.

"I was reduced to such a state through anaemia and neurasthenia that my case was desperate," states Mr. W. J. Ingram, of 15, Leyburne Street, Bradford, England, "Last October I began to suffer from dizziness, and when outdoors my head was in such a whirl that I could not walk straight. I had no appetite, my face grew pale, and I was completely devoid of energy. I became so bad that I had to give up my work. The doctor said that I was suffering from anaemia and neurasthenia, and might collapse in the street.

"Then I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and soon began to improve. My appetite picked up and I felt less tired. The dizziness disappeared, my face took on a healthy tinge, and I gained strength rapidly. Now I am like a new man."

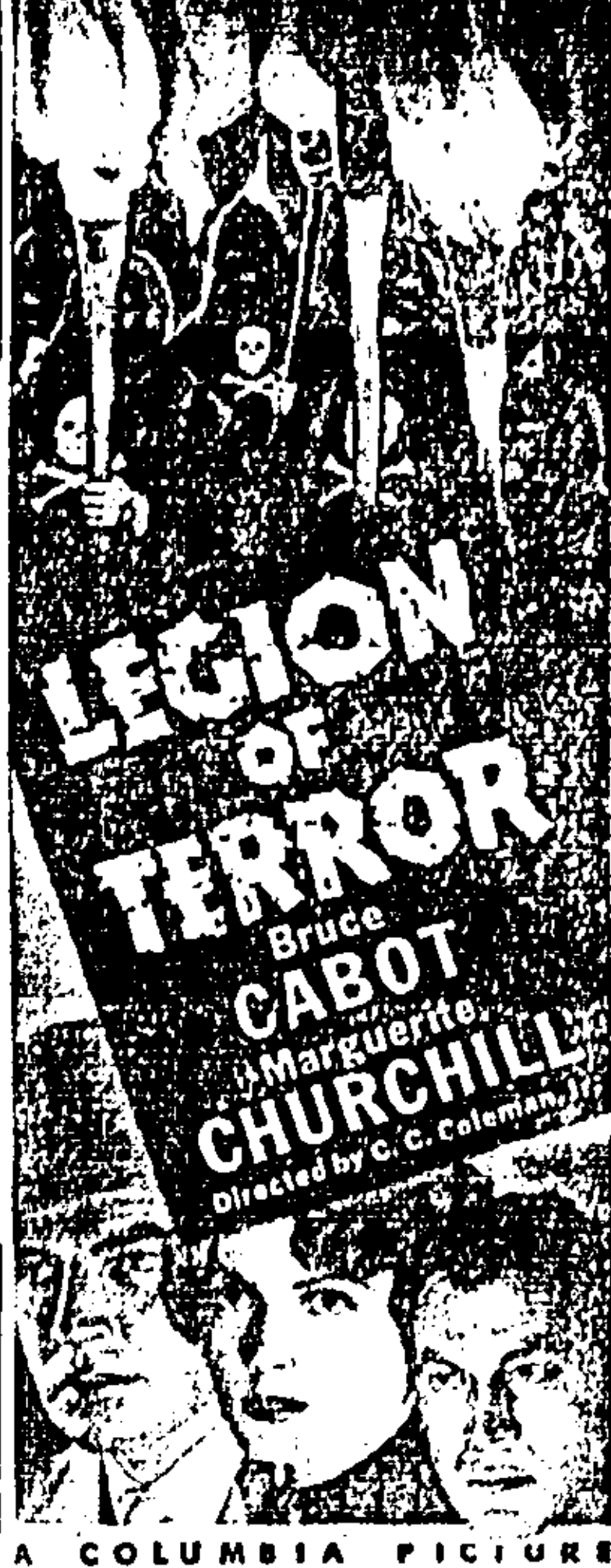
Those who have tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills often say that the benefit following their use is almost too wonderful to be believed. Actually the reason is quite simple. It is this: these pills create new rich blood, which strengthens the nerves, banishes anaemia, and improves the appetite and digestion. Try them now. Obtainable at chemists everywhere.

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See particulars on another page



FIRST BREATH-TAKING  
EXPOSE OF THE HOODED  
HOODLUMS WHO MENACE  
THE NATION!

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AT THE  
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PICTURE  
MAY WIN  
A PRIZE!

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"TELEGRAPH'S"  
PHOTOGRAPHIC  
COMPETITION  
See particulars  
on another page.

## Ryder Cup Debut

# AMERICAN GOLFERS BEAT US ON THE GREENS

(By Charles Buchan)

Southport, July 1.  
Winning the singles by 5½ points to 2½, America retained possession of the Ryder Cup with a victory as deserved as it was convincing. The margin in their favour in both singles and foursomes was 8 matches to 4, and this was their first success on British soil. Now they have four triumphs to their credit against Great Britain's two.

All the more striking was the American win, because they battled against the elements of wind on the first day and rain on the second—conditions in which our golfers might have been expected to have the advantage.

Taking the game as a whole, the British players were better than the Americans through the green, but they were out-classed at putting. When the Americans had to sink a putt to win a hole they did so without hesitation. Temperament plays a large part in this type of game and the American temperament is superior to ours.

Fortunately, we had in Sam King and Dai Rees two newcomers who gave examples of skill and courage that rather brightened the drab picture. These young assistant professionals, taking part in the first Ryder Cup contest, were the heroes of the day from the British point of view. Though at times stung by adversity, they refused to allow the wounds to upset them.

If I award chief honour to King, it is because of the splendour of his finish. King was opposed to America's match-play champion, Denny Shute, the man selected to oppose Cotton for the title of world champion; yet he was unafraid and unruffled.

### AN EPIC OF COURAGE

In the first round Shute would have found himself in a desperate position if he had not holed several long putts, and they finished the 18th all square. At the start of the second round things went all wrong for King, and by the 7th he stood 4 down, but at the 8th revived hopes. On the homeward journey these hopes were justified. King did those nine difficult holes in 33, won three of them and saved the match.

It was an epic of courage. At the 18th he holed from 6ft., at the 17th from 5yds. and at the 16th, knowing he had to win the hole, he placed an approach shot 4ft. from the pin and calmly sank the putt. The big crowd rose to him.

Rees's effort, which had a more satisfactory ending, as it brought victory to his side, was equally brave. He began by missing a 2ft. putt to win the first hole and then, at the 5th, his wet club slipped out of his hand and he lost the hole. At the 14th, 16th, 17th and 18th to end the round one up. His figures for the last five holes were one under four and Nelson, the 6ft. American with the beautiful swing, had no answer to the onslaught.

In the afternoon Rees quickly consolidated his advantage, became three up and never relaxed his grip on the game, which he won at the 17th. Enthusiastic spectators carried Rees shoulder high all the way down the last fairway, and he was almost mobbed at the entrance to the clubhouse.

Cotton also played the part of an English gentleman. He was expected to beat Manero, the 1936 American champion, and he did. He played in something like the form of his championship year (1934), except that he missed three holeable putts. Even so, he was too accurate for Manero, who was always struggling.

ALLISS' GLORIOUS DEFEAT  
One of our players, beaten on the last green, who commanded sympathy was Percy Alliss. It was his first defeat in the Ryder Cup, and an unfortunate one, as he fought back wonderfully after a discouraging start.

Sarazen, his determined opponent started with 2, 4, 3, and was four up with only five holes played. Still Alliss, by machine-like golf, secured a lead at one hole at the end of the round. When he stood three up at the turn in the second round, it seemed as if his great effort was to be rewarded.

"Sarazen, always at his best in a tight corner, had other ideas. The first five holes coming home he played in 18 strokes, a 2 at the short 16th giving him the lead, which he retained to the end.

Of the remaining matches, it was mainly a case of missed chances. Perry, for instance, played well enough to win, but he overran the green on five occasions when reasonable chances of winning holes came his way. Dudley's amazing putting turned the scales.

Lacey, too, gave a brilliant exhibition for most of the day, but he simply could not get a putt to drop, and in the final crisis he hooked two of his iron shots.

Burton met the 24-year-old Sneed, the youngest player in the match, at the top of his form. Sneed outdressed him by as much as 40 yards with a beautiful full swing that sweeps rather than hits the ball from the tee. The American led right from the start and, though Burton had his chances, he could not take them because of the wildness of his second shots.

Sneed did the 15 holes in the afternoon in 3 under 4's.  
Padgham had a disastrous experience. He began well, but, when Guldahl, the big American Open champion, holed a long putt at the 6th and put an iron shot dead at the 7th for a lead of 2 holes, his confidence, previously shattered, deserted him and he could not do a thing right. He hooked his irons and putted weakly, and Guldahl, without having to play brilliantly, stood 6 up at

the halfway stage and easily gained the biggest victory of the day.

**SINGLES RESULTS**  
R. Guldahl (U.S.A.) beat A. H. Padgham, 8 and 7.  
Denny Shute (U.S.A.) halved with S. L. King.  
Tony Manero (U.S.A.) lost to Henry Cotton, 5 and 3.  
Byron Nelson (U.S.A.) lost to D. J. Rees, 3 and 1.  
Sam Sneed (U.S.A.) beat R. Burton, 5 and 4.  
Gene Sarazen (U.S.A.) beat Percy Alliss, 1 up.  
Ed. Dudley (U.S.A.) beat Alfred Perry, 2 and 1.  
H. Picard (U.S.A.) beat A. J. Lacey, 2 and 1.

	America	Great Britain
Singles	5½	2½
Foursomes	2½	1½
Total	8	4

## RYDER CUP CAPTAIN EXPLAINS

(By Charles Buchan)

It is easy to be wise after an event like the losing of the Ryder Cup at Southport.

Many people criticised Charles Whitcombe, the British captain, for his action in dropping Cox and himself from the singles on the second day, so I asked him why he had done so. He gave me the following sensible reasons:

"I did not play myself because I had lost all confidence in putting, and it would have been foolish to play in the circumstances. I included King because when I took him out in practice round he displayed such brilliant form that he earned his chance."

Our men were very despondent after the match, for they realised they had not produced their real form when it was needed.

### COTTON'S APOLOGY

I was present when Henry Cotton apologised to his captain for himself and Padgham, his partner, for failing to win the foursome, which Cotton admitted they should have done.

A point advantage gained on the first day would have had an important bearing on the result. Then the Americans would have had the additional strain imposed by the knowledge that they must win five games out of eight.

That the match proved a huge success was revealed by the receipts for the two days, which were a record for the series.

Despite the rain on the last day, £2,500 was taken in admission money, £300 more than at the 1933 match. It will provide the Professional Golfers' Association with nearly all the money they need to take our team to America in 1939.

### TO REGAIN THE CUP

Stories that the matches were to be discontinued were emphatically denied by Commander R. C. Roe, secretary of the P.G.A.

They had not the slightest grain of truth, for at the dinner given after the match, Walter Hagen, the American captain, spoke of future games.

Whitcombe stated that Great Britain must discover and train four young players to stand in for the attempt to regain the cup in two years' time.

## COUNTY CRICKET CHAMPIONSHIP

Surrey Score 482  
Against Kent

London, July 24.

Surrey ran up a big first innings score in the new series of County Cricket Championship matches that began to-day. Playing at home against Kent they totalled 482, Fishlock contributing 107 and Holmes 77.

No other century was scored in this programme, but many exceeded the 50 mark, and no total was under 230.

Close of play scores were:  
Surrey 482 (Fishlock 107, Holmes 77) v. Kent.

Lancs. 261 (Washbrook 76); Warwick 30 for 1.

Yorkshire 346 (Turner 84, Lyon 5 for 72); Gloucester 24 for 1.

Sussex 242 for 0 v. Northants.

Derby 331 for 0 v. Notts.

Essex 235; Glamorgan 50 for 2.

Hampshire 245 (Moore 90, Warner 6 for 60); Worcester 70 for 2.



Anita Louise and Sir Cedric Hardwicke in "Green Light" which is now showing at the King's Theatre.

## BAKEWELL, NOT TO PLAY THIS SEASON

A. H. Bakewell, the Northamptonshire and England batsman, will not take part in county cricket this summer. Mr. N. W. C. Cooke, Chairman of the Northamptonshire C.C.C. Committee, announced recently that doctors consider it would be risky for Bakewell to play this season, but they state that he will be perfectly fit for next year. Bakewell was seriously injured in a motor accident towards the end of last summer.

## ENGLISH CRICKET AVERAGES

### Hammond In The Lead

Walter Hammond still headed the first-class cricket batting averages on July 5, with an average of 74.17 for 23 complete innings. He had then scored 1,706 runs.

J. Smith of Middlesex topped the bowling with an average of 15.58 for 74 wickets. Goddard had taken 55 wickets—108, with Governor of Surrey second, totalling 90.

### BATTING

	Qualification: 12 innings; average 30	Times	Runs	High	Aver
Hammond (W.R.)	23	1706	217	74.17	74.17
Hutton	18	1510	212	71.50	71.50
S. S. Dempster	18	1107	164	63.11	63.11
Paynter	23	1060	266	53.71	53.71
Marylebone	23	1052	182	53.56	53.56
Arnold	30	1043	266	52.22	52.22
R. C. M. Kingston	10	770	95	51.73	51.73
Washbrook	12	710	105	51.66	51.66
Wetherby	27	1276	165	49.15	49.15
Berry (E.C.)	17	74	125	47.69	47.69
J. H. Pawle	17	1120	241	46.46	46.46
Harris	20	710	76	44.87	44.87
Gibbons	25	1063	150	44.29	44.29
Edgell	23	750	189	44.20	44.20
Idson	28	964	140	43.21	43.21
R. E. S. Wyatt	23	993	152	43.17	43.17
Worthington	23	840	122	42.20	42.20
Phillips	13	532	71	41.62	41.62
Leyland	21	823	167	41.15	41.15
M. R. Barton	19	771	122	40.58	40.58
Langridge (John)	20	1180	175	40.00	40.00
Gregory	24	922	154	40.22	40.22
Gunn	24	840	140	40.00	40.00
Langridge (James)	27	853	150	39.70	39.70
Farker	15	470	80	39.60	39.60
C. Halliday	13	517	77	39.77	39.77
Edrich	25	850	175	38.90	38.90
Campton (D.)	24	814	116	38.30	38.30
Simms	10	373	64	37.30	37.30
Ames	23	762	201	38.25	38.25
Sandham	21	765	208	38.25	38.25
Keeton	23	760	104	38.00	38.00
Stoddart	23	710	101	37.60	37.60
Smith (D.)	24	850	158	37.21	37.21
Davies (E.)	20	862	140	37.60	37.60
Joyes	17	620	44	36.44	36.44
Gimblett	17	584	129	35.50	35.50
* Not out.					

### BOWLING

	Qualification: 30 wickets; average 21.3	O.	M.	R.	W.	Av.
Smith (J.)	5332	125	1153	74	15.58	15.58
Sims	3763	83	1000	64	15.57	15.57
Gover	5294	101	1438	90	15.97	15.97
Verity	6273	220	1329	81	16.40	16.40
Marylebone	5212	86	1321	67	16.40	16.40
Langridge (Jas.)	4482	110	1010	59	17.41	17.41
Andrews	5205	114	1448	83	17.44	17.44
Stoddart	5174	86	1511	71	17.76	17.76
Nichols	4073	82	1170	65	18.00	18.00
J. C. Clay	5532	125	1863	83	18.38	18.38
Washbrook	3712	83	1017	77	18.57	18.57
Hammond (W.R.)	2541	50	613	35	19.57	19.57
Goddard	7671	180	2625	103	18.75	18.75
Wetherby	4117	128	630	44	19.04	19.04
Phillips	4332	83	1151	59	19.50	19.50
Pope (G.H.)	3374	65	870	44	19.90	19.90
R. F. H. Darvall	3555	60	1004	50	20.08	20.08
Mitchell (T. H.)	3351	55	1251	62	20.17	20.17
M. R. Barton	3762	58	1151	57	20.19	20.19
Copson	2971	69	787	39	20.71	20.71
Smith (P.)	3568	89	1196	57	20.98	20.98

### NEW ZEALAND AVERAGES

	Qualification: 30 wickets; average 21.3	O.	M.	R.	W.	Av.
M. W. Wallace	4001	10	940	23	20.43	20.43
D. A. R. Moloney	1423	10	940	23	20.43	20.43
J. A. Dunning	4404	124	1116	44	25.26	25.26
N. G. Gallen	2382	26	521	19	27.47	27.47
A. W. Roberts	3672	113	727	26	29.47	29.47
M. L. Page	77	0	289	7	41.28	41.28
H. G. Vivian	104	0	712	15	47.40	47.40
E. L. Weir	104	0	712	15	47.40	47.40
J. A. Dunning	114	17	328	3	80.00	80.00
J. R. Larnson	11	1	107	1	107.00	107.00
* Not out.						

### BOWLING

	Qualification: 30 wickets; average 21.3	O.	M.	R.	W.	Av.
J. Cowie	4001	10	940	23	20.43	20.43
D. A. R. Moloney	1423	10	940	23	20.43	20.43
J. A. Dunning	4404	124	1116	44	25.26	25.26
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J. R. Larnson	11	1	107	1	107.00	107.00
* Not out.						

## CENTURIES DURING MAY AND JUNE

### THE COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Compared with the month of May, when thirty-seven batsmen registered fifty-one three-figure innings between them, June was a more popular month, there having been 110 fresh hundreds made by sixty-nine batsmen, eighteen of those batsmen having figured amongst "century" makers also in May.

During the season, up to and including June 30, 161 hundreds were scored between eighty-eight different batsmen. Notable features include the scoring of two separate hundreds in the same match, by C. S. Dempster; the scoring of four consecutive hundreds by Hammond, and the reaching of the 200 mark by Ames, Hammond, Hutton, Paynter, Sandham, and M. G. Turnbull. Between May 1 and June 30 the following centuries have been made:—

Sevens 100s by 2 batsmen—Hammond and Hutton.  
Five by 3.—C. S. Dempster, Langridge (John) and Parks (J.).  
Four by 2.—R. E. S. Wyatt and Berry.

Three by 1.—Arnold, Barnett, Cox, Davies (D.), Dyson, Gibbons, Iddon, J. H. Pawle, and Worthington.

Two by 25.—Alderman, Ames, Ashdown, Barber, Cook, Davies (E.), Bull, Dillery, Gregory, Hardstaff, Hill, Leyland, Langridge (Jas.), McCorkell, N. S. Mitchell-Innes, O'Connor, Prentice, Potchery, M. G. Turnbull, and Watson (Lanes).

One by 47.—Warne, Nichols, A. J. Holmes, D. J. Knight, N. Vere Hodge, R. G. Hunt, Keeton, Neale, Armstrong, Brookes, Walker, A. B. Sellers, Edrich, Buckingham, Staples, Grimshaw, M. R. Barton, B. O. Allen, Duckfield, Smailes, Croom, G. L. Weir, Santall, Smart, Oldfield, Kilner, H. T. Bartlett, Luckes, T. C. Lowry, H. D. Burroughs, M. L. Page, Gunn, N. W. D. Yardley, M. Tindall, Sutcliffe, Gimblett, Watson (Leicestershire), P. A. Gibb, Fishblett, Smith (Leicestershire), Compton, H. G. Owen-Smith, and E. R. T. Holmes.

## ENGLISH F.A. LOOKS FOR A NEW PRESIDENT

(Continued from Page 8.)

game. In this connection mention has been made of the names of the Earl of Harwood and Lord Derby. Sir Frederick Wall, former secretary of the F.A., may be considered.

Then, again, there are those who think that the vacancy provides the opportunity for the introduction into the principal office of comparatively young blood. Mr. C. E. Sutcliffe, President of the Football League, does not come under that heading, but one personage from the two offices is not inconsistent. Mr. V. C. Cuff is a council man with vision. However, he, and others, represent particularly the professional side of the game, and in general the activities of the Football Association are more concerned with amateurs than professionals. Mr. C. Wreford Brown has been one of the most active members of the council in relation to the amateur side of the sport, and is also mentioned for the post of honour.

## GLAMORGAN WANT MATTHEWS

### May Be Transferred From Northants

Northamptonshire may not have the services of Matthews, their former fast-medium bowler, in the last nine games of this season.

When he took up a coaching appointment at Stowe School last September, it was stated that Matthews would play for Northamptonshire during



# THE WOMAN BEHIND BERNARD SHAW

"The Simplest Way Out" • "She Carried Me Off" • "We Married Neither for  
Was to Marry Her" • "To the Country" • "Love Nor Money"

## FINDS ROMANCE AT 40

TO-DAY, Bernard Shaw is 81. Frank Harris, his intimate friend, here reveals the story of the woman who is behind Shaw, who sits in the background, never interviewed, rarely photographed.

By FRANK HARRIS

THIS is the story of Shaw's marriage. It is, perhaps, the most neglected incident in his whole career.

I do not think any passage in his plays is as humorous as his description of how he finally was brought from green pastures to the harness-room of life's stable.

There are many versions of this. I recently ran into a French one recounted by Maurice Verne.

According to Verne, Shaw was introduced to Mrs. Sidney Florence in the middle 'nineties. Webb, the Webbs were at that time travelling with some friends. He could not get on with them, and his friends had to go on, but one of them refused to leave him.

"You Are Lost!"

This friend nursed him through the illness, and by the time Shaw could get up and take notice, the situation had become so precarious that he grew alarmed.

"What have you done?" he exclaimed to the amateur nurse. "Do you realise what your friends will think?" Shaw continued, "Nobility would believe that you did this simply out of disinterested devotion. In the eyes of the world you are lost!"

The lady wanted to know what they had better do about it; possibly the safest course would be to pursue the thought, would be to remain the rest of her life in Italy, but Shaw, knowing how easily the canons of respectability can be satisfied, decided that the simplest way out would be to marry.

Thus Shaw, according to Verne, saved the honour of a lady. What really occurred was, of course, a different matter, and that happens to the world's revolutionaries.

But to understand it, it is necessary to hark back to Shaw's domestication with his mother.

This extraordinary pair, though in such complete accord that no unkind word ever passed between them, never had a meal together, never discussed anything with one another. They lived their own lives and went their own ways without a moment's friction.

Enter Miss Townsend

When Beatrice Potter became Mrs. Sidney Webb she found herself loaded up with Sidney's friend Shaw. She tried him during one of his holidays and apart from his vegetarianism he was no trouble.

The experiment was a success; and thenceforth Shaw spent his autumn holidays with the Webbs. Such was the pre-marital domesticity into which Charlotte Payne Townsend burst.

She, too, was a revolt, having social compunctions and religious scepticisms and general intellectual interests which finally led her to inquire into Socialism.

She consulted an aunt; and the aunt introduced her to Mrs. Sidney Webb. The Webbs were at that time travelling with some friends. He could not get on with them, and his friends had to go on, but one of them refused to leave him.

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and the irresistible force only a man, registrar, still on crutches and wearing a jacket which, he swears, had had to find a way out.

"Go out and buy a ring and a licence," he said, and within a week Shaw was a married man.

I, in my innocence, believed that people married either for love or money. Shaw would not allow that he had married for either.

"We married," he said, "because we had become indispensable to one another." And that appears to be the plain truth.

He was still very ill when they were married by the West Strand

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G.B.S.  
IS 81  
TO-DAY

### BOILER-SUIT OR BLACK-COAT?

I HAVE worked in a factory and in an office. I have worked among business men as a commercial traveller. I am a graduate of one University and a student of another. Experience gained jostling with men of all classes prompts me to add to thoughts of those who have contributed to these columns on the question of whether our sons should seek a trade or join the ranks of business and professional men.

The dilemma in many minds seems to be this:—business spells insecurity, and a trade, to some, spells a lowering of social status. The questions to which answers are sought are, Which of these is the lesser evil? Which is the better start for my boy?

The dilemma exists partly because we have forgotten that excellent principle that there is dignity in all labour. How often have we heard a fond middle-class parent say with a sigh, "Of course, John's just in a trade." But if a lad has no aptitude, unless it be forced, for business, or if he has no burning desire for a profession, he is much better "put to a trade." In the creation of useful things, be they well-trimmed articles or mighty machines, he will find a satisfaction that the office stool or the polished shop counter cannot give him.

But that reward of a trade can come only to those who put away all unbecoming notions of a trade, and low-grade socially, who can look the world in the face and believe that their labour, however humble, is just as full of value to humanity as that of the black-coated brother.

### Dignity of Life

Another fact should be considered by the parent with qualms about putting his lad to a trade. The trades need good middle-class youth for the dignity of life they can bring to the works and the factories.

I have vivid memories of apprenticeships degraded in many ways to make a forenoon or lunch hour sport for older men. Some come out of it consoled, their lives and decency broken. They submit because it has always been done. Decent youths from decent homes can end it all. If they take dignity of life to the trades, decency they have learned from their childhood, if they can stand up and speak up against degradation of youth, they add thereby a big quota to the life of their city and to citizenship.

To write this does not imply that offices are havens of purity, or Universities temples of holiness, but the trades especially need the dignity and decency which these youths can bring who have been trained to manly honour.

But if a lad sets his heart on business or profession, he ought to be ungrudgingly aided to realise that desire. In these days the white-collar job does not mean security; but neither does a trade guarantee that. In difficult times both must suffer in order to pay the bills of life stand to gain. Business and professions are not altogether a "risk" for youth.

### Waiting for A Chance

To prove that "education is a white elephant," a writer stated in a recent article that "we have University undergrads as car conductors." Maybe so. But an undergrad in such a case must be one who has failed to graduate. He should be glad to be a car conductor. True, for the graduate there is sometimes a period of waiting, but the same holds true of many a lad desiring to be an apprentice.

Again, the same writer would scare us from putting our sons into business by stating that the black-coater in a hurry pay the terrible price to dropping out of the National Health and Pension Scheme and of losing the right to unemployment benefit when annual salary exceeds £250. What of the rainy day? What of it? When salary exceeds £250 the worker may continue the safeguards of the Health and Pension scheme by becoming a voluntary contributor. Unemployment, too, can be guarded against. For a moderate premium the non-State department of any good Friendly Society will look after the needs of the rainy day.

The solution of the dilemma of today for our sons is this:—Banish pessimism. Let aptitude for trade or business, and inclination and desire of the developing lad, decide the choice. There is no guarantee of security for either boiler-suit or black-coat. But give to your son such a training in character that he will bring to his job dignity, honour, and decency. Arm him with these, and you have given him the best start.

J. C. 21.

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Pres. Hoover	Noon Aug. 21	Pres. Jefferson	Midnight Aug. 13
Pres. Lincoln	Midnight Sept. 7	Pres. McKinley	Midnight Aug. 27
Pres. Coolidge	Noon Sept. 18	Pres. Grant	Midnight Sept. 19
Pres. Wilson	8.00 a.m. Oct. 6	Pres. Jackson	Midnight Sept. 24
Pres. Hoover	Noon Oct. 16	Pres. Jefferson	Midnight Oct. 4
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Pres. Pierce	8.00 a.m. Aug. 29	Pres. Jefferson	8.00 p.m. Aug. 7
Pres. Van Buren	8.00 a.m. Sept. 12	Pres. Hoover	8.00 p.m. Aug. 13
Pres. Garfield	8.00 a.m. Sept. 26	Pres. Polk	8.00 a.m. Aug. 19
Pres. Hayes	8.00 a.m. Oct. 10	Pres. McKinley	8.00 p.m. Aug. 21

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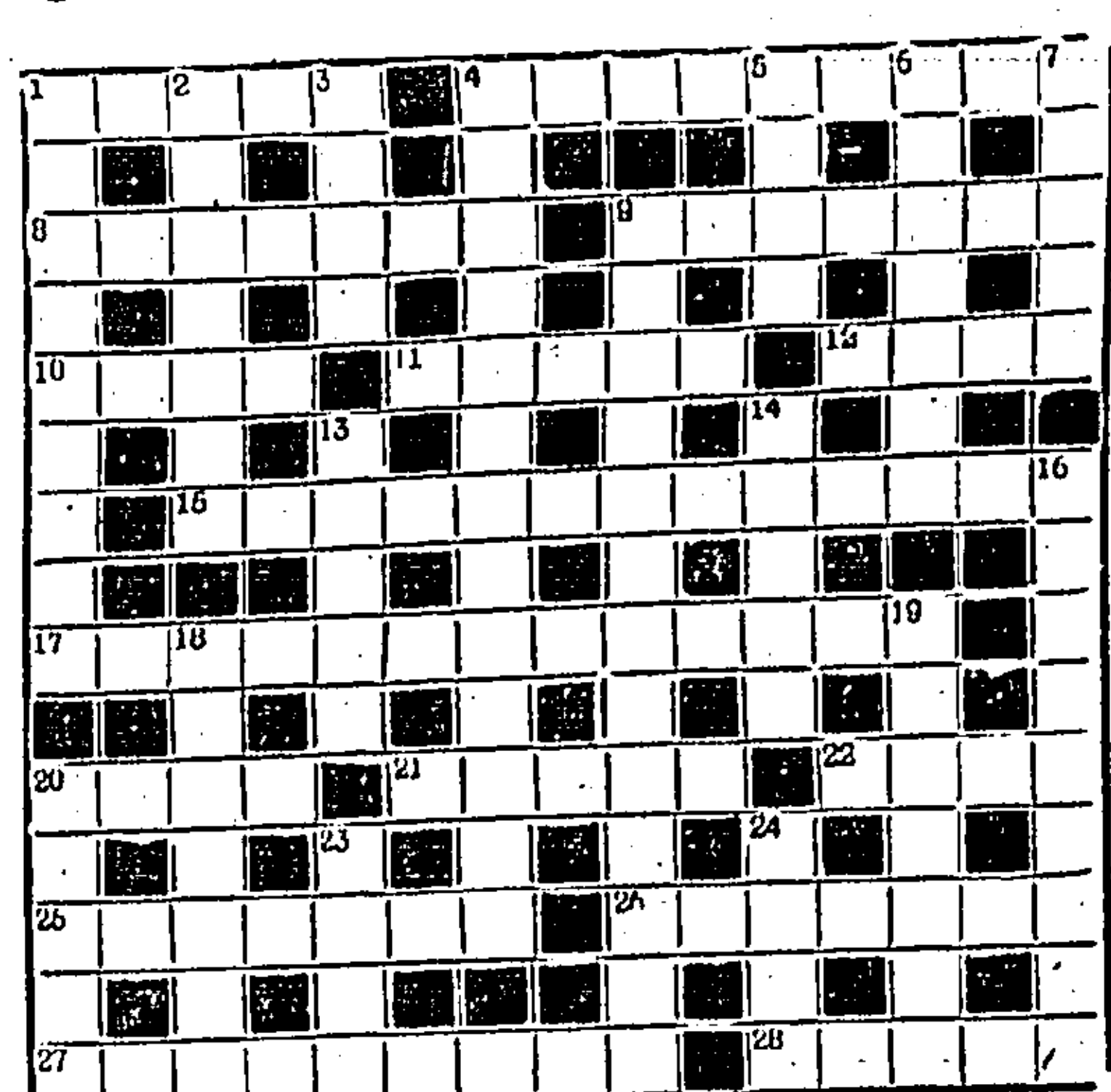
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### ACROSS

- You probably know this bird. It is always after some seed.
- Thought.
- Concerning.
- The sailors for transports?
- Recess.
- Part of a fight?
- 14 down beheld.
- Bone that sounds as if it might come into sound.
- "Farming ogres" (anag.).
- This bit of clothing is a bit of a blow.
- Epithet for biting could doubtless.
- Early O.T. character.
- If his man is up-set he is still in shape.
- Pluralise this singularly incorrect word to make a boys' game.
- Mythical.
- Order of architecture.

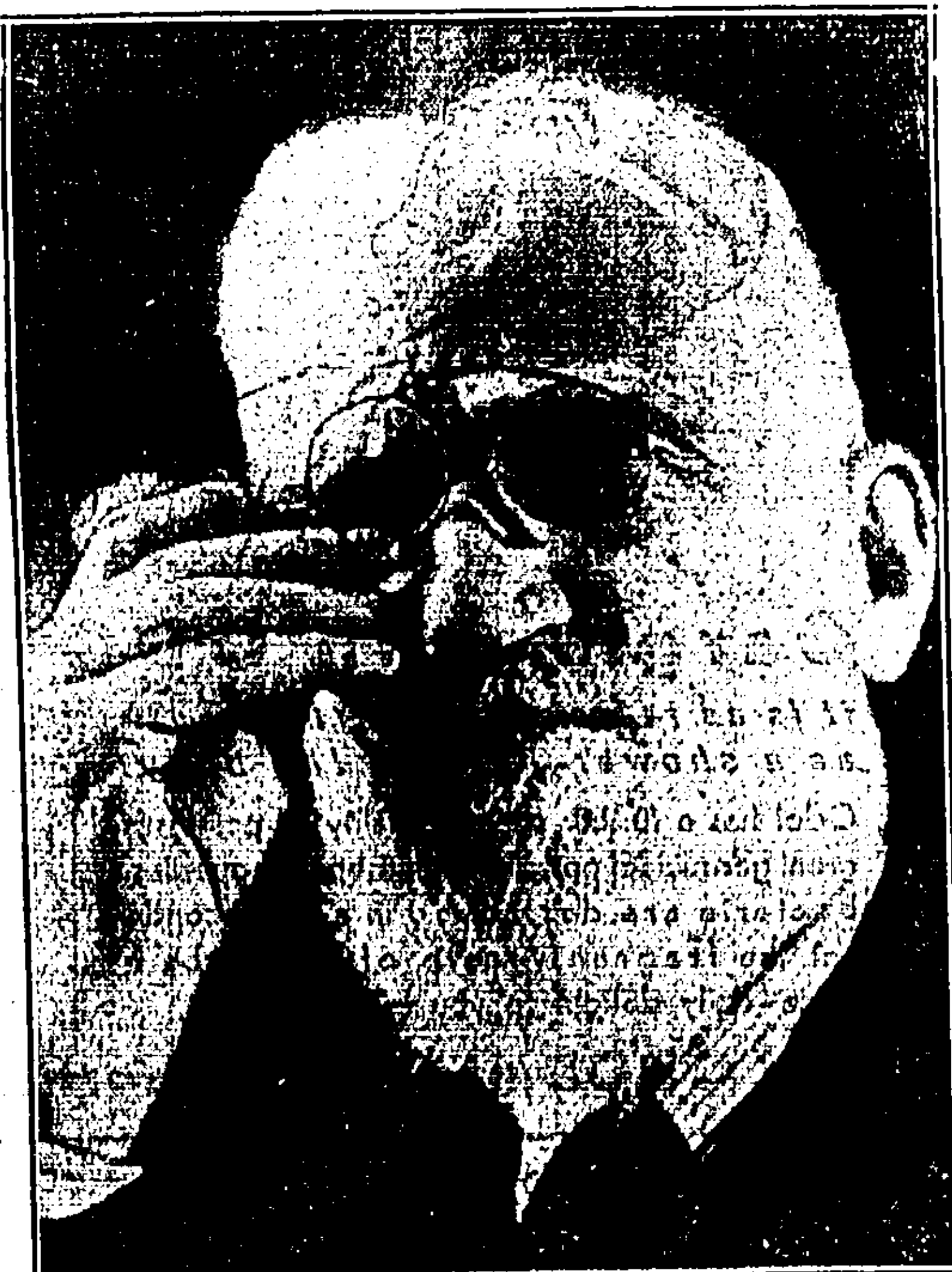
### DOWN

- The one man in the courts to make the quarrel clear.
- Our pals may become dangerous.
- One of the shark family.
- Game for the children's party (two words).
- Not the sort of journey to take to set one up.
- A mild gamble.
- Dull in colour.

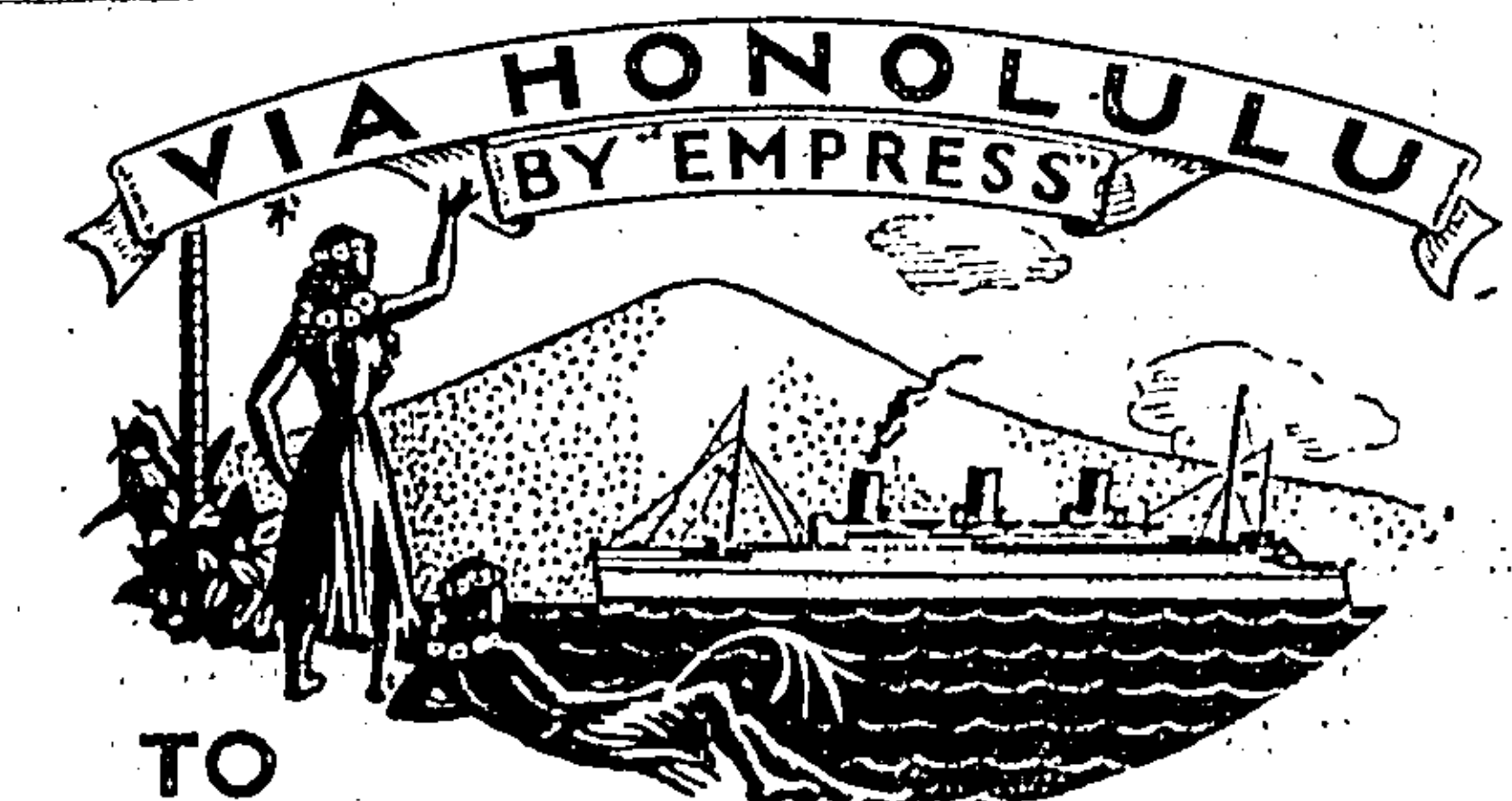
- Might be a theatre or a wig (two words).
- This raid sounds rather as if it is ternal.
- One might have bits of this wood by one.
- Epithet for the boxer who wouldn't come into the ring.
- This feature of a cannon is not dishonest.
- A false report.
- R resin.
- Material or lassie.
- This Asinile sounds as if he might make cheese.

### Saturday's Solution.

WOODCRAFT COCHET  
HONEYMOON SAAI  
STONEDEAD STAMEN  
OMAGY GIMPAB  
DORSEY LIGAB  
RAILWAY ELLANOR  
AGOMENTATREY  
AABDECEMATED  
TARBUSM QON  
I ORE COLUMBINE  
SALINE NOABE  
TEEREPROBATE



MY WORD! AN ACTOR!—That widely known Irish dramatist, George Bernard Shaw, has agreed to take part in John Drinkwater's new screen play, "The King's People," now in preparation in London, which shows British celebrities of the day. Here in Mr. Shaw adjusting his glasses before the camera click off a special reel in which he appears.



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Ich liebe dich (Beethoven).

DA1562—Wienlied (Brahms, Op. 49, No. 4) . . . . . Elisabeth Schumann.  
Immer leiser wird mein Schlummer (Brahms).

C2909—Lucia di Lammermoor (Mad Scene) . . . . . Lina Pagliughi.  
Splendon lo sacro fac & Spargi d'amaro.

DB3049—Cho gelida manina (La Boheme-Puccini) . . . . . Jussi Bjorling.  
Celeste Aida (Verdi).

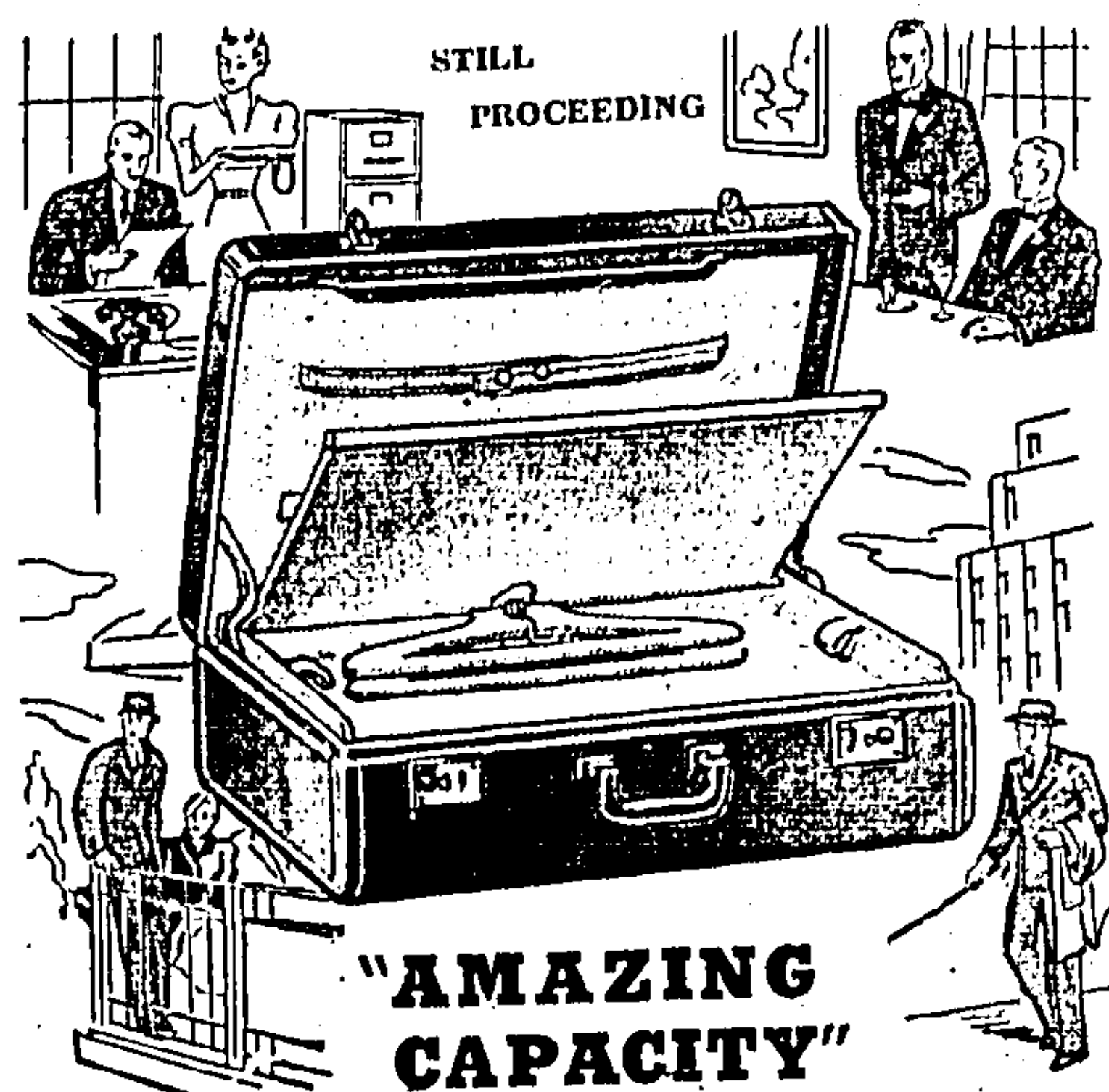
B8574—My Lovely Celia (Monro arr. Lano Wilson) . . . . . Nan Maryska.  
The Lass with the delicate air (Arno).

B8573—The Valley where wishes come true . . . . . Walter Glynn.  
I'll walk beside you.

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Hongkong Telegraph.

MONDAY, JULY 26, 1937.

## WARDING OFF A SLUMP

A considerable part of  
Britain's industrial recovery is  
being attributed, in certain  
quarters, to the stimulus pro-  
vided by the national re-arm-  
ament scheme, and there is a fear  
that, once that scheme comes to  
fruition, a slump may set in.  
The Government is clearly alive  
to this possibility, and, as Mr.  
Neville Chamberlain pointed out  
a few days ago, the whole mat-  
ter is at present engaging the  
attention of all Government de-  
partments concerned. This is a  
wise precaution, for advance  
concentration on the many  
issues involved may result in  
measures to prevent any marked  
recession in industrial activity.  
Actually, Britain's economic  
position has immensely im-  
proved during the past four  
years, there being a rapid and  
almost unbroken increase in  
national income. Indeed, during  
the past three years the rate of  
growth has been unprecedented.  
National income during that  
period increased by no less a  
sum than £942 millions—a  
figure which is made all the  
more impressive when we re-  
member that in the whole  
twenty-five years from 1865 to  
1890 the increase, expressed in  
present-day prices, was no more  
than £960 millions. The con-  
clusion has recently been drawn  
by an economist that there is  
no intrinsic reason why British  
industry should not be able to  
produce an output distinctly  
greater than at present. But  
this may be accompanied by a  
rise in the prices of manufac-  
tured goods. So far as the cur-  
rent year is concerned, this  
increase in production is not  
expected to involve more than a  
four per cent. increase in the  
number of industrial workers  
employed. This would mean  
that in the fourth quarter of  
this year there should be about  
450,000 more workers in employ-  
ment than in the fourth quarter  
of last year. The number of  
employed may in the coming  
autumn drop to below the  
1,250,000 figure. Then it may  
begin to rise again, and the

# LAND of BROKEN PROMISE

by A. L.  
Easterman



Jewish pioneer land-workers  
look out over the new country  
they are making.

**A**MID the distractions of  
domestic rejoicings and  
foreign anxieties there  
has been committed, unobserved  
except by its victims, injustice as  
cruel in its effects as the rape of  
Abyssinia and the violation of  
democratic Spain.

A few weeks ago the British  
Government, responsible au-  
thority under Mandate of the  
League of Nations, announced  
the quota of Jewish labour im-  
migrants authorised to enter  
Palestine during the following  
four months.

Under this "labour schedule" 620  
Jews all told can receive "certificates"  
permitting them to settle in the  
Jewish National Home. Of this num-  
ber 400 are allocated to Jewish re-  
fugees from Nazi Germany.  
For the next five months, therefore,  
this door of Palestine is closed by  
formal decree of the British Govern-  
ment to all but 220 of the remainder  
of World Jewry.

The Palestine Government itself  
reserves 150 certificates, for emer-  
gency immigration, mainly non-  
Jewish.

**D**URING the past 10 years  
roughly 30,000 Jews  
have settled in Palestine  
annually. In 1935, 62,000 en-  
tered the country, while last year,  
under conditions of riot and ter-  
rorism, 30,000 Jews were absorbed.  
The Jewish Agency, mindful of  
new factors, reduced its demands  
to 7,500 immigrants who could be  
absorbed in the Palestine labour  
market during the next four  
months; the Government's answer  
is 400 German and 220 other  
Jews.

No act more cynical could be  
committed, no blow more callous

could be dealt against a small  
people living for the most part  
under conditions of intolerable  
servitude and oppression, and  
yearning for centuries to escape to  
the freedom of its own national  
existence in the land of its  
ancestors.

There are scattered throughout  
the world some 10 million Jews  
whose liturgy for 20 centuries since  
the Romans drove them from  
Palestine has contained the  
prayer and hope for "next year in  
Jerusalem."

If only quarter of their number  
wished to convert that prayer into  
reality, the last Jew would, at the  
rate ordained by this British  
decree, hope to enter the Promised  
Land in 1,750 years from now.

**F**OR forty years the  
Hebrews, driven from  
the Egyptian bondage  
by Pharaoh, wandered through  
the desert; to condemn the Jews  
to-day to a further 1,750 years of  
exile is an iniquity undreamed by  
Hitler's Egyptian predecessor.

Experts have estimated that  
Palestine can absorb at least  
3,000,000 Jews, and Jewish authori-  
ties are prepared to settle them at  
a minimum rate of 50,000 annually.

In relation to the position of the  
Jewish people in Europe alone, the  
British Government's policy, if  
continued indefinitely would be a  
sentence of death to millions of  
Jews.

The case of Jewry in Nazi Ger-  
many is so well known as now to  
be accepted with complacency, if  
not with indifference, by the  
world.

Half a million Jews have, by the  
Nuremberg Laws, been legally sen-  
tenced to outlawry, deprived of  
State and citizenship rights. They  
live under the iron ruthlessness of  
Hitlerism, under an incredible

tyranny, barred from normal  
trade and profession, barred from  
recreation ground and entertain-  
ment place, their children barred  
from the schools and their youth  
from the colleges. 500,000 people  
have been hounded into a Ghetto,  
where they are hardly permitted  
to live and which they are unable  
to leave.

Less known, hardly known at all,  
is the plight of the Jews of Poland.  
Here, three million men, women  
and children are, at this moment,  
living under political disability and  
suffering an economic slavery at  
least as terrible as the fate that  
has befallen the Jews of Germany.  
Racial racial intolerance, curtail-  
ment of political rights, economic  
restrictions, daily attacks and the  
threat of large-scale pogroms,  
have reduced the great Jewish  
community to despair and the fear  
of slow extermination.

One of Poland's leading states-  
men recently declared that the  
only solution of the Polish-Jewish  
problem is that one million Jews  
must leave the country.

**A**SIDE-LINE to the well-  
known unbelievable mis-  
ery of the German Jews is the  
Polish Jews in the position in  
Silesia, where the Jewish minority  
is "protected" by a treaty between  
Germany and Poland.

Ten thousand Jews await  
terror-stricken, the advent of the  
Nazis, who have openly declared  
that they will visit upon these in-  
nocent people the full remorseless  
fury of the Aryan Laws that has  
overwhelmed Hitler's Jewish vic-

## The Strain of Office Work

**JOHNSTONE** was on the carpet this  
time all right. Most of the office  
had noted his increasing number of  
slip-ups and, being decent fellows,  
had covered him up as much as possi-  
ble, but Gregson had caught him  
bending at last on a serious matter.  
Now he was in the manager's room  
and the office didn't like to think  
what would be the result of this pain-  
ful interview—if they raked up his  
record over the last few months.

Johnstone was taking it bravely,  
but he quaked a little when the boss  
opened up. "Well, Johnstone, I am  
sorry to have to bring you here to-  
day on such a matter as this. We  
used to think you had the makings of  
a really good man, but I am afraid  
your work has deteriorated lately.  
You made rather a costly mistake  
over the Smithley Corporation ac-  
count, and as you know, the head is

danger is that the decline in  
investment may drag down com-  
sumption and result in a serious  
slump. The Government, of  
course, will have it in its power  
to make plans for public works  
of various kinds and to take  
other measures to stimulate in-  
vestment and consumption. This  
is the matter to which it is now  
addressing itself, and it is at  
any rate reassuring to feel that  
there is no intention of waiting  
until a slump arrives before de-  
ciding on some definite line of  
action.

one of our directors. He insists that  
an example be made of the person  
responsible. We have since discov-  
ered several smaller but no less dis-  
concerting flaws in the handling of  
your work."

And so Johnstone dropped out of  
things, and soon after they took him  
off to hospital to be treated as a nerve  
case.

### Noise Nuisance

That is an example of what is hap-  
pening up and down the land to-day.  
Nerves, nerves, nerves! Doctors say  
the nation is becoming a collection of  
nervous wrecks, and they lay the  
blame on modern civilisation—on the  
constant high-speed wear and tear of  
our survival-of-the-fittest jungle of  
business.

For much of this stupid waste of  
man-power employers are to blame.  
Not because they expect their staffs  
to be super-efficient, but because  
they don't give them a fair chance to  
be. What caused Johnstone's lapse?  
The office called it nerves and left it  
at that. They had not reached John-  
stone's breaking point yet, but every  
one of them was well started towards  
it.

Johnstone could have told them  
about it, but he was sensitive that  
way. It would probably sound silly,  
the way he would explain it. First  
of all, that door-banging nuisance in  
the outer office. It preyed on his  
mind so much that he could not con-  
centrate on figures. He was always  
feyed up waiting for the next bang  
and was always caught napping, so  
that his heart gave a flutter each time  
it happened. Day by day it  
went on, wearing down his resistance.  
He could have complained, but no  
body else seemed to notice it, so he  
said nothing but worried a lot.

Then there was Miss Fareham; she  
was a nice little woman, he liked her,  
but that typewriter of hers tapped his  
brain to a numbness that left him  
in a sweat.

### Nervous Wrecks

Most days the office windows were  
opened to all the hell of main-road  
traffic. Buses, trams, cars—an in-  
cessant clang, squeal, roar—all the  
day long. Often a backfire would  
have him on the edge of a scream.  
He had been a naturally healthy sort  
of person when he entered the office  
at first, keen on his job, anxious to  
succeed. Now he was an object to  
be pitied—cast on the scrap-heap  
twenty years before his time.

Some big employers have tackled  
the problem of avoidable noise, and  
have been rewarded by better work,  
a more contented staff, and less time  
lost through illness. But these cases  
are only isolated attempts to combat  
the trouble. Thousands of offices and  
similar places which require quiet-  
ness to concentrate on their business  
are giving their employees all the  
opportunities to make mistakes.

There is no need to go to great  
expense to rectify matters. A little  
commonsense and an understanding  
of human frailties can work wonders.  
The boss who works in a quiet, car-  
peted private office cannot appreciate  
the mental struggles of his employees,  
if he makes no attempt to discover  
the true conditions under which they  
work. Let him spend more of his  
time in the general office—bring in  
his work sometimes and share the  
same conditions. After his own quiet  
solitude he will be even more affect-  
ed by the movements and noises  
which interrupt work than the staff  
themselves.

A quiet and tactful word here and  
there may discover why Jones' doc-  
tor has ordered him a few weeks' rest,  
or why Miss Brown sometimes has to  
ask the afternoon off.

Employers—why do you leave your  
ordinary thoughtfulness for the feel-  
ings of others at home? Bring them  
into the office to-morrow. If you  
want the utmost return for the wages  
you pay, give your employees a chance  
to prove that it can be done without  
driving them into hospitals, or even

**T**WENTY years ago the  
British Government  
issued the Balfour De-  
claration to facilitate the estab-  
lishment in Palestine of a National  
Home for Jewish people. That  
declaration was solemnly accepted  
by the League, which conferred on  
Britain a Mandate to carry it out.  
Every British Government has en-  
dorsed and adopted both Declaration  
and Mandate.

In 1931, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, on  
behalf of the Labour Government,  
stated that the Government "recog-  
nises that the undertaking in the  
Mandate is an undertaking to the  
Jewish people."

Before that, in 1922, Mr. Churchill  
as Colonial Secretary declared that  
the Jews were in Palestine "on right  
and not on sufferance."

By virtue of the British promise, by  
virtue of the international obligation  
of the Mandate, by virtue of the re-  
peated endorsements of successive  
British Governments, the Jewish  
people undertook the enormous task  
of rebuilding their National Home in  
Palestine.

In 1920 they found an arid, poverty-  
stricken, malaria-ridden land, a derelict  
waste despoiled by centuries of  
Turkish misrule and neglect.  
Since 1920, 350,000 Jews have gone to  
Palestine—students, artisans, trades-  
men, scholars and professional men,  
who have entered the country in the  
teeth of incessant Government re-  
strictions.

**I**N face of incredible  
hardship, they have built  
flourishing agricultural  
settlements, clearing the malarial  
swamps at the cost of hundreds of  
lives.

They have built great modern  
towns, prosperous industrial enter-  
prises, hospitals, schools, and a Uni-  
versity in Jerusalem.

They have brought water to a  
parched countryside and electricity to  
a dark desert. They brought pros-  
perity where there was impoverish-  
ment.

At the outbreak of last year's Arab  
terrorism, the one country which  
showed a Government Treasury sur-  
plus was Palestine.  
Jewish immigration and enterprise  
have raised the standard of life of  
the Arabs formerly impoverished by  
feudal landowners and town task-  
masters. Every inch of Jewish land  
has had to be paid for dearly.

To this miracle of achievement have  
been brought millions of money sub-  
scribed by the pennies of the poorest  
Jews as well as the pounds of the rich,  
backed by incalculable zeal, and im-  
measurable determination to create a  
new national existence, with freedom  
from perennial intolerance and op-  
pression.

The Jews have created more than  
this. Always friendly to Britain, they  
have created an invaluable British as-  
set in the Near East. In face of Fascist  
ambitions and foreign encroachments  
in the Mediterranean.

**H**AIFA, the greatest oil  
port in the British Em-  
pire, the great airports  
of Gaza and Lydda have made  
Palestine a vital link in British  
communications. Only Jewish  
enterprise has made these  
possible; only by Jewish friend-  
ship can they be made secure.

Britain rewards the Jews with a  
pledge unfulfilled, an international ob-  
ligation violated.

If the excuse for the closed door be  
Arab unrest, it is a concession to ter-  
rorism and violence.  
If it be economic needs, "absorp-  
tive capacity," as it is called, the un-  
interrupted growth of enterprise and  
its accompanying labour requirements  
belie it, for there is negligible unem-  
ployment in Palestine.

For the Jews Palestine is a life and  
death necessity; by denying them entry  
into their National Home the British  
Government is playing into the hands  
of Hitler.

### To-day's Thought

THE desert shall rejoice, and  
blossom like the rose.  
—Isaiah xxxv, 1.

worse. You can eliminate avoidable  
noise without bankrupting the share-  
holders, but you must investigate  
these matters yourself in an under-  
standing way.



# NAVY ESTIMATES SYSTEM CRITICISED

## A "More Useful" Form Proposed

### SELECT COMMITTEE MAKES REPORT

Criticism of the form of Navy and other votes and a comment on the size of the staff at the Passport Office are contained in a second report issued recently by the Select Committee appointed by the House of Commons to suggest the form in which Estimates shall be presented, and to report on any economies which may be effected consistent with the policy implied in the Estimates.

The Committee note that since their last report the School of Equitation and the Remounts and Veterinary services have been reviewed by the Army Council. It is estimated that the changes to be made will lead to an annual saving of £72,000.

Concerning the Navy Estimates the Committee state that they have come to the conclusion that a detailed examination of Navy Votes could be undertaken in a future year more usefully than at the present stage in the expansion of the defence services. They think, however, that such examination should not be long postponed. An opinion is expressed that the form in which the Navy Votes are drawn up is not in all cases as full and informative as it should be. In a number of instances it is not possible to ascertain from the Estimates the total or even the approximate cost of important services, the expenditure on which is distributed over different subheads or different votes. The Estimates Committee of 1934, it is stated, recognized that complete standardization of the Estimates of the three defence departments was not possible or desirable, but the Committee, while not departing from that view, trust that the Board of Admiralty and the Treasury will review the form and details of the Navy Estimates with the object of presenting the cost of the services "in a more useful form."

#### AIR RAID PRECAUTIONS

The Home Office Estimate, the report notes, contains provision of £4,017,500 for air raid precautionary services, and £598,000 for fire brigade services. The Committee suggest that, in view of the magnitude of the expenditure and its dissimilarity from that already borne on the Vote for the Home Office, provision for these services should be the subject of a separate Vote.

The numbers and cost of the staff of the Foreign Office, the Committee point out, have increased substantially in recent years. In the main the change is attributable to the increased complexity of foreign relations.

The administrative staff of the Foreign Office, immediately below the Permanent Under-Secretary of State, it is added, "consists of two Deputy Under-Secretaries of State, instead of one, and five Assistant Under-Secretaries of State, instead of a normal complement of three. The number of Counsellors has, however, been reduced for the last year from 14 to 13. These arrangements are largely due to personal considerations, combined in one case with the desirability of retaining the officer concerned in London for a further period; they are explicitly temporary. Your Committee do not think it justifiable that additional posts of high grading should be created in the interest of individual officers who, for whatever reason, have not been promoted in existing vacancies, and they are glad to note that these very exceptional arrangements in the Foreign Office will shortly terminate."

#### LESS ACCOUNTING

It is added that the number of staff employed in the Establishment and Finance Department, at present 40, has not been reduced since the immediate post-war period, though the immense amount of difficult accounting work required at that period has disappeared.

In the Passport Office, the report observes, an increase in the numbers

of staff employed has taken place concurrently with a decline in the number of issues of passports. Passport work is largely seasonal, and the regular staff is based on the requirements of the slacker periods and is supplemented by temporary engagements. Thus, while the regular staff in 1936 was 109, the peak number of employees in that year was 302. The peak number employed in 1927 was only 201. The increase of staff in this office is attributed to a reduction in the weekly hours of attendance, and the Committee consider that the relation of the staff employed to the volume of work should be reviewed.

## CHILDREN'S RISK IN PADDLING

### BOY'S FOOT IS INJURED

The Court of Appeal recently decided that the Fulham Borough Council had not taken sufficient risk when paddling in a pond at Bishop's Park.

Their lordships dismissed with costs the Council's appeal from the decision of the King's Bench Division, of 2000s to Lord Justice Greer, and his father, of Rowallan-road, Fulham. The boy had stepped on a piece of glass while paddling in the pond and severed a tendon in his left big toe.

It was contended for the council that the boy was not, as the judge had held, an "invitee" but merely a "licensee," and that the only duty on the council was to ensure that the pond did not constitute a "trap" or hidden danger of which they knew. Lord Justice Greer and Lord Justice MacKinnon both gave the opinion yesterday that it was impossible to say the boy was an "invitee."

Lord Justice Greer: I am not entirely satisfied. This was a very inviting place for children.

"I think that putting up a notice-board for children of this age is no good at all," remarked Lord Justice MacKinnon.

Lord Justice Greer expressed the opinion that the notice-board was very near to an invitation to children to paddle.

#### "A PARCEL OF ADDERS"

"Suppose there had been a parcel of adders there?" suggested Lord Justice Greer.

Mr. N. L. Macaskie, K.C., for the council: Then it would have been our duty to remove them if we knew they were there.

Mr. R. F. Levy, K.C., on behalf of the boy Ellis, said: If he was merely a "licensee" he was entitled to succeed in his claim.

"The child was not there by permission of the council," declared Mr. Levy, "but by right. This is a pond provided out of the rates and his father is a ratepayer."

Lord Justice Greer, in giving judgment, said the notice-board at the pond indicated that the council treated the pond as a paddling pond for children, and recognised there was a real danger to them.

All the council did was to have the pond fenced, but though the fence dealt adequately with the deeper part, it had little or no effect on the part of the pool where the boy cut his foot.

Lord Justice Slesser and Lord Justice MacKinnon concurred.



**BASQUE CHILDREN WOUNDED**—Hundreds of children wounded in Bilbao, Spain, during the heavy bombardment by guns and the rain of death from airplanes, were evacuated from the city prior to the entrance of the victorious insurgents. Here, a nun, a nurse and an aide carry a wounded child aboard a steamer taking them away from the stricken Basque capital.

## BRITISH LABOUR PARTY WANTS GINGERING UP SAY CRITICS

London, June 25.

The Labour Party is said to be getting slack. Mr. E. Shinwell, M.P., thinks that it wants ginging up and thereupon submitted to the Parliamentary Labour Party a memorandum calling for a more energetic policy in opposition. Apparently there is nothing revolutionary in the memorandum and that apart from generalities suggesting a tendency to bless the National Government, rather than to curse it on every possible occasion, the detailed criticisms are concerned with matters of machinery which could easily be adjusted without any public linen-washing. It is understood, for instance, that Mr. Shinwell considers that the Parliamentary Labour Party should set up a series of small committees to specialise on various subjects as they arise, and that there should be some kind of a central bureau for the examination of questions to make certain that members in the enthusiasm do not blanket each other. It is suggested that Labour members before they put questions on the Order Paper should hand them in to the central bureau in order to prevent overlapping and to ensure that every afternoon Ministers are subjected to a well organised barrage.

The memorandum was considered by the Parliamentary Labour Party which met on Thursday and who afterwards issued the following statement:

"At the weekly meeting of the Parliamentary Labour Party held in

the House of Commons to-day (Mr. C. R. Attlee presiding) a discussion was inaugurated by Mr. Shinwell on the memorandum he had submitted to the Leader of the Party. He explained that no personal issues were involved, but he had certain suggestions to increase the effectiveness of the work of the party in the House of Commons. Other suggestions were also made. After discussion it was unanimously agreed to remit the various suggestions made to a committee of the executive and back bench members for consideration and report.

"It is understood that the special committee will consist of six members of the Executive and six members from the back benches, and it will examine any memoranda that members may care to present. One of Mr. Shinwell's suggestions, which became known was that every Labour member should contribute £8 a year towards the creation of a central information bureau, but even with the prospect of an increased salary there was little enthusiasm for the suggestion. Mr. Shinwell gave the meeting an assurance that there was no desire to undermine the position of Mr. Attlee as Leader of the Party, and Mr. Attlee gracefully accepted the assurance. It is understood Mr. Garro-Jones has the memorandum on the way."

Our Own Correspondent.

#### CHINESE SCHOLAR

### LONG SERVICE AT THE LOCAL UNIVERSITY

Following his death at his Hong-kong residence on Friday morning, the funeral of the late Mr. Au Tai-din, who was a Chinese lecturer in Hongkong University for about twenty-two years, was held on Saturday afternoon. The late Mr. Au was connected with the Hongkong University from 1914, and had resigned on account of his advanced age only last year. He succumbed to an attack of typhoid.

Of the hundreds of Chinese graduates of the Arts Faculty in the University, many will probably recall the popularity and high esteem with which the aged scholar was held among his numerous pupils, being a man of quiet and reserved disposition and a most willing helper of students in all their lessons. He spent most of his years as a lecturer on Chinese literature.

A well-known scholar not only in Hongkong but in South China generally, the late Mr. Au Tai-din was a Hon. Lum scholar and holder of the shih kung hok shih degree in the Manchukuo Imperial Examination at Peking. At the time of his death he was 72, and is survived by three sons and a number of grandchildren.

At the funeral, a large number of the late Mr. Au's students and many Chinese scholars attended, including Mr. Shum Kwong-yuet, Mr. Fung Heung-un, Professor Hsu Ti-shan, Mr. Fung Ping-fan, Mr. Li King-pong, Mr. Au Tai-yuen, Mr. Lo Sheng-tu, Mr. Chan Hing-po, teachers of the Chinese Vernacular School and teachers and students of the To Shuk Kiu School.

The remains will be buried in the Nan Hoi district, where the late Mr. Au was born.

#### ROTARY CLUB

At the meeting of the Rotary Club to-morrow Mr. J. Smith, Chief Mechanical Engineer of the Kowloon-Canton Railway, will deliver the address. His subject will be, "Is It Progress?"

## RADIO BROADCAST

Relay of the Davis Cup Challenge Round

#### CRICKET TEST MATCH

Radio Programme Broadcast by ZBW on Wavelengths of 355 metres (845 kc/s), 31.40 metres (9.52 mc/s), 12.30-2.15 p.m. European Programme.

12.30 March Weber and his Orchestra.  
Cavalleria Rusticana—Mascagni; Blumenlied—Lange; Luna Waltz—Lincke; Menuett—Beethoven; Entr'acte Gavotte—Thomas.  
The Nightingale's Morning Greeting—Recklenwald; The Squirrel Dance—Smith; Child, You Can Dance Like My Wife.

1 Local: Time Signal and Weather Report.

1.03 Lucienne Boyer and Tino Rossi.  
Solitude; Viens Danser Quand Meme; La Barque D'Yves; C'est a Capri; Le Chaland Qui Passe; Marinella.

1.21 Three New Dance Records.  
Swing High, Swing Low—played by Louis Levy and his Gaiety; Will You Remember British Orchestra; My Little Buckaroo—Bert Firman and his Orchestra; That Song in My Heart—Jack Hylton and his Orchestra; With a Twinkle in Your Eye, Jack Hylton and his Orchestra.

1.30 Reuter Press; Rugby Press; Local: Weather Forecast and Announcements.

1.40 Variety and Dance Music.  
A Song Selection—Lys Gauty; Lionel Monckton Melodies—Al Bonington; Yogi Dogi—The Four Crochets; Favourite Favourites—The Ballyhooligans; Leave It to Love—Maurice Winnick and his Orchestra; You Stood me Dreaming—Maurice Winnick and his Orchestra.

2.15 Close Down.

5-8 p.m. European Programme.

8-11 p.m. Chinese Programme.

5 p.m. Relay: The Dance Orchestra from the Roof Garden of the Hongkong Hotel.

#### PROGRAMME

5-5.15 p.m. 1, The Girl with the Dreamy Eyes; 2, Mama Don't Allow It; 3, I like Bananas; 4, Where is my heart.

5.15-5.20 p.m. Interval of recorded music from Z.B.W.

5.20-5.35 5, Bass Drum Dan; 6, I'm an Old Cowhand; 7, Goodnight my Love; 8, He Ain't Got Rhythm.

5.35-5.40 Interval of recorded music from Z.B.W.

5.40-5.55 9, Blue Skies; 10, Riverboat Shuffle; 11, By the Waters of Minnetonka; 12, Rose Room.

5.55-6.00 Interval of recorded music from Z.B.W.

6.00-6.15 13, Sweetheart Medley; 14, Where are You My Love; 15, Song of the Islands; 16, Our Little Girl.

6.15-6.20 Interval of recorded music from Z.B.W.

6.20-6.30 17, Alone; 18, Ring Dem Bells; 19, Stompin' the Blues Away; 20, Okie Baby.

6.30 Cinema Organ played by Terence Casey; Fifty Years of Song; Wedding of the Parades; Parade of the Weddings; In a Bird Store.

6.45 p.m. London: Relay of Big Ben "Empire Exchange."

7 p.m. Light Symphony Orchestra. Zampa; Six Nocturne ("My Silent Love"); Buffalo; Incidental Music to "Mary Rose"; Spanish Dance—Moszkowsky; Spanish Serenade—Bizet.

7.30 Closing local Stock Quotations and Hongkong Exchange Market Report.

7.35 Dance Music.  
Waltz Would You.

Fox-Trot All Alone in Vienna; Fox-Trot Smoke Dreams; Fox-Trot There's that look in your Eyes Again; Rumba Lili Cuerncha; Fox-Trot Love and Learn; Fox-Trot Check to Check; Fox-Trot Goodnight, My Love; Fox-Trot May I have the Next Romance?

8 Local: Time Signal, Weather Report and Announcements.

8-11 Chinese Programme.

11 p.m. Close Down.

8-11.30 p.m. European Programme from ZEK; on a Frequency of 640 kilocycles.

8.03 Sid MacEwan and Kitty Masters.

Sweetheart, Let's Grow Old Together—Kitty Masters; When the Swallows Nest Again—Kitty Masters; The Lark in the Clear Air—Sid MacEwan; She Moved Thro' the Fair.

8.15 London: The Second Cricket Test Match.

England v. New Zealand: A Commentary on the second day's play by P. G. H. Fender from Old Trafford, Manchester.

8.30 London: The Twilight Serenades.

A fantasy in music and story with Clarence Wright's Quintet. The story written and told by Ian Grant. Production by F. H. C. Piffard.

8.50 Dance Music.

Waltz—It's a Sin to Tell a Lie. Fox-Trot Nobody's Sweetheart; Fox-Trot Chicago; Fox-Trot Let's Face the Music and Dance; Fox-Trot But Where are You; Fox-Trot Sing, Sing; Fox-Trot Did I Remember; Fox-Trot A Star Fell Out of Heaven; Rumba The Lady in Red; Waltz; A Beautiful Lady in Blue.

9.20 London: News and Announcements.

9.40 Light Orchestra.

In a Fairy Realm; Bells Across the Meadows; Black Eyes—Russian Impression.

10 London: Lawn Tennis.

The Davis Cup Challenge Round: A commentary by Captain H. B. T. Wakelam and Colonel R. H. Brand from Wimbledon.

11.30 Close Down.

(Continued on Page 5.)



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Cavatina.  
DB 174—Drinking ..... Malcolm McEachern, Bass.  
I Am A Frier Of Orders Grey ..... Malcolm McEachern, Bass.  
DB 231—Collette, Valse ..... J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.  
Memories Of Devon, Valse.  
DB 464—There Is A Tavern In The Town ..... Harold Williams & Chorus.  
(a) Vive La Compagnie (b) When Johnny.  
DB 840—Love, Here Is My Heart ..... Albert Sandler & His Orch.  
Casino Dances, Valse.  
DB1019—Waltzland. Parts 1 & 2 ..... Terence Casey, Cinema Organ.  
DB1310—Rose Marie ..... Charles Kullman, Tenor.  
Lower, Come Back To Me.  
DB1455—Ten Green Bottles ..... Williams & B.B.C. Chorus.  
John Peel.



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## SAVING THE YOUNG FROM PRISON

A SURVEY which, it is hoped, will prove definitely the value of placing offenders on probation rather than sending them to prison is being carried out for the new Probation Department of the Home Office.

At present it is difficult to induce local authorities to appoint full-time and fully-trained officers, because it is hard to show evidence of their remedial value.

The collection of such evidence is not easy, for, except in the police records of the most serious crime, there is no machinery to record the subsequent history of persons placed on probation.

FOLLOWING UP  
Now, at the request of the Home Office, the clerks of some 20 police districts in big provincial towns are collecting data upon which the Probation Department hope to reach important conclusions.

This is one move in the Department's drive to increase the efficiency of the probation officers' service.

The task will take at least 10

years to accomplish, and will probably involve the training and appointment of several hundred new probation officers.

To the 1,000 courts throughout the country there are at present only 400 full-time probation officers. Some of these are attached to as many as 14 different courts.

£5 A YEAR "SALARY"  
In some districts local authorities merely employ part-time and untrained officers at nominal salaries of anything from £5 to £50 a year.

Now the new Probation Training Board is preparing to turn out a force of fully-trained officers upon which local authorities will be able to draw. Details of the new and increased scales of salaries to be paid probation officers are to be published in a few days.

Since the Home Office a few weeks ago invited candidates for the two years' course of training, which carries with it a maintenance grant of £150, there have been 850 applications.

## First Viking Dwellings Discovered In Scotland

The first Viking dwellings ever known on the mainland of Scotland have been discovered by Dr. A. O. Curle, the archaeologist, of Edinburgh, near the sea at Freshwick, Caithness.

Hitherto such dwellings had been found only in the Orkney and Shetland Islands, although Caithness was occupied by the Vikings to a greater extent than any other county.

"There have been found three or four Viking dwellings in one hollow, and two dwellings so far have been excavated," Dr. Curle told a Press representative. "The dwellings all have the same orientation and are so close together as to suggest almost the arrangements of a village."

"In the first house," he continued, "there was revealed along the centre the long hearth, characteristic of Viking dwellings. This hearth was covered with peat ash, the burning of peat having given the occupants both warmth and light. The doorway was in the gable-end. On the left of the entrance was a platform on which, probably, stood the bed."

#### USED AS BATH HOUSE

"The second house," said Dr. Curle, "has passed through various phases of use, in the second of which it served as a bath house."

"Relics were few, chiefly consisting of bone objects which, seemingly, indicated that the occupants of the houses had not been wealthy. There was an abundance of shards of pottery both Viking hand-made and wheelmade."

"The date of these dwellings is probably somewhere between the Tenth and Thirteenth Centuries."







# DOCTOR PLANS TO FOUND A REPUBLIC OF HEALING.

## War Dream on Verge of Realisation

INDEPENDENT ISLAND WHERE  
MAIMED WILL BE HEALED

PLANS are on foot to set up, on a tiny island in the Aegean Sea, an independent State which will also be an international surgical centre, observes the *News Chronicle*.

Here, if the Greek Government agrees, will be established a new centre for "structive surgery," to which maimed men, women and children from all over the world may go.

The poor will be healed free and taught to work, so that when they return to the outside world they will be useful members of society.

Behind this project is Dr. Johannes Samuel Esser, to whom during the war were brought some of the worst cases of mutilation and disfigurement.

Out of this experience grew the idea of the centre of healing.

### FAMOUS IN 1914

In 1914 Dr. Esser was already famous as a leading exponent of what later was known as structive surgery.

Working in the principal hospitals in Central Europe he performed operations in cases that had been given up as hopeless.

He made new lips, ears, noses grow. Under his hands new bones and new skin grew and healed. He restored shattered limbs and even heads.

After the war he set up, with his friends to whom he had revealed his idea, the Independent Institute of Structive Surgery, with headquarters in Paris.

At first the Institute had not the funds or the organisation to develop Dr. Esser's plan.

Now, after 20 years, it has the backing of big financial interests, and some of the greatest doctors, surgeons and statesmen in Europe.

Negotiations for a suitable location for the centre are in progress with the Greek Government. Dr. Esser recently went to Greece in search of a site.

He lectured to the Medical Society in Athens and won over the professors and statesmen. The King of Greece joined his committee; the Government lent him a destroyer so that he could visit the islands in the Aegean Sea to look for a suitable spot.

Among these islands Dr. Esser found an ideal place.

It is the island of Kyra Panaghia. Tiny—less than 11 square miles—it has a well, a flat space where aeroplanes can land, and smaller islands close to its coast.

It is 75 miles from Salonika; 12 hours' rail from Pireus, the port for Athens.

### "ABSOLUTELY FREE"

Dr. Esser and the Institute are not asking merely that Kyra Panaghia shall be ceded to them by the Greek Government. They are stipulating that a Free State shall be established there, with an autonomous Government.

The island must be self-controlled politically and financially and secured from any European interference.

They want freedom of Customs, taxation, passport laws, posts and telegraphs.

If the present negotiations fail, the centre will be established elsewhere. Dr. Esser has had four interviews with Signor Mussolini, who would like the Surgical Free State in his territory. Rumania and Bulgaria are interested. He is certain now that the dream will be fulfilled.

## PEASANTS CELEBRATE A ROYAL BIRTH



Bulgarian peasants walking through the streets of Sofia to the Royal Castle with presents to the King and Queen on the occasion of the birth of an heir to the throne. Even a sheep figured among the presents.

## COLIN CLIVE DIES LONELY, EMBITTERED BY HIS FILMS

Hollywood, June 26.

At eleven o'clock this morning two white-clad attendants rushed along a corridor in the Cedars of Lebanon Hospital in Hollywood carrying a cylinder of oxygen. A doctor came out of a door and said grimly: "Mr. Clive won't need that any more." The man remembered by millions as Captain Stanhope in "Journey's End" was dead.

Thirty-seven-year-old Colin Clive, fated to play villainous roles in Hollywood, died a lonely and embittered man. There were no hysterical girls such as mobbed the hospital gates as Jean Harlow's life flickered out a few weeks ago.

Just a little group of some who knew him stood outside the room where he lay. In another room near by a woman sobbed—Jean Blondell, taken to the hospital three days ago for shoulder treatment.

She had sent Clive cheering messages as he made a desperate fight for life. But his wasted body failed him.

### HE WAS DOOMED

All this morning doctors had pumped oxygen into his tent in the effort to put new vigour into his body. But he was dying slowly all the time. Dr. Frederick Bertram, who attended him, said:

"Clive was doomed five days ago. I think he knew it, but he struggled against it like a soldier. For the last few hours he was in a coma. Perhaps if he had come here sooner he would have been alive now."

The actor's wife, Jeanne de Casalis, had cabled messages daily from London, and had made frequent inquiries at the hospital by Transatlantic telephone. But Clive had no relatives or close friends in Hollywood; almost his only visitor was Joan Roberts, a studio make-up attendant.

Colin Clive was a soft-spoken, homebird type of man who did not understand Hollywood very well, and whom Hollywood did not try very hard to understand. He used to say he preferred his pipe to any company.

He had lost thirty pounds in weight since he had entered hospital for an operation for a pulmonary ailment. He had been told he was a sick man months ago, but had refused to undergo the operation until he had completed the film "History is Made at Night."

When the last scene had been shot, he walked calmly and told the doctors to go ahead.

## Film Made Him Rebel

(By Paul Holt)

COLIN CLIVE never went to the war; he was a cadet at Sandhurst when the Armistice came. But he was the one man, more than any other, to remind a post-war generation, only too eager to forget, of the reality of war.

"Journey's End" ran for 507 performances, was acted in a year by seventy-six companies throughout the world and took £1,000,000 at the box office.

But it brought Clive another world. He waited a year, and when that patience brought nothing from the British stage or screen he made up his mind to go to Hollywood. I never saw a man less eager to go.

"I say quite frankly that I leave with bitterness in my heart—that bitterness which any Englishman feels when he is forced to go to a foreign country to make his living."

He had more bitterness to face in exile. He found that Hollywood only wanted him really to play vicious roles.

The crisis came when he was cast for a part in "History is Made at Night," the film starring Jean Arthur and Charles Boyer, which played in the West End of London recently. Again he played the vicious husband.

But this time he rebelled. When he saw the film he complained bitterly that the part he had been made to play was very different from the script he had been given to read.

By reshooting and cutting they had made him out to be a murderer. He felt that the part would finish his career as a film player.

## 40 FATAL R. A. F. CRASHES THIS YEAR

(By Dan Rogers)  
United Press Staff Correspondent

London, July 1. The British Royal Air Force has had 40 fatal crashes resulting in 62 deaths of pilots or observers since January 1. On inquiry, the air ministry confirmed these figures, making the totals official.

These figures only cover fatalities. There are several times more non-fatal crashes than crashes in which personnel is killed, officials admitted. A London newspaper's unofficial estimate places the total of all R.A.F. crashes during the past five months at 400 machines which cost more than £1,600,000.

Air ministry officials said this "looked a bit high" but were unable to give either definite figures or estimates on total number of crashes or the financial loss involved.

With 1937 not quite half gone, the R.A.F. losses already have exceeded the entire year 1935 and almost have reached the total for the whole of 1935.

More than a dozen R.A.F. men were killed on Empire Air day last month during flying displays. The largest military air show yet staged was reviewed by the King on June 26. During this display, a single mass formation of 250 bombers and fighters flew past His Majesty.

INVESTIGATION PLANNED  
Air ministry officials devoutly hope the accidents of Empire Air day will not be repeated.

Of the 1937 toll, 32 crashes causing 51 deaths occurred in the British Isles; the rest were in overseas squadrons. This percentage is logical for of course almost all training is done on home fields and, in addition, the weather of the British Isles probably is consistently more erratic than in any part of the empire—especially as concerns fog, the fliers' arch-enemy.

It has been suggested that Lord Swinton, air minister, is planning a general investigation to make R.A.F. training safer, but this was denied at the air ministry.

Various reasons have been advanced to account for the tremendously increased number of R.A.F. crashes. One is that pilots are said to be trained in slow machines and called upon to fly fast, modern planes before they are ready. This is most emphatically denied by the air ministry.

The most likely reasons are two: (1) the rapid expansion of the R.A.F. as a vital part of Britain's rearmament, with the consequent production of hundreds of young pilots "fully qualified" technically but lacking years of experience, and (2) British military flying has been put on a war basis—pilots fly regardless of the weather, more often bad than not, because as one squadron commander remarked tersely "War doesn't wait on weather."

## The Hongkong Telegraph SEVENTH ANNUAL AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC COMPETITION

June—August, 1937

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### SECTION TWO:

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First Prize: \$75 Cash, donated by "Hongkong Telegraph."

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Third Prize: \$30 Cash, donated by "Hongkong Telegraph."

Fourth Prize: \$20 Cash, donated by "Hongkong Telegraph."

Consolation Prize: Coupon for Photographic Goods, valued \$10, donated by Agfa China Company.

READ THE RULES CAREFULLY.

## RULES

The following Rules will govern the Competition:

- 1.—The Competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.
- 2.—No employee or member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to compete.
- 3.—The prizes will be awarded to the competitors sending in what are adjudged to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be lightly pasted on back of entry.
- 4.—The right to publish any or all of the entries in the Telegraph is reserved.
- 5.—All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions are ineligible.
- 6.—No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery of, loss of, or damage to entries.

7.—All entries to be either black, sepia, or toned pictures, and must be mounted. Hand-coloured photographs are ineligible.

8.—Pictures submitted in sepia tones should be accompanied by a smaller print in black and white.

9.—No picture to be entered in more than one Section.

10.—Mounts to be only white or cream, and, except in the Children's Section, must be of one of the following sizes: 10" by 14", 10" by 12", 10" by 8".

11.—No correspondence will be entered into in connection with the Competition.

12.—Members of the Staffs of Hongkong Telegraph and the South China Morning Post are not permitted to compete.

13.—The decisions of the Judges shall be final.

14.—At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at the Telegraph offices within seven days.

COMMENCE SENDING IN YOUR ENTRIES NOW.

USE THIS FORM AND LIGHTLY PASTE IT ON THE BACK OF EACH ENTRY.		ENTRY FORM	
Collect these Forms which will be printed daily.		SECTION .....	NAME .....
		ADDRESS .....	DATE .....
		Please use block letters and paste this on back of each entry. If entered in Children's Section, parent please countersign here.	

## Woman Need Not Pay Poker Debts

(By C. H. D. GOFF)

"I INTEND to go on suing such people who do not pay their card-room losses, even though I lose my cases, for it is the only way to stop this practice."

Mr. Matthew L. Lyttleton, managing director of the Majland Bridge Club, Cleve-road, West Hampstead, expressed this determination to me after Mitties Ltd., the proprietors, had lost their case against Mrs. Horwitt, of Willesden Green, N.W., at Marylebone County Court, for the recovery of £54 which she maintained she had lost playing poker at the club.

"I have found," he continued, "that the majority of poker players can easily afford to pay their losses."

### £1 STAKES

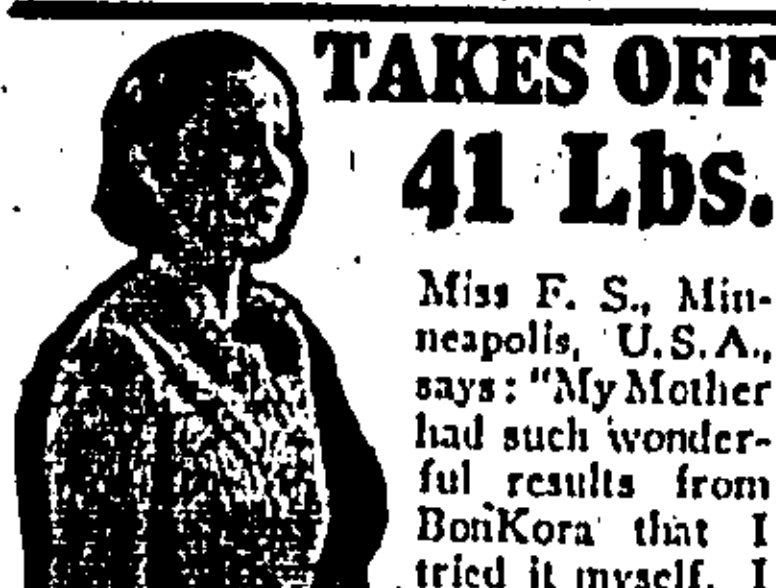
"The members here—and there are nearly 1,000 of them—are well-to-do people, and for poker the maximum stake at the high tables is £1, with a 10s. rise.

"A win or loss of £200 in an evening is exceptional. I have hardly ever known of anyone losing more, and when I see a member losing steadily I invariably advise him to stop.

"Bridge ranges from 3d. to 2s. 6d., a 100, with 6d. as the average stake. "Members of this club who are £100 down at the end of the year are heavy losers. And for that £100 the member has had fairly good value in spending his evenings with people he knows and likes, and dining and entertaining his friends.

### CHIPS TO PAY FOR HATS

"Nowadays women as well as men are poker enthusiasts, and many of them are first-class players."



## TAKES OFF 41 Lbs.

Miss F. S. Minneapoli, U.S.A., says: "My Mother had such wonderful results from BoniKora that I tried it myself. I lost 41 pounds in 8 weeks. 10 inches off hips and can wear dresses two sizes smaller. I look 10 years younger. I am the life of every party!" Whether you are five pounds or fifty pounds overweight, try BoniKora. At all chemists.



The Rev. R. Anderson Jardine, who suddenly rose to fame when he married Miss Warfield and the Duke of Windsor, is here photographed on his way to America where he is to make a lecture tour in aid of various charities.

THREE SUMMER NECESSITIES		
PRICKLY HEAT LOTION	EAU DE COLOGNE (ICED)	DULCIPEL POWDER FOR TIRED FEET
75 cts. & \$1.25	\$3.50 PER MAGNUM BOT.	75 cts.

**A. S. WATSON & COY., LTD.**  
THE HONG KONG DISPENSARY PHONE 20016.



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## WANTED KNOWN.

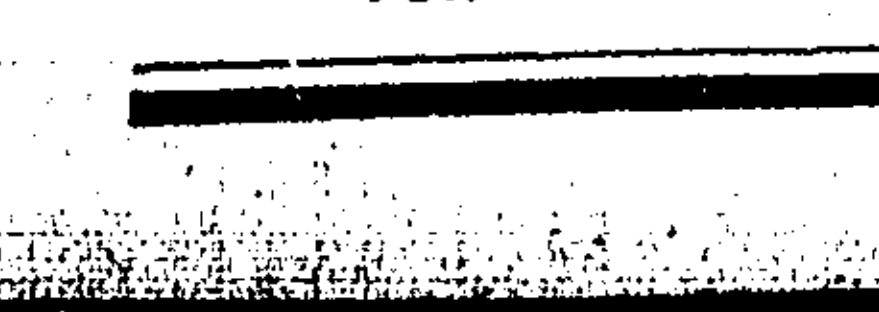
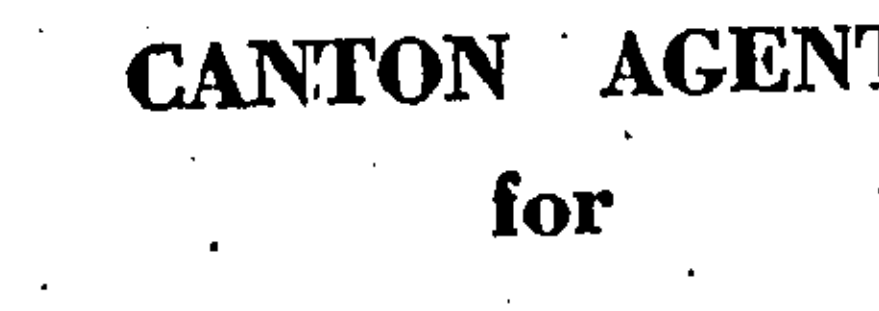
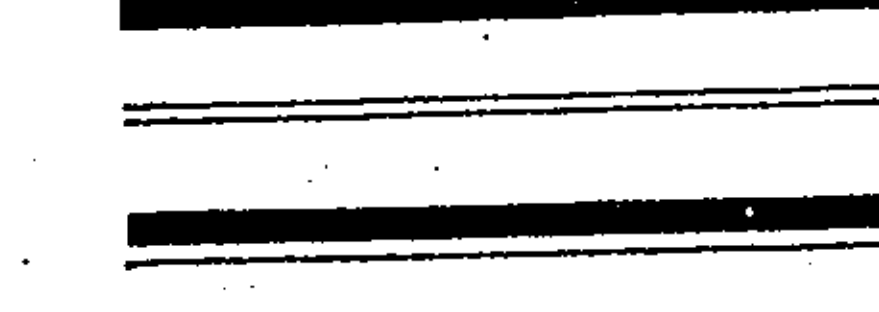
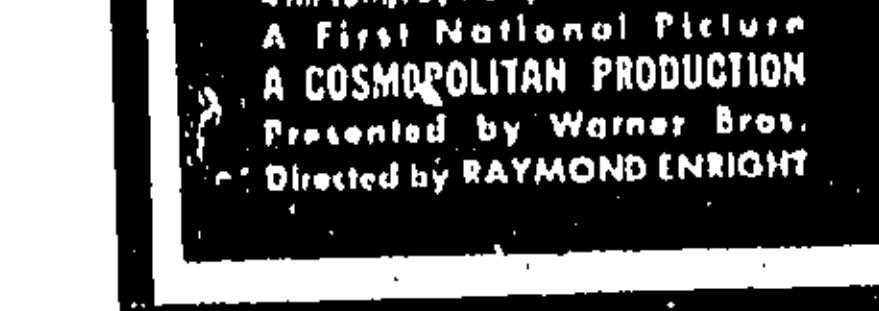
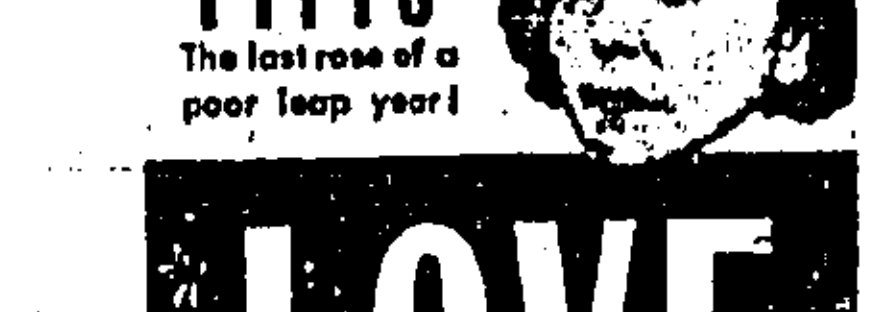
SEEDS.—Our 1937 catalogue of flower and vegetable seeds is now ready. Ask for a copy at The Clover Flower Shop, Gloucester Arcade.

## TO LET.

OFFICE FLATS TO LET.—Commodious office accommodation in P. & O. Building. Apply Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., P. & O. Building.

# KING'S OPENING WEDNESDAY

Run theatre copy reversed in panel



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### THE "STAR" FERRY CO., LTD.

#### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that an Interim Dividend of \$2.00 per Share has been declared, for the half year ended 30th June, 1937, payable on Thursday, 5th August, 1937, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Office of the Company, Kowloon.

The Register of Shares of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 28th July to Thursday, 5th August, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

F. H. CRAPNELL,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, 14th July, 1937.

#### CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

##### SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

##### The Steamship "JEAN LABORDE"

No. 18 A/37

Bringing Cargo from Marseilles via ports, etc., arrived Hongkong on Friday, 23rd July, 1937.

Consignees are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before 3rd August, 1937, or they will not be recognized.

Damaged Packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyors Messrs. Goddard and Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10.00 a.m. on Thursday, 29th July, 1937.

Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when any dutiable goods are examined by the Company's Surveyors.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

JOBARD, Agent.

Hongkong, 23rd July, 1937.

#### RADIO SUMMONS

##### WOMAN ACCUSED OF SELLING SETS WITHOUT LICENCE

A case in which Tang Yuk-ling, a woman, of 1 Lascar Row, was summoned for offering for sale wireless apparatus without a dealer's licence, and failing to notify change of address of a receiving station on June 30, was concluded before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy on Saturday, when the defendant was fined \$75.

Defendant loudly protested her innocence and declared that she would prefer to go to gaol rather than pay the fine, whereat his Worship told her she would not be gratified in such a way but her shop would be distrained if she did not find the money.

Mr. A. E. Jeffries, of the Wireless Department, prosecuted.

Evidence was given by Ng Ma-mung, wireless technician, who stated that on June 14 he had gone to the shop in Lower Lascar Row with Mr. Anderson of the Wireless Department, acting as interpreter.

He saw two radios there amongst other items for sale, and a fook asked him if he wanted to buy them. He went back there about two weeks later, and a man whom he took for the master produced a receiving licence. The radios were not in sight on this second visit, but he heard the noise of one somewhere in the house.

Defendant's Version

Defendant, in a statement, said the two radios, the wireless people had seen were actually her own receiving set and an old box which had once contained a radio, but which she had bought at an auction simply as an old box.

Wong Ying-cheung, a fook in the shop gave evidence supporting this statement.

In reply to his Worship, Mr. Jeffries said the fee for a dealer's licence was \$50 a year. The Postmaster-General wished him to point out that it was through the authorised dealers chiefly that the wireless authorities were able to trace unlicensed sets. These unlicensed dealers therefore did a lot of harm.

The second summons against the defendant was withdrawn, and his Worship imposed a fine only on the first charge.

When defendant was told she would not be allowed to go to gaol as she wished but her shop would be distrained, she left the court murmuring that she might as well borrow the money and come up on Monday to pay the fine.

#### WATER LEVELS

##### FOR WEST, NORTH AND EAST RIVERS

The River Conservancy Bureau for Kwangtung Province issues the following report on water levels in metres, for the West, North and East Rivers:

Place of Observation record 1937

on 24/7 25/7

West River at 24.20 -0.70 +2.00 +2.00

North River at 12.50 0 +1.73 +1.77

East River at 8.20 0 +1.73 +1.69

Shamshui at 8.41 -1.52 +0.40 +0.40

East River at Sheklung +4.72 -0.82 +0.70 +

## MONTANA FOREST BLAZE

### CONTROLLED AFTER MUCH DAMAGE

Missoula (Mont.), July 25. Officials of the Rocky Mountain regional forest headquarters stated today that the worst forest fire in the State for six years had been brought under control after sweeping over 1,000 acres of valuable timber land and claiming the lives of two logging camp employees.

More than 700 fire-fighters fought the blaze over an 11-mile front in an area of 14 miles south-east of Missoula.

The winds late yesterday threatened to carry the fire beyond the emergency fire lines, but subsided before serious advances were made.

At several spots, the fires are still burning, the forestry officials stated, but the outbreak is being kept closely confined to places from which it will not spread.—United Press.

## REV. JARDINE NOT WANTED

Toronto, July 25. The visit to Toronto of the Rev. R. A. Jardine, who performed the religious ceremony at the marriage of the Duke and Duchess of Windsor, has been postponed because of the pastor's attack on the Archbishop of Canterbury, delivered at Baltimore, Md.

The management of the great Eaton Auditorium, where the touring clergyman proposed to speak, announced it would not permit him to lecture there.—United Press.

## JAPANESE WAR PLANES POUND CHINESE ARMY

(Continued from Page 1.)

to other places along the South China sea coast. The organisation of ambulance corps in Canton is therefore considered most necessary in view of the present exposed position of this city.

The present ambulance organisations in Canton are insufficient to cope with the situation in war-time.

The new ambulance corps will be organised by different Government departments, as well as public bodies under direct control of the Provincial Government.

Meanwhile, the Canton Food Control Committee has been instructed by the Government to draw up a scheme regarding emergency food control in war time.

Regarding the maintenance of normal transportation on the Canton-Hankow Railway, it is understood that General Lo Chuk-ying has been given full power to act. This line is vital for troop movements as well as food transportation.—Wah Kiu Yat Po.

## ROBBERS' RAID ON FARMER'S HUT

### FAMILY BOUND DURING RANSACKING

Aided by an open door, six men had difficulty in entering a hut in Nim Wan, New Territories, early yesterday morning, binding the occupants and leaving with money and other articles amounting to \$148.

According to Yeung Kwai, 45, farmer, he and his family of five, were rudely awakened by six men, four of whom were armed with revolvers and two with daggers. They were all bound, with the exception of a six-year-old child and placed on a bed.

The intruders then thoroughly ransacked the hut for two hours, leaving with money, chickens, pigs and clothing. While the six men were searching the hut Yeung said he saw four others standing near the street door.

He and his family were released by the child.

## MISHAP IN CITY

### TRAMCAR AND MOTOR IN SLIGHT COLLISION

According to a police report Mr. Stephenson, of Cosmopolitan Dock House, was involved in a slight motor accident yesterday.

The report stated that Mr. Stephenson was driving a car in Jackson Road when a tram going in the opposite direction collided with the rear of the car.

Nobody was injured but the footboard at the front entrance of the tram, and the back of the motor car were damaged.

Lat On stated in a police report yesterday that while his car was travelling along Queen's Road it knocked down a seven-year-old boy who crossed the road. The boy was taken to Queen Mary Hospital with injuries to the right leg.

## BROKEN WINDSCREEN

A report has been made to the Police by Mr. Whitfield, of 4 Carnarvon Building, to the effect that whilst driving car 2202 along Nathan Road on Saturday he knocked down Chi Man, who received slight abrasions.

The windscreen of the car was broken, cutting Mr. Whitfield's five-year old son, John, who was admitted to the Kowloon Hospital.

## BOY KNOCKED DOWN

Lat On stated in a police report yesterday that while his car was travelling along Queen's Road it knocked down a seven-year-old boy who crossed the road. The boy was taken to Queen Mary Hospital with injuries to the right leg.

## QUAKE WRECKS ALASKA BARS

Minor tremors continued yesterday following Thursday's sharp earthquake shocks and liquor dealers were the heaviest losers when their stocks tumbled from shelves.—United Press.

## Shipping Intelligence

Shipping Companies are requested to forward, as early as possible information regarding arrivals, departures, time and mooring place and other movements. Urgent information should be telephoned to the shipping Editor, Phone 26615.

### PORT DIRECTORY

ANKING (H. & S.), Takoo Dock.  
ANHUI (B. & S.), Takoo Dock.  
CHAKSANG (J.M.), B.2.  
MAGNAN (J.M.), B.22.  
SOOCHOW (B. & S.), Takoo Dock.

### ARRIVED YESTERDAY

(Agents Phone Numbers Given.)

CHAKSANG (J.M.) from Canton, 11.15 a.m., B.2. 30311.

POTSDAM (Melchers) from Shanghai, 6 a.m., Kowloon Wharf, 27772.

SANDVIKEN (J.M.) from Shanghai, 12.30 p.m., West Point Wharf, 30311.

### SAILED YESTERDAY

(Agents Phone Numbers Given.)

HANGSANG (J.M.) for Canton, 8 a.m., B.2. 30311.

POTSDAM (Melchers) for Manila, 6 a.m., Kowloon Wharf, 27772.

ARRIVING TO-DAY

(Agents Phone Numbers Given.)

ANDRE LEBON (M.M.) from Shanghai, 10 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 26615.

BUNOS AIRES MARU (O.S.K.) from Japan, 2.30 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 28061.

### SAILING TO-DAY

(Agents Phone Numbers Given.)

CHAKSANG (J.M.) for Shanghai, 4 p.m., B.2. 30311.

FRIDURUN (Melchers) for Rabaul, 6 p.m., Stonecutters, 27772.

SANDVIKEN (J.M.) for Canton, 9 a.m., West Point Wharf, 30311.

SILVERWALNUT (Furness) for Europe, 10 a.m., Takoo Dock, 23165.

### ARRIVING TO-MORROW

(Agents Phone Numbers Given.)

VAN HEUTZ (J.C.L.) from Straits, p.m., midstream, 28015.

### SAILING TO-MORROW

(Agents Phone Numbers Given.)

ANDRE LEBON (M.M.) for Europe, 8 a.m., B.2. 30311.

BUNOS AIRES MARU (O.S.K.) for Colombo 4 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 28061.

NIEL MAERSK (Jebson) for America, 4 p.m., buoy, 26615.

SEITAN (Douglas) for Amoy, 4 p.m., C.O. Wharf, 28037.

TIJONDALE (J.C.L.) for Samarang, 11 a.m., A.7. 28061.

## INDIAN SHOOTING TRAGEDY

### R.A.F. Officer and Bank Official

#### SHOT IN PRESENCE OF WIFE

Karachi, June 30.

Mr. George W. Smith, a Scottish official of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, was shot dead in a guest house at Karachi early this morning by, it is alleged, Flying Officer W. T. King, of No. 31 (Army Co-operation) Squadron, R.A.F., stationed at Karachi, who subsequently also died from a gunshot wound in the head.

It is stated that Mrs. King was present when the tragedy occurred, and that the men had a long-standing dispute over personal affairs.

Mr. Smith was buried this forenoon and the funeral of Flying Officer King is taking place in the evening.

Mrs. King, Reuter states, had been married six months, and during the last three months her husband was stationed at Karachi.

An inquest was held on Mr. Smith on the spot and a verdict that death was due to a gunshot wound was returned. An inquest is reported to have been held at the hospital on Flying Officer King, after his death there, but the strictest secrecy was maintained as to the verdict.

Mr. Smith was the son of Mr. William Smith, an Hon. Sheriff-Substitute of Banffshire and partner in a firm of solicitors at Banff.

He served his apprenticeship in the United Bank of Scotland at Banff, and went from there to London to the Chartered Bank of India. In the service of that bank he went to Karachi about three years ago, when 24 years of age.

Flying Officer King's home was in Kent.

## SUICIDE IN HOTEL

### VISITOR FROM CANTON TAKES OPIUM

A visitor from Canton, Yu Man-fung, aged 20, was found suffering from the effects of opium poisoning in a room at the New Asia Hotel on Saturday. He was immediately rushed to the Queen Mary Hospital, but died shortly after admission.

A 24-year-old woman named Lau Siu-ying attempted to end her life in a similar manner at the Nathan Hotel, but she was discovered just in time. She is now receiving treatment at the Kowloon Hospital.

Swallowing a small quantity of opium after a quarrel with her husband on Friday, To Man, a 30-year-old woman, of No. 6 Yat Tak Road, was removed to the Kowloon Hospital. Her condition is not serious.

## A HARBOUR RESCUE

Jumping overboard from the ferry Night Star was the method chosen by Woo Siu-hu, 18, married woman. She was, however, rescued by Li Kwok-moon, a seaman on the ferry, and was taken to the Kowloon Hospital, suffering from the effects of immersion.

### VESSELS DUE

ANNA MAERSK (Jebson), July 29.  
ANTONOR (B. & S.), Aug. 13.  
CHANGE (B. & S.), Aug. 5.  
CORNVILLE (Bank), July 27.  
HISBURN (Jebson), July 30.  
EMPIRE OF CANADA (C.P.S.), Aug. 2.  
EMPRESS OF JAPAN (C.P.S.), July 30.

GNEISENAU (Melchers), Aug. 12.  
MARON (B. & S.), Aug. 13.  
MEERREIK (J.C.L.), Aug. 9.  
MEMNON (B. & S.), Aug. 1.  
MEINLAUS (B. & S.), Aug. 23.  
NEPTUNA (Buna Philip), Aug. 4.  
PANAMA (C.A.G.), Aug. 8.  
STENTOR (B. & S.), Aug. 10.  
SWARTENHOUT (J.C.L.), July 28.

TRUCER (B. & S.), Aug. 12.  
TARONGA (Dodd), Aug. 17.  
TIJONDALE (J.C.L.), July 31.  
TONGKING (A.C.), Aug. 6.  
TIVAE (Melchers), Aug. 1.  
TYNDAREUS (B. & S.), Aug. 9.  
VAN HEUTZ (J.C.L.), July 27.

### ANDRE LEBON

The Messageries Maritimes liner Andre Lebon, which was scheduled to sail for Europe at 11 a.m. to-morrow will now sail at 8 a.m.

### PASSENGER LIST

The Dollar liner President Jackson which arrived here on Saturday from Shanghai, Japan and America brought the following passengers for Hongkong:

Mr. and Mrs. Constantin A. Blum, Mr. E. O. Baron van Boetzelaer, Don Juan Calvo Casado, Mr. Cheng Tui-hoh, Mr. Cheng Iacoco, Mr. and Mrs. T. Dharman, Mr. Henry James Eddo, Mr. Y. C. Fong, Mr. Flora Gillentine, Mr. C. M. Heng, Mr. Ho Wing-leung, Madame Hsu Yang-shu, Miss Hsu, Miss Marguerite Jacob, Mrs. Kenneth B. Jarman, Mr. M. Johansen, Mr. R. Karachand, Mr. Lee You-ching, Mr. and Mrs. Y. C. Lee, Mr. S. Lin, Mr. Robert Z. Lindsey, Mr. Lo Min-hak, Mr. H. M. Leung, Miss Doris Marshall, Mr. Mar Sul, Mrs. Mar Lo-shue, Mr. James Mar, Mr. Alfred Mar, Mr. Norman Mar, Mrs. Gladys Mar, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Melwani, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Allen Miller, Rev. Maynard Murphy, Mr. Irving Netzer, Mrs. and Miss K. S. Pam, Mr. Phoon Lian-chie, Miss Florence Pardy, Miss Noran Ann Rasech, Miss S. E. Sleever, Mr. Siang, Mr. Charles N. Sherman, Mr. Alfred T. Terkelsen, Mr. and Mrs. T. Chang-ang, Miss Tiju, Mr. Wang Ding-gun, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. van Hoogstraten, Dr. Ernest C. Wilson, Mr. K. F. Wing, Mr. Y. H. Young and Young Yat-yuen.

## CORONATION HINDERED BY STATUTE

### GARTER KING OF ARMS ON HIS DIFFICULTIES

#### TRIBUTE TO EARL MARSHAL

Garter King of Arms, Sir Gerald Wollaston, speaking at a Coronation art and pageantry dinner at the Lyceum Club, Chesterfield-gardens, confessed that he had found himself in difficulties at every turn with regard to the Coronation ceremony as a result of the Statute of Westminster.

"Nobody thought about the Coronation when the statue was passed," he said, and gave as one example that under the Statute every Prime Minister in the Empire was of equal importance, but it was quite impossible for them all to sit in the same seat.

Sir Gerald also referred to difficulties caused in the making of arrangements for King George V's funeral owing to King Edward's insistence that it should take place at the end of the week. Less time was allowed for the funeral arrangements to be made than ever before.

The first days after King George's death were taken up by the proclamation, and it was not until the following Thursday evening that the arrangements for the funeral could be taken in hand. This meant night and day work.

In a tribute to the Earl Marshal, the Duke of Norfolk, Sir Gerald said: "The Earl Marshal may be young, but he is a very great person indeed. He is a born leader of men, and as all of you have witnessed at both the funeral and the Coronation, he has shown a great personality and a great capacity for taking part in these ceremonials."

## POST OFFICE.

### POSTAL KIOSK AT STANLEY

The New Post Office Kiosk at Stanley, will be open for business on August 3, 1937.

### POSTAL ANNOUNCEMENT

The Public are reminded that the postage on Printed Papers, Commercial Papers, Samples and Small Packets must be fully prepaid. Insufficiently prepaid Printed Papers etc. are not forwarded.

### VIA SIBERIA ROUTE

Letters, Postcards and Samples for Europe and South America are forwarded "via Siberia" if so superscribed.

### INWARD MAILS

Japan ..... Buenos Aires Maru ..... July 26.

Japan ..... Rakuyo Maru ..... July 26.

Shanghai and Swatow ..... Yochow ..... July 26.

Shanghai ..... Andre Lebon ..... July 27.

Shanghai ..... Autolycus ..... July 27.

Haiphong ..... Canton ..... July 27.

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways" Direct Service—London date, 17th July.

Haiphong, Pakhol and Holhow ..... Imperial Airways Plane ..... July 27.

Shanghai ..... Kaying ..... July 27.

Shanghai ..... Maybashi Maru ..... July 27.

Straits ..... Van Heutz ..... July 27.

Bangkok and Swatow ..... Yingshow ..... July 27.

Straits ..... Achilles ..... July 28.

Straits ..... Neliore ..... July 28.











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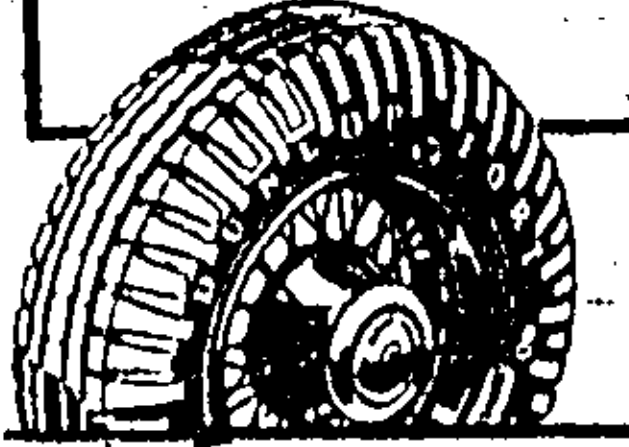
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MONDAY, JULY 26, 1937.

日九十月六

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## Japanese Take Lanfang And Drive Hopei Force Well South of Fengtai

NANKING SCORNFUL OF TOKYO'S PRETEXT FOR SUDDEN ATTACK; FEARS LOSSES ARE HIGH

### Japanese Soldiers Roughly Handled by Tientsin Units

Tientsin, July 26 (11 a.m.).

Japanese reinforcements, which were rushed to Lanfang during the night following the outbreak of hostilities in that area, and the eventual bombing of the Chinese barracks there, suddenly thrust forward on the right flank of the Chinese forces defending the city at about 8.10 to-day. Their aim was obviously to storm the barracks where the 113th Brigade of the 38th Division, part of the 29th Army, Hopei, has its headquarters.

Within an hour a military communique came through to Tientsin that Japanese troops had occupied the town and barracks of Lanfang and that the Chinese were retreating on Huangtsun, ten miles to the south-east of Fengtai.

At about 10 a.m. to-day Japanese and Chinese representatives went to Lanfang to investigate the trouble. With them went about 1,000 Japanese troops, in support of these already despatched, with four armoured cars.

Meanwhile, three military trains arrived from Tangku, but their contents the authorities will not disclose.—United Press.

Nanking Admits Defeat

Shanghai, July 26 (12.10 p.m.).

Reports from Nanking confirm that Japanese troops have occupied Lanfang.

Chinese officials add that Japanese bombers completely destroyed the Chinese barracks there before the infantry raid which brought the town into Japanese hands.

The authorities make no mention of casualties, but bluntly assert that the Japanese statement that interference with communications caused the trouble is merely a pretext for an unprovoked attack.—United Press.

#### TRAINS, TELEPHONES DISRUPTED

Peiping, July 26 (10.53 a.m.). Train and telephone services between Peiping and Tientsin have been completely disrupted.—United Press.

Reuter states that railway traffic is again entirely suspended between Tientsin-Peiping as a result of the Sino-Japanese clash at Lanfang. The Chinese garrison, Reuter says, came into collision with Japanese about 1 p.m. yesterday, when the Japanese were travelling aboard two trains.

#### STORY OF CLASH

Tokyo, July 26 (9.30 a.m.). Chinese and Japanese troops are fighting between Peiping and Tientsin, according to reports reaching the capital from the Army in North China.

Fighting broke out at Lanfang, mid-way between Peiping and Tientsin, some time yesterday, and is still continuing.

Tokyo, July 26 (9.20 a.m.). Despatches from Tientsin state that a Japanese aeroplane squadron has bombed the Chinese barracks at Lanfang.—Reuter.

#### TIENTSIN CONFIRMATION

Tientsin, July 26 (9.01 a.m.). Japanese sources here state that Japanese planes bombed the Chinese

### Reservists Rallying To Japan Cause

Support Government China Policy

#### Diet Commences Special Sessions

Tokyo, June 26. The Diet is in special session. Meanwhile, 3,000,000 Japanese reservists rallied throughout the nation, demonstrating their support of the Government's policy in North China. In Tokyo 5,000 paraded and their representatives visited the Prime Minister, Prince Konoye, to communicate their resolution. Excitement is growing here as reports come through of fighting and the 37th Division of Chinese at Lukouchiao constructing encampments along the railway west of that city. Japan has sent a protest to General Sung Cheh-yuan, naming the Chinese as provocateurs in the Lanfang episode.—United Press.

### STOP PRESS

#### WITHDRAWAL DEMANDED

Tientsin, July (1.00 p.m.). The Japanese military authorities confirmed the demand for the withdrawal of the Lanfang Brigade from its ordinary garrison position following last night's outbreak of hostilities.—United Press.

#### CLOSE GATES OF PEIPING

Peiping, July 26 (1.35 p.m.). The gates of Peiping were closed at 10 a.m. to-day, indicating the recurrence of apprehensions in North China following the Lanfang clash and the new Japanese demands.—United Press.

#### CHANG TZE-CHUNG'S MEN?

Tientsin, July 26. The Japanese military authorities state the Army's telephone wires cut in the vicinity of Lanfang and that the repair party which went to fix them were attacked by Chinese garrison troops under General Chang Tze-chung's command. General Chang is Tientsin's mayor and himself has urged peace consistently.—Reuter.

#### DEMAND WITHDRAWAL

Tientsin, July 26. The Japanese military authorities have now demanded the withdrawal (Continued on Page 5.)

## ROYAL HONEYMOONERS IN ITALY



Smiling happily, the Duchess of Windsor waves from a motor launch, on the Grand Canal in Venice, Italy, during a stop-over while she and the Duke were on their way to their honeymoon castle. Married in Monte Carlo, their destination was Wasserlemburg, in Austria. The newly-weds used the motorboat instead of the traditional gondolas.

### Big Italian Battleship Is Launched

Trieste, July 25. Italy's first 35,000-ton battleship, the Vittorio Veneto, was launched in the presence of King Victor Emmanuel and the Queen of Italy to-day. A crowd of 45,000 attended the ceremony, which was performed by the wife of a dockyard worker, on the suggestion of Signor Mussolini, the Dictator.—Reuter.

### Bilbao Ships Won't Serve Loyalists

Owners Prefer To Tie Them Up In British Ports

London, July 25. The question whether the bulk of the Spanish merchant Navy is in support of the old Government or of General Francisco Franco's Insurgent Junta has been raised as a result of a dispute following the arrest of seven Spanish ships in South Wales and a number at other British ports.

The arrest came after the alleged refusal of owners to comply with the orders of the Spanish Government, which sought to commandeer the ships. Most of these Spanish merchantmen are registered at Bilbao and while that port was controlled by the Basque Government no difficulties were encountered. But since it has fallen into the hands of General Franco's troops, the ship-owners appear to resent the attempted dictation by the old Government, which no longer controls their port of registry. At the instigation of the owners, writs were served on those controlling the ships which now will not be allowed to leave port without an order from the Admiralty Court.—Reuter.

### SEEDS OF TIENTSIN TROUBLES

Tientsin, July 26. Men of the Chinese Peace Preservation Corps here literally kicked twenty Japanese soldiers away from the entrance of the Corps' inner courtyard to-day. The Japanese were demanding entrance to the courtyard of the police bureau on the grounds that they wanted shade and cold drinks.—United Press.

#### GLOBE-TROTTER DIES

Honolulu, July 25. Mr. Julius Brittlebank, 79, famous globe-trotter who for the past eighteen years has travelled around the world once annually by various routes, died here to-day—on his way home.—United Press.

## FURIOUS FIGHT CONTINUES FOR KEY TO MADRID

### Brunete Lost and Taken By Loyalists; Severe Toll in Air Raid

Madrid, July 25.

Having admitted the capture of Brunete by Insurgents a few hours previously, the Loyalist Government now asserts that its troops once again control the town, a key-point in Madrid's western defence system.

Stripped to the waist, Loyalist troops fought in a temperature of 100 degrees in the shade, and eventually succeeded in driving the Insurgents from the town so lately occupied.—Reuter.

Earlier messages, through Reuter, stated that a Spanish Government communique had admitted the loss of Brunete, but on the heels of this report from St. Jean de Luz, came the second—Brunete was again in Government hands. The fighting in this area is intensive and losses on both sides have been enormous.

#### Terrible Losses

Hendaye, July 26. An insurgent despatch from Salamanca states that the Loyalists' suicidal effort to hold Brunete has lost them 30,000 men, 89 aeroplanes and 35 tanks.—United Press.

#### Air Raid Over Barcelona

Barcelona, July 25. No less than 65 persons were killed and 150 injured in an insurgent air raid over this city at 3.35 a.m. to-day. Five insurgent war planes swooped out of the night, rode low over the city's central sections in brilliant moonlight, and dropped a score of bombs. Anti-aircraft batteries and machine-guns fired heavily on the raiders but without any apparent success.—Reuter.

#### Death Roll Mounts

Barcelona, July 26. The insurgent bombardment of Barcelona during the night killed 70 and wounded 180, according to a late estimate. Many houses and buildings were destroyed or damaged.—United Press.

### Red Steamer Seized By Rebel Ships

Gibraltar, July 25. Insurgent armed trawlers stopped a Soviet steamer, the Varlaam, in the Straits of Gibraltar to-day and escorted her to Ceuta.—Reuter.

## COLONY TRADE INCREASE

Gratifying Figures For Half Year

### Upward Trend Continues

Gratifying increases in the trade of the Colony are disclosed in the returns for the first half of this year, issued by the Statistical Office of the Imports and Exports Department.

It is shown that the combined values of imports and exports of merchandise during the first half year of 1937 totalled \$505.3 millions (£31.2 millions) as compared with \$375.8 millions (£24.2 millions) in the first half year of 1936, and \$353.9 millions (£24.3 millions) in the first half year of 1935.

In terms of sterling, the total visible trade of the Colony increased by 34.5 per cent. in the first half year of 1937 as compared with the first half year of 1936, and by 51.3 per cent. as compared with the first half year of 1935.

In terms of sterling, the total visible trade of the Colony increased by 28.9 per cent. in the first half year of 1937 as compared with the first half year of 1936, and decreased by 9.0 per cent. as compared with the first half year of 1935.

(Note: Average rate of exchange during the first half of 1937 was H.K.\$1.00=1s. 2.13/16; 1936=1s. 3.1/2d.; 1935=2s. 0.3/4d.).

#### DETAILED FIGURES

Imports of merchandise amounted to \$206.4 millions (£17.7 millions) in the first half year of 1937 as compared with \$152.3 millions (£13.7 millions) in the first half year of 1936, and \$101.2 millions (£10.7 millions) in the first half year of 1935; whilst exports amounted to \$218.9 millions (£13.5 millions) £163.5 millions (£10.5 millions) and \$142.7 millions (£14.6 millions) respectively.

In terms of Hongkong currency, imports of merchandise increased by 34.9 per cent. as compared with the first half year of 1936, and 49.8 per cent. as compared with the first half year of 1935; whilst exports increased by 33.9 per cent. as compared with the first half year of 1936, and 53.4 per cent. as compared with the first half year of 1935.

In terms of sterling values, imports of merchandise increased by 29.2 per cent. as compared with the first half year of 1936, and declined by 10.2 per cent. as compared with the first half year of 1935; exports increased by 28.6 per cent. as compared with the first half year of 1936, and declined by 7.5 per cent. as compared with the first half year of 1935.

Imports of treasure totalled \$5.7 millions as compared with \$18.8 millions in the first half year of 1936, and \$24.7 millions in the first half year of 1935; and exports amounted to \$18.3 millions as compared with \$108.6 millions and \$37.0 millions respectively.

#### JUNE FIGURES

During the month of June, 1937 imports of merchandise amounted to a total of \$50.1 millions (£3.1 millions) as compared with \$37.1 millions (£2.4 millions) in June, 1936; a dollar increase of 35 per cent. and (Continued on Page 5.)

## SPY SCARE IN FRANCE

Young Aviator In Custody; Ring Suspected

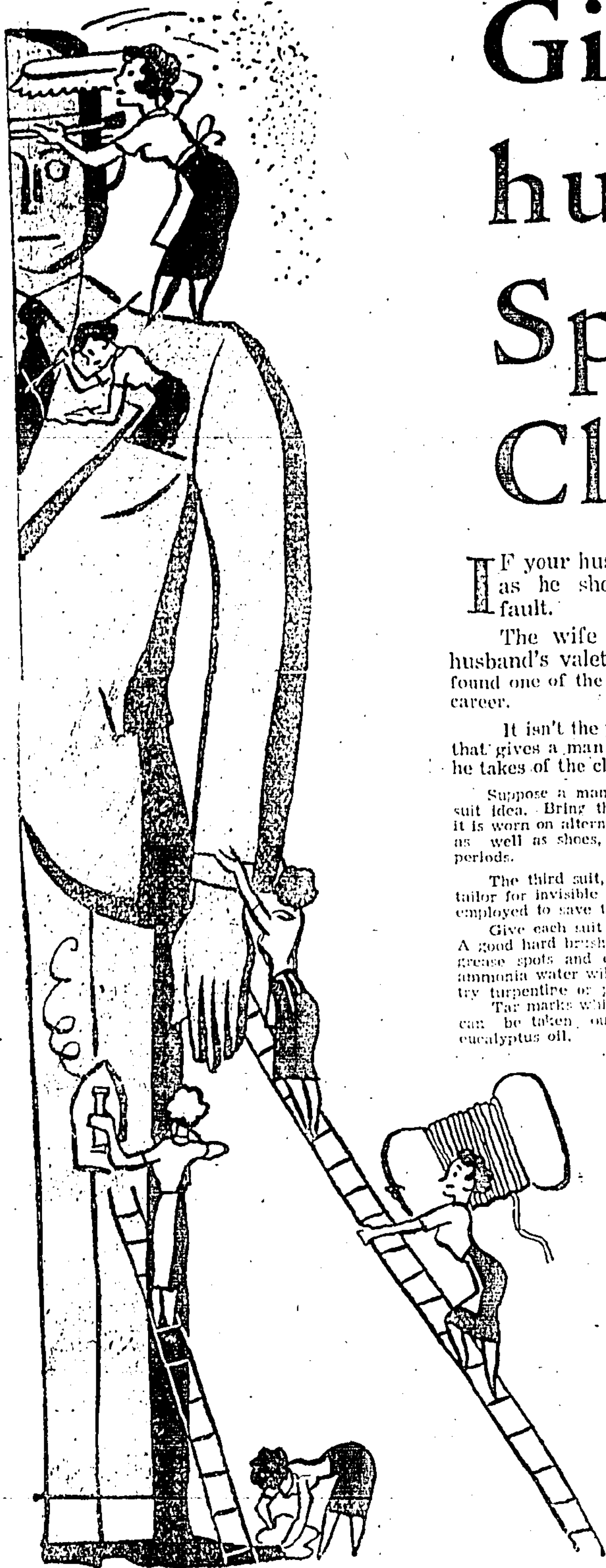
Paris, July 26. Jean Sellier, amateur aviator, was arrested to-day at Faviilly and charged with divulging military secrets to Germany.

Counter-espionage agents are questioning him, due to the fact that a search of his home disclosed a list of names of German aviators which Sellier claimed were his friends. They also found correspondence with the German Consul at Brussels, aerial photographs, maps of the Italian and Swiss frontiers, marking aerodromes; and a photographic apparatus made in Germany.

Finally, at Sellier's home were rifles, pistols and other merchandise apparently smuggled from Germany as a side-line.

It is believed investigations may uncover espionage centres at Metz and other eastern cities of France. Le Soir further charges an espionage ring of 100 agents is working to give away French fortification plans the movements of troops and ships at all times.—United Press.





# Give your husband a Spring Clean

If your husband is not as well groomed as he should be, it is largely your fault.

The wife who undertakes to be her husband's valet, and valets him well, has found one of the best ways of helping him in his career.

It isn't the possession of a lot of new clothes that gives a man a well-dressed look, but the care he takes of the clothes he has.

Suppose a man has three suits. Abolish the "best" suit idea. Bring the best suit into regular use, so that it is worn on alternate days with the second suit. Clothes, as well as shoes, are all the better for regular rest periods.

The third suit, sponged and pressed, and sent to the tailor for invisible mending if necessary, can probably be employed to save the other suits on wet days.

Give each suit a thorough overhaul once a fortnight. A good hard brush comes first, and then look over it for grease spots and other marks. A clean rag dipped in ammonia water will usually remove them, but if it won't try turpentine or petrol.

Tar marks which often get on to the hems of trousers can be taken out by rubbing with a rag soaked in eucalyptus oil.

alternately, and cleaned with good quality polish.

Brown shoes can be toned up by mixing a tablespoonful of milk with a dessertspoonful of methylated spirit, and applying this with a piece of flannel, rubbing the leather well. After a few minutes the shoes can be cleaned in the ordinary way.

**Dress shoes with olive oil**

**PATENT** leather evening shoes when not in use should be covered with a thin film of vaseline; a weekly dressing of olive oil will prevent cracks or make existing ones much less obvious.

An occasional wipe over with a cloth dipped in milk is excellent, and an especially brilliant polish can be given by applying white of egg and then rubbing with a soft cloth.

Ties can be kept fresh in this way.

Fill a glass jar with very hot water, damp the tie, and then wind it tightly round the hot jar. This will smooth out the creases without spoiling the tie.

The cure for a husband who is careless with his clothes is a series of presents. The first of these is a trouser-press, into which the trousers should go as soon as they are taken off.

**The best way with Ties**

A **TIE-HOLDER** is the next on the list, and this, screwed on the inside of the wardrobe, will not only keep his ties in perfect condition, but will enable him to choose the right one in a second, thus preventing many a fumbled drawer.

Plenty of padded coat hangers and shoe trees are other necessities, and on his next birthday you might give him one of those ingenious contraptions on which a man can arrange his clothes as he takes them off at night.

There are shoulders for the coat, a shelf for his underclothes, and a tray for his loose change and other oddments.

**How to press it Successfully**

WHEN the suit is clean, press it with a very damp cloth and a hot iron. If the pressing is done on a board without an ironing cloth it will be twice as effective. Pay particular attention to the trouser creases, press down the laps, and smooth over any creased parts, being careful to keep the cloth really damp.

At the first sign of fraying at cuff or trousers hem, a suit should be sent back to the tailor, who will make it just like new. Buttonholes can be made to last twice as long by means of a well-timed stitch.

**Keep hats well Brushed**

**MEN'S** hats need regular attention. A bowler seldom needs more than a good brushing, but it needs it every day. A weekly rub with warm bran or ordinary ground rice will be sufficient for felt hats. Staves will last longer and look twice as well if kept on trees, worn

DO YOU LIKE SHORTCAKE?

Try this with Strawberries

**STRAWBERRY** shortcake, being an American sweet, is difficult to get here.

This is the way to make it, the authentic strawberry shortcake, and don't let anybody persuade you to try out imitations. Once you have had this one, you should not want to experiment further.

For six people:—Take 2 lbs. of ripe red berries—small ones are best. Put into a basin with a cupful of castor sugar and cut up roughly with a silver spoon until you have practically halved all the berries. Let them stand and get juicy while you make and bake a scone dough.

Turn it on to the dish it is to be served in, split it carefully, and well butter the insides as you would a large scone.

Now over the lower half generously spoon your strawberries and juice, as much as you can get on. Let the juice run all over the dish.

Put on it the other half of the scone, and serve at once while still scone and crisp.

Cut in sections as you would a layer cake. Serve with fresh or whipped cream.

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## KEEPING FOOD FRESH

If you experience trouble in keeping food fresh during the hot weather, try these short cuts. They will save you many shillings in the course of a year.

To keep milk fresh on hot days do not leave it corked or capped in bottles; the air should be let in, or the milk will sour quickly. Cover the open neck of the jug or bottle with an upturned saucer and then store the jug in a wooden box filled with clean sawdust or chaff. Keep in a cool, airy place, and the milk will seldom "turn" even in very hot weather.

Uncooked meat left to lie in its own juice quickly taints during the warmer days. But if you keep your meat hung it will keep better. Do not stick the hook directly into the meat, however. Slip the joint into a thin muslin bag rinsed out in vinegar, then attach the metal hook to the bag top and suspend.

If, as sometimes happens, butter has acquired a slight rancid taste during the hot weather, melt it and then skim, afterwards leaving a piece of lightly toasted bread in it for a few minutes. The disagreeable taste is thus taken out.

Where the butter is too far gone for this, add a teaspoonful of honey to each halfpound, melting the butter first and then skimming it. When cool the butter will have lost its disagreeable taste and flavour.

**Keeping Bread Soft**

When bread is to be kept for several days during the hot weather, place half an apple in the bread-pan. The moisture from the apple is absorbed by the bread, which is then kept moist and fresh.

Greens and vegetables may be kept fresh during the hottest spell by the following methods, which entail little or no additional expense:—

For example, when lettuces lose their crispness due to the heat, if you add a pinch of borax to the water in which the lettuces are being soaked it will make them delightfully crisp and fresh for table use.

Lettuces, beetroot, and carrots will keep for a long time if their roots are immersed in a couple of inches of water in a shallow dish and the water renewed every day. To keep cauliflower fresh, split the stem in four, slip a string around it, hang up the flower downwards, and wet the cut stalk every day with water.

If fish cannot be cooked the same day keep it fresh this way:—Put the fish in a large basin and pour over a mixture of salt and water, one teaspoonful of salt to one quart of water. Cover the fish completely and it will keep quite fresh.

Ivie P. Holden.

## COLOUR REMINDERS

TAKE heed of the difference between warm and cool colours. Choose warm tints for a north room, cool tints for a room that catches south sunshine.

Yellow is the colour nearest to light. It seems cheerful, even in the duller weather.

If your room seems too small, use light-coloured woodwork. For increasing the apparent size of a limited space, try making the woodwork match the walls.

Great is the lure of blue. Truly a blue-and-white scheme is one of the most satisfactory. Yet, a word of warning is in order; there can be too much. It is best to use it with a light hand, and to give it much white for a foil. You may even get the happiest results by adding to it a touch of pale yellow or of soft rose-pink.

Greys and buffs are the foils and neutrals among colours. While we may know this, we do not always utilise that knowledge.

Red, on the other hand, while it speaks for vitality, is aggressive. It seldom should be used in full strength, almost never in large masses.

J. S.

## Gelatine: A Summer Cookery Aid

If soups are too thin they can be guess that to-day's peach or apricot made thick and sustaining by the addition of gelatine. Consomme, of which gelatine is largely the foundation, is much less heating than ordinary soup, and is more acceptable in hot weather.

Many children do not like milk and cannot digest milk puddings, but the appeal of a milk jelly or a prettily coloured blancmange is irresistible. With the use of gelatine, hard curds cannot form and the pudding is made light and palatable. For this reason, gelatine should form the foundation of most invalid dishes.

Aspic jelly, which can be prepared instantly from the packet, is an invaluable vehicle for presenting oddments of fish, meat, or game in new and attractive form; and who will

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F803 (Bedtime Melody ..... Maurice Winnick Orch.  
(Sweetheart Music ..... Maurice Winnick Orch.  
F780 (All's Fair in Love & War ..... Harry Roy's Orch.  
(With Plenty of Money ..... Harry Roy's Orch.  
F781 (Let's Put Our Heads Together ..... Harry Roy's Orch.  
(Speaking of the Weather ..... Harry Roy's Orch.  
F782 (Whatcha Gonna Do When there Aint No Swing.  
(Taint Good ..... played by Nat Gonella's Orch.  
F779 (Shirley Temple Song Medley "Stowaway" & "Dimples"  
sung by Henderson Twins.  
F784 (Sweetheart Waltz ..... Victor Silvester Orch.  
(September in the Rain ..... Victor Silvester Orch.  
F785 (That's Life I Guess ..... Victor Silvester Orch.  
(Keep Calling Me Sweetheart ..... Jay Wilbur Orch.  
(Let's Call the Whole Thing Off ..... Jay Wilbur Orch.  
9069 (They Can't Take that from Me (Shall We Dance) Jay Wilbur Orch.  
0074 (My Little Buckaroo ..... Primo Scala Accordion Band.  
(Maracay ..... Primo Scala Accordion Band.  
60010 (WILL YOU REMEMBER ("MAXTIME") ..... Gracie Fields.  
0075 (WILL YOU REMEMBER ("MAXTIME") ..... Ralph Silvester.

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See particulars on another page



# DOCTOR PLANS TO FOUND A REPUBLIC OF HEALING

## War Dream on Verge of Realisation

INDEPENDENT ISLAND WHERE  
MAIMED WILL BE HEALED

PLANS are on foot to set up, on a tiny island in the Aegean Sea, an independent State which will also be an international surgical centre, observes the *News Chronicle*.

Here, if the Greek Government agrees, will be established a new centre for "structive surgery," to which maimed men, women and children from all over the world may go.

The poor will be healed free and caught to work, so that when they return to the outside world they will be useful members of society.

Behind this project is Dr. Johannes Samuel Esser, to whom during the war were brought some of the worst cases of mutilation and disfigurement.

Out of this experience grew the idea of the centre of healing.

### FAMOUS IN 1914

In 1914 Dr. Esser was already famous as a leading exponent of what later was known as "structive surgery."

Working in the principal hospitals in Central Europe he performed operations in cases that had been given up as hopeless.

He made new lips, ears, noses grow. Under his hands new bones and new skin grew and healed. He restored shattered limbs and even heads.

After the war he set up, with his friends to whom he had revealed his idea, the Independent Institute of Structive Surgery, with headquarters in Paris.

At first the Institute had not the funds or the organisation to develop Dr. Esser's plan.

Now, after 20 years, it has the backing of big financial interests, and some of the greatest doctors, surgeons and statesmen in Europe.

Negotiations for a suitable location for the centre are in progress with the Greek Government. Dr. Esser recently went to Greece in search of a site.

He lectured to the Medical Society in Athens and won over the professors and statesmen. The King of Greece joined his committee; the Government lent him a destroyer so that he could visit the islands in the Aegean Sea to look for a suitable spot.

Among these islands Dr. Esser found an ideal place.

It is the island of Kyra Panagida. This—less than 11 square miles—has a well, a flat space where aeroplanes can land, and smaller blets close to its coast.

It is 75 miles from Salonika; 12 hours' sail from Piraeus, the port for Athens.

### "ABSOLUTELY FREE"

Dr. Esser and the Institute are not asking money that Kyra Panagida shall be ceded to them by the Greek Government. They are stipulating that a Free State shall be established there, with an autonomous Government.

The island must be self-controlled, politically and financially and secured from any European interference.

They want freedom of Customs, taxation, passport laws, posts and telegraphs.

If the present negotiations fail, the centre will be established elsewhere. Dr. Esser has had four interviews with Signor Mussolini, who would like the Surgical Free State in his territory; Rumania and Bulgaria are interested. He is certain now that the dream will be fulfilled.

## PEASANTS CELEBRATE A ROYAL BIRTH



Bulgarian peasants walking through the streets of Sophia to the Royal Castle with presents to the King and Queen on the occasion of the birth of an heir to the throne. Even a sheep figured among the presents.

## COLIN CLIVE DIES LONELY, EMBITTERED BY HIS FILMS

Hollywood, June 26.

At eleven o'clock this morning two white-clad attendants rushed along a corridor in the Cedars of Lebanon Hospital in Hollywood carrying a cylinder of oxygen. A doctor came out of a door and said grimly: "Mr. Clive won't need that any more." The man remembered by millions as Captain Stanhope in "Journey's End" was dead.

Thirty-seven-year-old Colin Clive, fated to play villains' roles in Hollywood, died a lonely and embittered man. There were no hysterical girls such as mobbed the hospital gates as Jean Harlow's life flickered out a few weeks ago.

Just a little group of some who knew him stood outside the room where he lay. In another room near by a woman sobbed—Jean Blondell, taken to the hospital three days ago for shoulder treatment.

She had sent Clive cheering messages as he made a desperate fight for life. But his wasted body failed him.

### HE WAS DOOMED

All this morning doctors had pumped oxygen into his tent in the effort to put new vigour into his body. But he was dying slowly all the time. Dr. Frederick Bergstrom, who attended him, said:

"Clive was doomed five days ago. I think he knew it, but he struggled against it like a soldier. For the last few hours he was in a coma. Perhaps if he had come here sooner he would have been alive now."

The actor's wife, Jeanne de Casalis, had cabled messages daily from London, and had made frequent inquiries at the hospital by Transatlantic telephone. But Clive had no relatives or close friends in Hollywood; almost his only visitor was June Roberts, a studio make-up attendant.

Colin Clive was a soft-spoken, homebird type of man who did not understand Hollywood very well, and whom Hollywood did not try very hard to understand. He used to say he preferred his pipe to any company.

He had lost thirty pounds in weight since he had entered hospital for an operation for a pulmonary ailment. He had been told he was a sick man months ago, but had refused to undergo the operation until he had completed the film "History is Made at Night."

When the last scene had been shot, he walked in calmly and told the doctors to go ahead.

## Film Made Him Rebel

(By Paul Holt)

COLIN CLIVE never went to the war; he was a cadet at Sandhurst when the Armistice came. But he was the one man, more than any other, to remind a post-war generation, only too eager to forget, of the reality of war.

"Journey's End" ran for 597 performances, was acted in a year by seventy-six companies throughout the world and took £1,000,000 at the box office.

But it brought Clive no other work. He waited a year, and when that patience brought nothing from the British stage or screen he made up his mind to go to Hollywood. I never saw a man less eager to go.

The day he left he said:—

"I say quite frankly that I leave with bitterness in my heart—that bitterness which any Englishman feels when he is forced to go to a foreign country to make his living."

He had more bitterness to face in exile. He found that Hollywood only wanted him really to play vicious roles.

The crisis came when he was cast for a part in "History is Made at Night," the film starring Jean Arthur and Charles Boyer, which played in the West End of London recently. Again he played the vicious husband.

But this time he rebelled. When he saw the film he complained bitterly that the part he had been made to play was very different from the script he had been given to read.

By reshooting and cutting they had made him out to be a murderer. He felt that the part would finish his career as a film player.

## 40 FATAL R. A. F. CRASHES THIS YEAR

(By Dan Rogers)  
United Press Staff Correspondent

London, July 1.

The British Royal Air Force has had 40 fatal crashes resulting in 92 deaths of pilots or observers since January 1. On inquiry, the air ministry confirmed these figures, making the totals official.

These figures only cover fatalities. There are several times more non-fatal crashes than fatalities in which personnel is killed, officials admitted. A London newspaper's unofficial estimate places the total of all R.A.F. crashes during the past five months at 400 machines which cost more than £1,600,000.

Air ministry officials said this "looked a bit high" but were unable to give either definite figures or estimates on total number of crashes or the financial loss involved.

With 1937 not quite half-gone, the R.A.F. losses already have exceeded the entire year 1935 and almost have reached the total for the whole of 1936.

More than a dozen R.A.F. men were killed on Empire Air day last month during flying displays. The largest military air show yet staged was reviewed by the King on June 26. During this display, a single mass formation of 250 bombers and fighters flew past His Majesty.

INVESTIGATION PLANNED

Air ministry officials devoutly hope the accidents of Empire Air day will not be repeated.

Of the 1937 toll, 32 crashes causing 51 deaths occurred in the British Isles; the rest were in overseas squadrons. This percentage is logical for of course almost all training is done on home fields and, in addition, the weather of the British Isles probably is consistently more erratic than in any part of the empire—especially as concerns fog, the fliers' arch-enemy.

It has been suggested that Lord Swinton, air minister, is planning a general investigation to make R.A.F. training safer, but this was denied at the air ministry.

Various reasons have been advanced to account for the tremendously increased number of R.A.F. crashes. One is that pilots are said to be trained in slow machines and called upon to fly fast, modern planes before they are ready. This is most emphatically denied by the air ministry.

The most likely reasons are two: (1) the rapid expansion of the R.A.F. as a vital part of Britain's rearmament, with the consequent production of hundreds of young pilots "fully qualified" technically but lacking years of experience, and, (2) British military flying has been put on a war basis—pilots fly regardless of the weather, more often than not, because as one squadron commander remarked tersely "War doesn't wait on weather."

## Woman Need Not Pay Poker Debts

(By C. H. D. GOFF)

"I INTEND to go on suing such people who do not pay their card-room losses, even though I lose my cases, for it is the only way to stop this practice."

Mr. Matthew L. Lyttleton, managing director of the Maitland Bridge Club, Cleve-road, West Hampstead, expressed this determination to me after Mitties Ltd., the proprietors, had lost their case against Mrs. Horwitt, of Willesden Green, N.W., at Marylebone County Court, for the recovery of £54 which she maintained she had lost playing poker at the club.

"I have found," he continued, "that the majority of poker players can easily afford to pay their losses."

### £1 STAKES

"The members here—and there are nearly 1,000 of them—are well-to-do people, and for poker the maximum stake at the high tables is £1, with a 10s. rise."

"A win or loss of £200 in an evening is exceptional. I have hardly ever known of anyone losing more, and when I see a member losing steadily I invariably advise him to stop."

"Bridge ranges from 3d. to 2s. 6d. a 100, with 6d. as the average stake. Members of this club who are £100 down at the end of the year are heavy losers. And for that £100 the member has had fairly good value in spending his evenings with people he knows and likes, and dining and entertaining his friends."

### CHIPS TO PAY FOR HATS

"Nowadays women as well as men are poker enthusiasts, and many of them are first-class players."



The Rev. R. Anderson Jardine, who suddenly rose to fame when he married Miss Warfield and the Duke of Windsor, is here photographed on his way to America where he is to make a lecture tour in aid of various charities.

## TAKES OFF 41 Lbs.

Miss F. S. Minneapolis, U.S.A., says: "My Mother had such wonderful results from BonKora that I tried it myself. I lost 41 pounds in 8 weeks. 10 inches off hips and can wear dresses two sizes smaller. I look 10 years younger. I am the life of every party!" Whether you are five pounds or fifty pounds overweight, try BonKora. At all chemists.

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A. S. WATSON & COY., LTD.

THE HONG KONG DISPENSARY | PHONE 20016.

## The Hongkong Telegraph

SEVENTH ANNUAL

## AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC COMPETITION

June—August, 1937

**\$250 CASH PRIZES \$250**

(Donated by "Hongkong Telegraph")

**TWO SILVER TROPHIES, VALUED \$250**

(Donated by Ilford, Ltd., London)

**BELL & HOWELL FILMO STRAIGHT EIGHT  
MOVIE CAMERA AND CASE, VALUED \$250**

(Donated by Filmo Depot, Hongkong)

**TWO SILVER CUPS FOR SPECIAL  
CORONATION CELEBRATION SECTION**

(Donated by Dr. F. Bunjo and Mr. J. C. M. Grenham)

**COUPONS FOR PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS.**

(Donated to the value of \$125 by Helmut Nocht and to the value of \$50 by Agfa China Company).

THE ILFORD TROPHIES WILL BE AWARDED TO THE BEST AND SECOND BEST ENTRIES IN THE COMPETITION, IRRESPECTIVE OF CLASS.

OTHER PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED AS FOLLOWS:—

### SECTION ONE:

FOR STORY-TELLING PICTURES

First Prize: Bell and Howell Filmo Straight Eight Movie Camera, with case, valued \$250, donated by Filmo Depot, Hongkong.

Second Prize: Coupon for Photographic Goods, valued \$25, donated by Helmut Nocht.

Third Prize: Coupon for Photographic Goods, valued \$10, donated by Agfa China Company.

### SECTION TWO:

GENERAL PICTORIAL SECTION (VIEWS, ARCHITECTURE, LANDSCAPES, SEASCAPES, HUMAN AND ANIMAL STUDIES).

First Prize: \$75 Cash, donated by "Hongkong Telegraph."

Second Prize: Coupon for Photographic Goods, valued \$50, donated by Helmut Nocht.

Third Prize: \$30 Cash, donated by "Hongkong Telegraph."

Fourth Prize: \$20 Cash, donated by "Hongkong Telegraph."

Consolation Prize: Coupon for Photographic Goods, valued \$10, donated by Agfa China Company.

READ THE RULES CAREFULLY.

## RULES

The following Rules will govern the Competition:

- 1.—The Competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.
- 2.—No employee or member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to compete.
- 3.—The prizes will be awarded to the competitors sending in what are adjudged to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be lightly pasted on back of entry.
- 4.—The right to publish any or all of the entries in the *Telegraph* is reserved.
- 5.—All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions are ineligible.
- 6.—No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery of, loss of, or damage to entries.
- 7.—All entries to be either black, sepia, or toned pictures, and must be mounted; hand-coloured photographs are ineligible.
- 8.—Pictures submitted in sepia tones should be accompanied by a smaller print in black and white.
- 9.—No picture to be entered in more than one Section.
- 10.—Mounts to be only white or cream, and, except in the Children's Section, must be of one of the following sizes:—10" by 14", 10" by 12", 10" by 8".
- 11.—No correspondence will be entered into in connection with the Competition.
- 12.—Members of the Staffs of *Hongkong Telegraph* and the *South China Morning Post* are not permitted to compete.
- 13.—The decisions of the Judges shall be final.
- 14.—At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at the *Telegraph* office within seven days.

COMMENCE SENDING IN YOUR ENTRIES NOW.

USE THIS FORM  
AND  
LIGHTLY PASTE IT ON THE  
BACK OF EACH ENTRY.

Collect these Forms which will  
be printed daily.

### ENTRY FORM

SECTION .....  
NAME .....  
ADDRESS .....  
DATE .....  
Please use block letters and paste this on back of each entry. If entered in Children's Section, parent please counter-sign here.



# CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

25 words \$2.00  
for 3 days prepaid

## WANTED KNOWN.

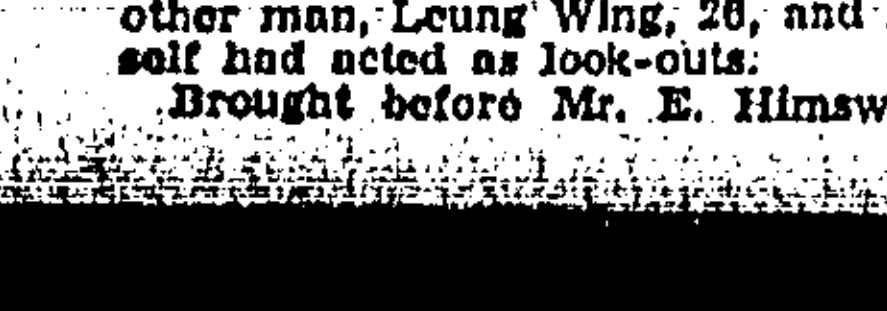
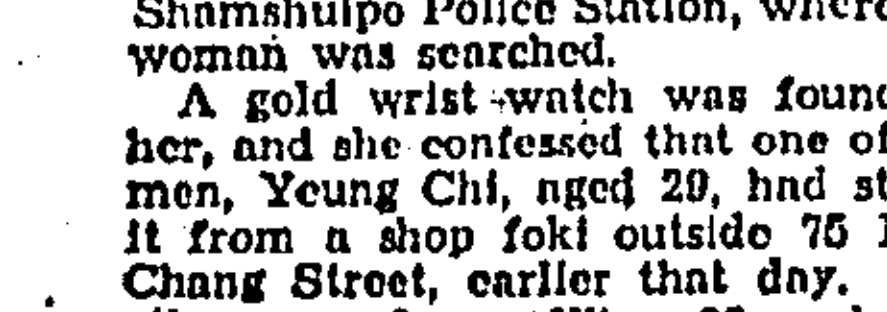
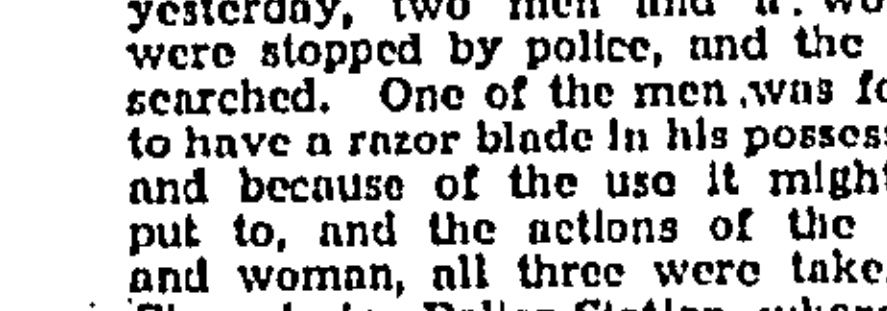
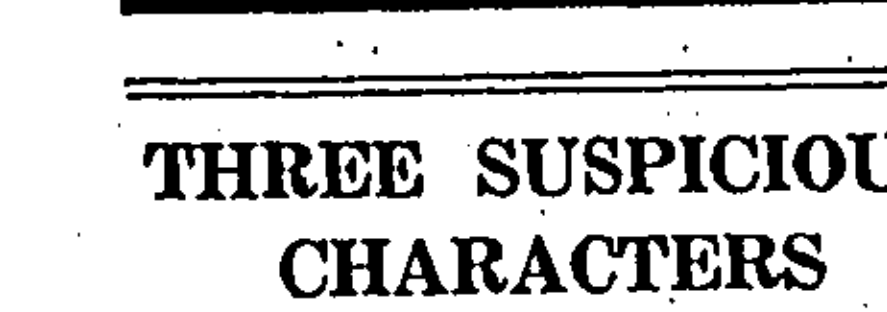
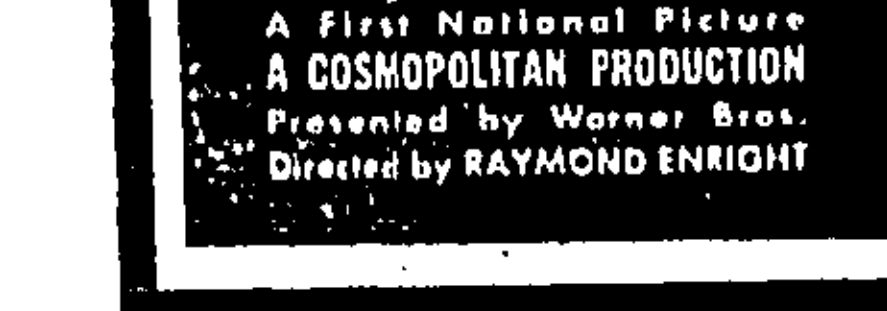
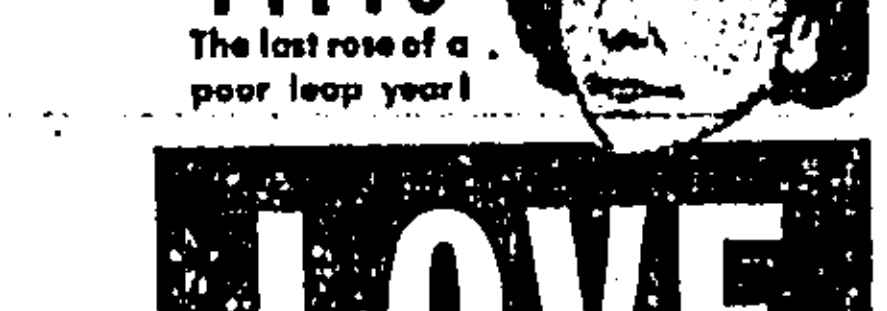
SEEDS.—Our 1937 catalogue of flower and vegetable seeds is now ready. Ask for a copy at The Clover Flower Shop, Gloucester Arcade.

## TO LET.

OFFICE FLATS TO LET.—Convenient office accommodation in P. & O. Building. Apply Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., P. & O. Building.

# KING'S OPENING WEDNESDAY

1st Theatre copy reserved in post.



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### THE "STAR" FERRY CO., LTD.

#### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that an Interim Dividend of \$2.00 per Share has been declared, for the half year ended 30th June, 1937, payable on Thursday, 5th August, 1937, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Office of the Company, Kowloon.

The Register of Shares of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 28th July to Thursday, 5th August, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

F. H. CRAPNELL,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, 14th July, 1937.

## CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

### SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

#### The Steamship "JEAN LABORDE"

No. 18 A/37

Bringing Cargo from Marseilles via ports, etc., arrived Hongkong on Friday, 23rd July, 1937.

Consignees are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before 3rd August, 1937, or they will not be recognized.

Damaged packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyors Messrs. Goddard and Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10.00 a.m. on Thursday, 26th July, 1937.

Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when any dutiable goods are examined by the Company's Surveyors.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

JOHARD,  
Agent.  
Hongkong, 23rd July, 1937.

#### N. Y. K. LINE (NIIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.)

From EUROPE and STRAITS.

### The Steamship "KINUGASA MARU"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 31st July, 1937, will be subject to rent. Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignee's and the Co.'s representatives on any Tuesdays and Fridays at 2.30 p.m. within the free storage period. For the examination of damaged dutiable goods, the consignees must arrange for a Revenue Officer to be present.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns. No fire insurance has been effected.

NIIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.  
Hongkong, 20th July, 1937.

## OUR GUIDE TO THE CINEMAS

"I Met Him In Paris" (Queen's Theatre and Alhambra Theatre, to-day).—Claude Colbert introduces a special brand of humour which is exclusively hers in this gay and attractive film. Assisted by Melvyn Douglas and Robert Young, Miss Colbert scores a great triumph and makes this one of the finest comedy-romances of the season. Wesley Ruggles brilliantly directs the picture.

"Green Light" (King's Theatre, to-day).—Based on Lloyd C. Douglas' best-seller, this picture retains all the original strength and beauty of the story. Errol Flynn adds considerably to his already enviable reputation as a skilful actor, and some fine work is accomplished by Anita Louise and Sir Cedric Hardwicke.

"When's Your Birthday?" (Oriental Theatre, to-day).—One of Joe E. Brown's happiest comedies. This time the man with the "huge mouth and strange utterances, dabbles in astrology and the planets, and as a soothsayer he is tops.

"Under Cover Of Night" (Majestic Theatre, to-day).—Edmund Lowe doing the slick detective stuff in true "Thin Man" style. There are many dams and mysteries galore which Mr. Lowe eventually clears up after some clever investigating. A fine measured tempo is maintained throughout the film which is as exciting as it is absorbing.

at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, the two men were sentenced to two months' hard labour each, while the woman, who gave her name as Chung Kok-kwan, aged 29, was sentenced to a month. Detective Sergeant A. Wallingford prosecuted.

## SHARE PRICES

The following is the list of local share quotations issued this morning.

### Banks.

H. K. Banks, \$1,025, b. cum div.  
H. K. Banks, (Lon. Reg.), £112½ ex. div. n.  
Chartered Bank, £14½ n.  
Mercantile Bank, A. and B. £23½ n.  
Mercantile Bank, C., £15 n.  
East Asia Bank, \$101 n.  
Insurance.

Canton Ins., \$300 n.  
Union Ins., \$205 n.  
China Underwriters, \$2 n.  
H. K. Fire Ins., \$280 n.  
Internat'l Assce., Sh. \$3 n.  
Shipping.

Douglas, \$48 b.  
H. K. Steamships, \$8.50 n.  
Indo-China (Pref.), \$51 n.  
Indo-China (Ord.), \$42 n.  
Shell (Ord.), 109/9 n.  
Union Waterboats, \$30.30 b.  
Docks etc.

H. K. & W. Wharves, \$117 5a.  
H. K. & W. Docks, \$32.85 n.  
Providents (old), \$22.85 n.  
Providents (new), 60 cts n.  
Nc., Engineering, Sh. \$3½ n.  
Shanghai Docks, Sh. \$108 n.  
Mining.

Kallian Mining, Adm. 20/6 n.  
Raubus, \$11.40 n.  
Venz, Goldfield \$5 n.  
Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, \$6.00 n.  
H. K. Lands, \$35½ n.  
H. K. Lands, 4% Deben. \$105 n.  
Shai. Lands, \$11½ n.  
Metropolitan Lands, Sh. \$7 n.  
Humphreys, \$8.10 n.  
China Estates \$90 b.  
China Realities, Sh. \$1 n.  
China Deben, \$60 n.  
Philippine Mining.

Atomoks, P. 78  
Atoks, P. 20½  
Bangulu Gold P. 18  
Benguet Consol., P. 10.00  
Benguet Explor., P. 15  
Coco Grove, P. 52  
Consolidated Mines, P. 0.18  
Demonstrations, P. 45  
E. Mindanao, P. 17½  
Gumau's Gold P. 11  
Ipo Gold, P. 16  
I. X. L., P. 61  
Itogons, P. 7  
Mabuhay Consols, P. 17½  
Min. Resources, P. 18  
Northern Min. P. 06  
Paracale Gumau's, P. 27½  
Salacot Mining, P. 022  
San Mauricio, P. 1.20  
Sayoc Consol., P. 22½  
United Paracales, P. 04  
Public Utilities.

H. K. Tramways, \$14.00 n.  
Peak Tram, (Ord.), \$5 b.  
Peak Tram, (new), \$2½ b.  
Star Ferries \$80 n.  
Younan Ferries (old), \$27 ca.  
China Light, \$13.00 n.  
China Lights (new), \$13.70 n.  
H. K. Electric, \$60 sa.  
Macao Electric, \$10½ n.  
Sandakan Lights, \$29.00 sa.  
Telephone (old), \$29.00 sa.  
Telephone (new), \$11.60 n.  
China Buses, Sh. \$12½ n.  
Singapore Tractions, 24/- n.  
Singapore Pref., 23/- n.  
Industrial.

Cald: Macg. (old), Sh. \$10 n.  
Cald: Macg. (Pref.), Sh. \$17 n.  
Canton Ice, \$2 n.  
Cement, \$15.10 n.  
H. K. Ropes, \$5.05 n.  
Stores, &c.

Dairy Farm, \$20.75 sa.  
Watson, \$3.40 n.  
Lane Crawford, \$8.65 n.  
Sinceres, \$2.00 n.  
Wing On (H.K.), \$50 n.  
Wm. Powells, 40 cts. b.  
Cotton Mills.

Ewo Cottons, Sh. \$10. n.  
Shai Cottons, (Ord.), Sh. \$120 n.  
Zong Sing, \$34 n.  
Wing On Textiles, Sh. \$80 n.  
Miscellaneous.

H. K. Entertainments, \$5.20 n.  
Constructions (old), \$1.60 n.  
Constructions (new), 45 cts. b.  
Vibro Piling, \$4½ n.  
Ch. Govt. 5% 1925 G.S.Bds. 97½ n.  
H. K. Govt. 3½% Loan 8½% prem. n.  
H. K. Govt. 3½% Loan 1% b.  
Wallace Harpers, \$4½ n.  
Marsmans Ins., (Lond.) c/- 27/- n.  
ex. div.  
Marsmans (H.K.), 6/9 b.

## MANILA SHARES

The following opening quotations and closing business done quotations for the morning session on the Manila Stock Exchange were received by Swan, Culbertson & Fritz from their Manila office:

Prices in Pesos  
Opening Prices Business  
Buyers Sellers Done

Antamok ..... 77 ..... 79  
Atok ..... 27 ..... 29  
Benguet Cons. .... 10.00 ..... 10.00  
Benguet Expl. .... 10.00 ..... 10.00  
Bing Wedge ..... 14 ..... 17  
Coco Grove ..... 34 ..... 43  
Consolidated Mines ..... 43 ..... 47  
East Mindanao ..... 17 ..... 17½  
Gumau's Gold ..... 54 ..... 55  
Hagdon ..... 37 ..... 38  
Mabuhay Resources ..... 17½ ..... 19½  
Northern Mining ..... 04½ ..... 10  
Paracale Gumau's ..... 25 ..... 26½  
San Mauricio ..... 1.15 ..... 1.25  
Sayoc ..... 28 ..... 28½  
United Paracales ..... 03 ..... 04  
Market.—Easy.

## WATER LEVELS FOR WEST, NORTH AND EAST RIVERS

The River Conservancy Bureau for Kwangtung Province issues the following report on water levels, in metres, for the West, North and East Rivers.

Highest Lowest  
Place of Observation record 24/7 25/7

West River at  
Wuchow ..... 24.26 ..... 0.76 + 2.99 + 2.99  
Shanghai ..... 12.30 ..... 0 + 1.73 + 1.77  
North River at  
Tungpuen ..... 8.30 ..... 0 + 1.73 + 1.99  
East River at  
Shanghai ..... 8.41 ..... 1.23 + 0.46 + 0.40  
Shanghai ..... 8.71 ..... 0.82 + 0.70 +

# Shipping Intelligence

Shipping Companies are requested to forward, as early as possible information regarding arrivals, departures, time and mooring place and other movements. Urgent information should be telephoned to the shipping Editor, Phone 26615.

## PORT DIRECTORY

ANKING (H. & S.), Talkoo Dock.  
ANHUI (H. & S.), Talkoo Dock.  
CHANGKANG (J.M.), 12½ n.  
MAUSANG (J.M.), 12½ n.  
HOOGHOU (H. & S.), Talkoo Dock.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY  
(Agents Phone Numbers Given.)  
CHIAKSANG (J.M.) from Canton, 11.15 a.m.  
POTSDAM (Melchers) from Shanghai, 6 a.m. Kowloon Wharf, 2772.  
SANDVIKEN (J.M.) from Shanghai, 12.30 p.m., West Point Wharf, 30311.

SAILED YESTERDAY  
(Agents Phone Numbers Given.)  
HANGSANG (J.M.) for Canton, 8 a.m. 30311.  
POTSDAM (Melchers) for Manila, 6 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 2772.

ARRIVING TO-DAY  
(Agents Phone Numbers Given.)  
ANDRE LEBON (M.M.) from Shanghai, 9 a.m. Kowloon Wharf, 26651.  
BUENOS AIRES MARU (O.S.K.) from Japan, 2.30 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 28051.

SAILING TO-DAY  
(Agents Phone Numbers Given.)  
CHIAKSANG (J.M.) for Shanghai, 4 p.m. 30311.  
FRIDERUN (Melchers) for Rabaul, 6 p.m. Stonecutters, 2772.  
SANDVIKEN (J.M.) for Canton, 9 a.m. West Point Wharf, 30311.  
SILVERWALNUT (Furness) for Europe, 10 a.m., Talkoo Dock, 23165.

ARRIVING TO-MORROW  
(Agents Phone Numbers Given.)  
VAN HEUTS (J.C.J.L.) from Straits, p.m., midstream, 28015.

SAILING TO-MORROW  
(Agents Phone Numbers Given.)  
ANDRE LEBON (M.M.) for Europe, 8 a.m. Kowloon Wharf, 26651.  
BUENOS AIRES MARU (O.S.K.) for Colombo 4 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 28051.  
NIEL MAERSK (Jehsen) for America, 4 p.m. 26651.  
REISTAN (Douglas) for Amoy, 4 p.m. Co's Wharf, 28037.  
TJISONDARI (J.C.J.L.) for Samarang, 11 a.m. A.S. 28091.

VESSELS DUE  
ANNA MAERSK (Jehsen), July 29.  
ALBERTO (H. & S.), Aug. 13.  
GIANGTE (H. & S.), Aug. 5.

## DAY BY DAY NEWS IN BRIEF

THE ELEVATED MIND IS EXPOSED TO OTHER THAN ORDINARY TEMPTATIONS. SHALL IT, THEN, BE GOVERNED BY THE ORDINARY RULES OF VIRTUE.—Schiller.

Sentence of two months' hard labour was passed by Mr. Thomson at the Central Magistracy this morning on Lau Hung, a coolie, who admitted a charge of stealing two brass window fittings from 12 On Lan Street, ground floor.

Hearing of the case against Li Tsan for the attempted murder of Police Sergeant Natha Khan, by firing a shot at him in the Central Police Station on July 23, was fixed for the afternoon of August 9 by Mr. W. M. Thomson at the Central Magistracy this morning.

A remand of 48 hours was granted Detective Sub-Inspector R. Cunningham when he charged Chan Ka, aged 40, before Mr. E. Himsforth at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, with uttering and having possession of a forged \$50 Hongkong and Shanghai Bank note at 27 Shanghai Street on July 24.

Charged with the larceny of \$15 from stall No. 6 at Kei Lun Street, (Kau) Kan, unemployed, was sentenced to one month's hard labour by Mr. W. M. Thomson at the Central Magistracy this morning. Inspector Armit said that on Saturday night the master of the stall was counting money, when defendant came up and snatched some of it. He ran away but was arrested.

For the theft of clothing and money to the total value of \$3.15 from a fruit dealer on board the s.s. Po On, Liu Fuk-toi, 21, travelling trader, was fined \$25 with the alternative of three weeks' hard labour, by Mr. Thomson at the Central Magistracy this morning. According to Inspector Shannon, defendant was arrested at the Lin Chung Wharf by a Chinese detective early this morning carrying the clothing. The theft was discovered when enquiries were made on board the steamer.

Pleading guilty to a charge of attempted larceny of a handbag containing \$50 and miscellaneous articles from Wong Yuk-hing, married woman, at Tin Lok Lane on Saturday before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy this morning, Lo Tsat, aged 28, unemployed, was sentenced to six months' hard labour. Inspector A. V. Baker said the woman was walking along the street about 10.45 p.m. when defendant made a snatch at the bag. He was unsuccessful, but was arrested when a constable came on the scene.

CORNVILLE (Bank), July 27.  
DUISBERG (Jehsen), July 30.  
EMPRESS OF CANADA (G.P.S.), Aug. 27.  
EMPRESS OF JAPAN (G.P.S.), July 30.  
GNEISENAU (Melchers), Aug. 12.  
MEERKEK (J.C.J.L.), Aug. 6.  
MEMNON (D. & S.), Aug. 1.  
MENELAUS (D. & S.), Aug. 23.  
NEPTUNE (Jehsen), Aug. 4.  
PANTANA (E.A.C.), Aug. 8.  
STENTOR (H. & S.), Aug. 10.  
SWARTENHOUT (J.C.J.L.), July 28.  
TEUCER (D. & S.), Aug. 12.  
TARONGA (Dodwell), Aug. 17.  
TJIKEMANG (J.C.J.L.), July 31.  
TONGKING (E.A.C.), Aug. 4.  
TRAVE (Melchers), Aug. 1.  
TYNDAREUS (D. & S.), Aug. 9.  
VAN HEUTS (J.C.J.L.), July 27.

ANDRE LEBON  
The Messageries Maritimes liner Andre Lebon which was scheduled to sail for Europe at 11 a.m., to-morrow will now sail at 8 a.m.

PASSENGER LIST  
The Dollar liner President Jackson which arrived here on Saturday from San Francisco and America brought the following passengers for Hongkong:

Mr. and Mrs. Constantine A. Blum, Mr. and Mrs. Baron van Boelzelar, Don Juan Calvo Casado, Mr. Cheng Tun-buh, Mr. Cheng Liacoco, Mr. and Mrs. T. Dharmadas, Mr. Henry James Edou, Mr. Y. C. Fong, Mr. Philip Gillentine, Mr. C. M. Hong, Mr. Ho Wing-leung, Madame Hsu Yang-shue, Miss Hsu, Miss Marguerite, Jacob, Mrs. Kenneth D. Johnson, Mr. Johannes, Mr. R. Karamchand, Mr. Lee Yoo-ching, Mr. and Mrs. Y. C. Lee, Mr. S. Lin, Mr. Robert Z. Lindsay, Mr. Lo Lin-pak, Mr. M. Hoogstraaten, Dr. Ernest C. Wilson, Mr. Sui, Mrs. Mar Lo-shue, Mr. James Mar, Mr. Alfred Mar, Mr. Norman Mar, Miss Gladys Mar, Mr. and Mrs. P. T. McLeenan, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Allen Miller, Rev. Maynard Murphy, Mr. Irving Netzer, Mrs. and Miss K. S. Pam, Mr. Phoa Lung-gie, Miss Florence Purdy, Mrs. Noran Ann Roseth, Miss S. E. Stevens, Mr. Siong, Mr. Charles N. Sherman, Mr. Alfred T. Terkelson, Mr. and Mrs. Tjui Chang-seong, Miss Tjui, Mr. Kung Hong-keung, Mr. and Mrs. J. van Hoogstraaten, Dr. Ernest C. Wilson, Mr. K. F. Wing, Mr. H. Y. Young and Young Yat-yuen.

S.S. NELLORE & S.S. SANTHIA  
The s.s. Nellore, Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co., is due here from Melaji on the morning of Thursday, July 29.

The s.s. Santhia of the same Company is also due here on Thursday. She is coming from Amoy, and is scheduled to sail for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Rangoon and Calcutta at 10.30 a.m. on Saturday, July 31.

R.M.S. LINERS  
The R.M.S. Empress of Japan is due in Shanghai from Kobe to-morrow afternoon and will leave there for Hongkong and Manila at 10.30 a.m. the day after to-morrow.

The R.M.S. Empress of Russia is due at Nagasaki from Shanghai early to-morrow morning. She will leave Kobe on Thursday, July 29, and Yokohama on Saturday, July 31.

Money and jewellery to the value of \$215 were reported to have been lost in a public chair yesterday. They were the property of Tong Lam, a woman.

A report has been made to the police by Mr. Raza, of No. 7 Liberty Avenue, Homunint, that a bathing costume and a pair of spectacles, valued altogether at \$22, were stolen from his motor car which he had left parked din Gascoigne Road yesterday.

Diving in shallow water at the South China Athletic Association bathing pavilion at Quarry Bay yesterday, Fu Wan, aged 31, of No. 10 Lee Yuen Street, injured his nose when he hit a submerged rock. He was taken to the Queen Mary Hospital for treatment.

Kam Wan, an 18-year-old coolie, was charged before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy this morning with the larceny of a piece of copper weighing 15 lbs. and worth \$11, from Talkoo Dockyard. Inspector A. Wright said the copper was found hidden in defendant's trousers. A fine of \$50, or six weeks' hard labour, was imposed.

A fine of \$20, or six weeks' hard labour, was inflicted on Leung Tak, aged 42, unemployed, when he appeared before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy this morning, charged with the larceny of a thermos flask from an unknown person at Connaught Road West near the Wing Lok Street Wharf. He was originally charged with unlawful possession of the flask, but admitted stealing. Inspector W. Muir produced a previous conviction against defendant.

"This is a new one on me," remarked Mr. W. M. Thomson at the Central Magistracy this morning, when he was told by Mak Hi, 25, unemployed, who was charged with returning from banishment, that he was brought to Hongkong against his will by a Canton steamer which sailed whilst he was asleep on board. Defendant, who was arrested by an Indian constable in Tinolungshan Street, was banished for ten years on April 13 last. He was sentenced to one year's hard labour.

Seen climbing up No. 7 Fung Wong Terrace yesterday, Lo Yick, aged 29, unemployed, was arrested by Indian constable 1485. He was unable to give a satisfactory explanation for his action, and was charged before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy this morning with the offence. Inspector A. V. Baker said the time was 2.05 a.m. Defendant had two previous convictions. His words, remarking that defendant seemed to be a cat burglar, sentenced him to two months' hard labour.

# POST OFFICE.

## POSTAL KIOSK AT STANLEY

The New Post Office Kiosk at Stanley will be open for business on August 3, 1937.

## POSTAL ANNOUNCEMENT

The Public are reminded that the postage on Printed Papers, Commercial Papers, Samples and Small Packets must be fully prepaid. Insufficiently prepaid Printed Papers etc. are not forwarded.

## VIA SIBERIA ROUTE

Letters, Postcards and Samples for Europe and South America are forwarded "via Siberia" if so superscribed.

## INWARD MAILS

Japan ..... Buenos Aires Maru ..... July 26.  
Shanghai and Swatow ..... Yochow ..... July 26.  
Shanghai ..... Andre Lebon ..... July 27.  
Shanghai ..... Autolycus ..... July 27.  
Halphong ..... Canton ..... July 27.  
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date 17th July.  
Halphong, Pakhoi and Holhow ..... Imperial Airways Plane ..... July 27.  
Shanghai and Europe via Siberia (London date 8th July). ..... Sarpedon ..... July 27.  
Straits ..... Yingchow ..... July 27.  
Bangkok and Swatow ..... Achilles ..... July 28.  
Air Mail by "Pan-American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date 21st July.  
Saigon ..... Swartenhondt ..... July 28.  
Holhow ..... Klingsau ..... July 29.  
Japan ..... Sontha ..... July 29.  
Amoy ..... Behar ..... July 30.  
Shanghai, U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan, Canada and Shanghai (Vancouver B.C., 10th July). ..... Emp. of Japan ..... July 30.  
Straits ..... Hakone Maru ..... July 30.  
Japan and Shanghai ..... Katori Maru ..... July 30.  
Manila ..... Pres. Jackson ..... July 30.

## OUTWARD MAILS

Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m., registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day.

For Per Date and Time.  
Monday.  
Samshui and Wuchow ..... Tai Ming ..... Mon., July 26, 4 p.m.  
Madang, Salamaua, Rabaul and Friderun ..... Mon., July 26, 4.30 p.m.  
Tulagi.  
Air Mail for "France Orient Service" Andre Lebon ..... Mon., July 26.  
(Due Marseilles, 8th August) ..... G.P.O. and K.P.O.  
Reg., ..... July 26, 4.30 p.m.  
Ord., ..... July 26, 5 p.m.  
Saigon, \*Ceylon, \*India, \*East and Andre Lebon ..... Mon., July 26.  
\*South Africa, Egypt and Europe ..... G. P. O. and K. P. O.  
via Marseilles ..... Reg., ..... July 26, 5 p.m.  
(Due Marseilles 24th August) ..... Ord., ..... July 26, 5.30 p.m.

Tuesday.  
Batavia and Sourabaya ..... Tjisondari ..... Tues., July 27, 9.30 a.m.  
Air Mail for Canton and Districts ..... C.N.A.C. plane ..... Tues., July 27.  
Reg., ..... G.P.O. & K.P.O.  
Ord., ..... July 27, Noon.  
Bangkok via Swatow ..... Kalgon ..... Tues., July 27, 1.30 p.m.  
Straits, Ceylon, India, East and Buenos Aires Maru ..... Tues., July 27, 2.30 p.m.  
South Africa ..... Tues., July 27, 3 p.m.  
Swatow, Amoy and Foonow ..... Seisan ..... Tues., July 27, 3 p.m.  
Airmail for "Eurasia Airways Eurasia Plane" ..... Tues., July 27.  
Direct Service ..... Reg., ..... July 27, 4 p.m.  
Ord., ..... July 27, 5 p.m.  
Saigon ..... Mecklenburg ..... Tues., July 27, 5 p.m.  
Airmail for "K.L.M. Service"—due Sarpedon ..... Tues., July 27.  
Amsterdam 9th August. ..... G.P.O. and K.P.O.  
Reg., ..... July 27, 4.30 p.m.  
Ord., ..... July 27, 5 p.m.

Wednesday.  
Straits, Ceylon, India, Aden, Egypt Sarpedon ..... Tues., July 27.  
and Europe via Marseilles (Due Marseilles, 27th August) ..... Parcels, ..... July 27, 3 p.m.  
London, Parcels. ..... Reg., ..... July 27, 5 p.m.  
(Due London 2nd September) ..... Ord., ..... July 27, 5.30 p.m.  
Air Mail for Swatow, Amoy, Foo-chow and North China (via Shanghai) ..... C.N.A.C. plane ..... Tues., July 27.  
Reg., ..... July 27, 5 p.m.  
Ord., ..... July 27, 5 p.m.

Thursday.  
Holhow ..... Anhui ..... Thurs., July 28, 9 a.m.  
Friday.  
Manila ..... Emp. of Japan Fri., July 30, 3.30 p.m.  
Sandakan ..... Emp. of Japan Fri., July 30, 3.30 p.m.  
Airmail for "Imperial Airways Imperial Airways Plane Fri., July 30.  
Direct Service"—due London, 8th August. ..... G.P.O. & K.P.O.  
Reg., ..... July 30



## WANCHAI INCIDENT RECALLED MAN CHARGED ON THREE COUNTS

An attempted hold-up by an armed man in a Wanchai shop on Friday last had a sequel at the Central Magistracy this morning, when Ho Sang, aged 23, unemployed carpenter, was charged before Mr. W. Schofield with (a) assaulting Cheng Yim-ming at No. 170 Johnston Road, ground floor, with intent to rob, being armed with a revolver, (b) attempting to murder Cheng Yim-ming and (c) possession of a revolver and three rounds of ammunition without a licence from the Inspector General of Police.

Detective Sub-Inspector W. N. Darkin, who prosecuted, applied for a formal remand of three days, which was granted.

Defendant, it is alleged, entered the shop about 4.30 p.m. on Friday brandishing the revolver at Cheng, and ordering the man not to move. Cheng attempted to escape and defendant is then said to have pulled the trigger of his revolver, a click being the only result. Cheng returned immediately with a friend, and chased defendant down the road, where he was eventually caught by an Indian sergeant after attempting to fire his revolver again.

## Gaol Escape Attempt

Man Injured When  
Jumping From Wall

An attempt to escape from Victoria Gaol was revealed at the Central Magistracy this morning, when the case against Wang Po and Chung Piu, for possession of heroin pills at 70 Lower Lascar Row, second floor, was called.

Senior Revenue Officer A. W. Grimmit said he understood Wong was now in the hospital suffering from injuries received when he attempted to escape from Victoria Gaol on July 17, by jumping over a wall in the compound of the prison.

The case was remanded for one week.

## ANOTHER INCIDENT

When the case against Au Kai, 29, unemployed, for the larceny of a handbag, containing \$11.50, was called before Mr. Thomson at the Central Magistracy this morning, Inspector Kirby said the man was at present in hospital, suffering from injuries which he received in an attempt to escape.

Inspector Kirby added that about 1.30 p.m. on Saturday, complainant, Wong Yuen, 24, married woman, was riding on a sedan chair in Po Yan Street, when defendant made three attempts to snatch her handbag. In the last attempt, he was successful but as he was running away, chased by Indian constable B299, he fell down some steps and received injuries to the head.

The case was remanded for a week.

## OPIUM SEIZURE SEQUEL OWNERS AND BANK BRING ACTION £10,000 CLAIM IN HONGKONG

The seizure by the Chinese Maritime Customs at Shanghai of 100 cases of opium, valued at £17,000, in 1936, had a sequel when a claim to recover £10,000 from the carriers was brought by the owners in the Supreme Court this morning.

Mr. Justice C. G. Abbot, K.C., heard the claim which was brought by the Bank of Taiwan, Ltd., and H. S. M. R. Kneeront & Sons, merchants of Bushire, Persia, against Rickmers Rheder A.G., owners of the ship, Claus Rickmers.

Mr. Eldon Potter, K.C., and Mr. H. C. Macnamara were instructed by Mr. R. A. Wadsworth, of Deacons, for the plaintiffs, while Mr. H. G. Sheldon, K.C., and the Hon. Mr. Leo D'Almada, were instructed by Mr. D. H. Blake, of Wilkinson & Grist, for the defendants.

The statement of claim set out that the plaintiffs were the owners and the Bank of Taiwan were the pledgees of the opium. Defendants, by MacKinnon, MacKenzie & Co., their agents in Hongkong, shipped the opium at Hongkong on November 13, 1936, consigned on a bill of lading to Coromandel, Baku and Wladimir at Dairen. The opium was not delivered and plaintiffs suffered a loss of £17,000 through the confiscation of the cargo by the Chinese Maritime Customs in Shanghai, the confiscation having been brought about by the negligence of defendants in making a breach of the regulations governing the import of opium into China.

The claim was, therefore, for the loss of the cargo carried on the bill of lading; alternatively, for damages caused by negligence.

At the commencement of the case Mr. Potter said defendants had pleaded the Carriage of Goods by Sea Ordinance which limited their liability to £100 per case of opium. This reduced the claim to £10,000 which was agreed upon as the sum to be converted into local currency at the date of confiscation if plaintiffs succeeded.

**SHIPMENT ADMITTED**  
Counsel continued that the facts of the shipment and the duty of the defendants was admitted by them, and it was clear that unless they could prove that they took proper care of the cargo and unless they could bring the case within "exceptions" of the bill of lading without any default of their own, defendants must assume liability.

In the defence to the claim, defendants were relying on the "Restraint of Princes" clause for non-delivery of the cargo. Counsel would submit they could not plead that clause because the importation of opium to China was prohibited, and opium in transit was admitted under very strict rules drawn up by the Chinese Maritime Customs, which rules the defendants had broken. This breach brought about the confiscation.

The regulations in question asked that agents of vessels having opium in transit to other ports should inform the Chief Tide Surveyor in writing, how much opium was being carried so that proper precautions could be taken against any opium being smuggled ashore. Defendants neglected to inform the Chief Tide Surveyor prior to the arrival of the ship but sent in a manifest shortly afterwards in which no mention of the opium was made. Another manifest, covering the opium was sent later. Defendants would deny that the importation of opium into China was absolutely forbidden and further that the regulation was in force at the time. They would maintain that there was no duty imposed on them to do other than they did.

Mr. Potter suggested that the regulation was easy to comply with and any reasonable man would obey it to protect his cargo.

The defendants would deny that they did import opium into China, but Counsel submitted that bringing such a cargo into China's territorial waters was importation.

**LEGAL ASPECTS**  
Counsel set out the English law on the case and briefly summed up the Chinese law, which, he said, would be proved in Court by two gentlemen of high attainments. China had made some drastic laws in the past, but from entering the country and opium required for medicinal purposes and drugs in transit only were allowed to be imported, these under very strict conditions.

Counsel quoted Notification 948 of the Customs and Excise Department, 1936 to a high of 54.8 millions in April, 1937; whilst export values fluctuated from a low of \$25.5 millions in August, 1936 to a high of \$40.7 millions in March, 1937.

In Shanghai a manifest which, although it covered all cargoes including those for transshipment, to Dairen, made no mention of the opium. The manifest was signed by the Captain and Mr. Palm, the local agent.

On the morning of the following day, between 9 and 10 o'clock, the Customs detained the opium, and submitted to that defendants delivered an additional manifest. The position at the time of the detention was as follows: (1) No notification in writing was given to the Customs as to the presence of the opium on board; (2) A manifest in respect of transshipment of cargo to Dairen was delivered to the Customs but no position of the opium was made; (3) The Kwangtung Government Imports Certificate was produced, which was not valid for Shanghai; and (4) It had been intended by the Captain that it was his intention to transship the opium, not on board a particular vessel but to land it for transshipment, a procedure which, Counsel submitted, was wholly illegal.

The case is proceeding.

## 92 Degrees Yesterday Year's Heat Record Equalled

A temperature of 92 degrees, equaling the year's record, was registered yesterday, according to the Royal Observatory returns. The night minimum was 79. To-day at 10 a.m. the temperature was 86, with humidity of 81.

Rainfall during the 24 hours ended at 10 a.m. to-day was 0.03-inch, bringing the year's total so far to 49.69 inches, against an average of 50.26.

This morning's weather report reads: The typhoon is moving north-eastward through the Straits of Korea. A shallow depression lies over South China and the northern part of the China Sea. Local forecast:—South and S.W. winds, moderate; fair to showery.

## POLICE RESERVE ORDERS FOR CURRENT WEEK

Orders by the Hon. Mr. T. H. King, Inspector General of Police, state:—

**Indian Company**  
Training Course: Part III.—The undermentioned members of the Indian Company will attend Kennedy Road Range on Wednesday, July 28th for Part III of Training Course from 10.00 to 12.30 hours under P. S. A. 210 Perkins:—Constables R201 S. I. Bux, R203, M. Din, R207 F. I. Oppal, R210 A. Shah, R211 S. Aras, R212 A. Aziz, R213 S. B. Hussain, R214 Muhammad Singh, R216 Lal Khan, R220 K. Singh, R222 K. Ali, R226 A. R. Razack, R229 L. D. R233 M. Singh, R234 M. Hassan, R236 M. S. Dillon, R237 N. Ahmed, R245 G. Chand, R246 M. Y. Khan, R248 R. Shah, R250 A. Hamid, and R260 A. Rehman.

**Flying Squad**  
Training Course: Part II.—The undermentioned members of the Flying Squad will attend Police Training School, Kowloon for Part II of Training Course on Tuesday, July 27th to 17.30 hours:—Constables R303 D. Young, R313 D. M. Xavier, and R302 G. Woodier.

**Emergency Unit Reserve**  
Promotion.—Constable R423 B. W. Simmons is promoted to the rank of Lance Sergeant, with effect from 22nd July, 1937. Constable R435 R. Lee is promoted to the rank of Acting Lance Sergeant, with effect from 22nd July, 1937.

**General Meeting.**—A General Meeting will be held at No. 2 Police Station on Wednesday, July 28th, 1937. All members will meet at Queen's Pier at 17.15 hours. Dress—Muffs.

**Squad Drill.**—A squad drill will be carried out by members of the Emergency Unit Reserve on Friday, July 30th at No. 2 Police Station at 17.30 hours. All members will meet at Queen's Pier at 17.15 hours sharp. Dress—Optional.

**Rule Shoot.**—The undermentioned members will meet at Queen's Pier on Sunday, August 1st at 09.00 hours. They will shoot against the Royal Naval Dockyard Police Rifle Team at Stonecutters Island:—P. S. R. 408 G. J. Grover, L. S. R. 423 B. W. Simmons, L. S. R. 405 W. A. Tsimley, L. S. R. 425 B. Lee, P. C. R. 404 M. A. de Souza, R407 L. V. Tipples, R414 M. A. R. Souza, P. C. R. 421 J. Vander Lely, and P. C. R. 424 P. Archip-off.

Other members of the Unit are welcome to attend if they desire.  
C. CHAMPKIN,  
D. S. P. (R).

## COLONY TRADE INCREASE

(Continued from Page 1.)

a sterling increase of 29.2 per cent.; whilst exports totalled \$38.9 millions (£2.4 millions) as compared with \$29.9 millions (£1.9 millions); a dollar increase of 30.1 per cent. and a sterling increase of 26.3 per cent.

**MONTHLY FLUCTUATIONS**  
Since June, 1936, monthly values of imports of merchandise into Hongkong fluctuated from a low Hongkong dollar value (\$2.1 millions) in August, 1936 to a high of \$4.8 millions in April, 1937; whilst export values fluctuated from a low of \$25.5 millions in August, 1936 to a high of \$40.7 millions in March, 1937.

In Shanghai a manifest which, although it covered all cargoes including those for transshipment, to Dairen, made no mention of the opium. The manifest was signed by the Captain and Mr. Palm, the local agent.

On the morning of the following day, between 9 and 10 o'clock, the Customs detained the opium, and submitted to that defendants delivered an additional manifest. The position at the time of the detention was as follows: (1) No notification in writing was given to the Customs as to the presence of the opium on board; (2) A manifest in respect of transshipment of cargo to Dairen was delivered to the Customs but no position of the opium was made; (3) The Kwangtung Government Imports Certificate was produced, which was not valid for Shanghai; and (4) It had been intended by the Captain that it was his intention to transship the opium, not on board a particular vessel but to land it for transshipment, a procedure which, Counsel submitted, was wholly illegal.

The case is proceeding.

## JAPANESE TAKE LANFANG AND DRIVE HOPEI FORCE WELL SOUTH OF FENGTAI

(Continued from Page 1.)

by General Sung Cheh-yuan of the 113th Brigade of the 38th Division, stationed at Lanfang, to the right bank the Yingting River. Hereafter, the 38th Division has remained neutral in all the Sino-Japanese clashes.—United Press.

## FIVE JAPANESE WOUNDED

Tokyo, July 26.  
The Domei News Agency reports that five Japanese soldiers were wounded at Lanfang during the clash with Chinese yesterday, when the latter were interfering with Japanese communications. It is reported that at present the Chinese forces are facing the Japanese along the Peiping-Tientsin railway line, although fighting apparently has ceased.—United Press.

## HEAVY LOSSES FEARED

The extent of the casualties inflicted on the Chinese has not been learned.

However, a full Chinese regiment was supposed to be occupying the Lanfang barracks and for this reason the loss of life is presumed to have been heavy.

The Japanese assert the repair party, on which the Chinese fired, was operating with the permission of the Chinese commander and that therefore the attack was a serious breach of faith.

Japanese reinforcements are said to have reached Lanfang at 12.50 a.m. to-day.—United Press.

## URGES REBELLION

Peiping, July 26.  
Openly attempting to get Hopel and Charhar to follow in the footsteps of his colleagues in East Hopel, Yin Yu-keng, pro-Japanese leader in the North, issued a manifesto to the people and simultaneously sent a telegram to General Sung Cheh-yuan, Hopel, Charhar military chief, urging:

"Seize this rare and unrepeatable opportunity to settle the North China situation peacefully and on your own responsibility."

"Sever connection with the Kuomintang and hoist the East Hopel five-barred flag."

He urged General Sung to assist in restoring the republican form of Government and added that the fate of the nation lay in General Sung's choice.—United Press.

## AMERICAN DETAINED

Tangku, July 26.  
American handcarriers detained a United Press correspondent, Mr. C. E. B. MacGowan, for 90 minutes yesterday. He was arrested while transports were arriving, having been suspected of photographing the unloading of munitions and supplies. However, he was released unconditionally.

Mr. MacGowan contends he was on French property when the Japanese arrested him.—United Press.

## VOLUNTEERS ARMED

Shanghai, July 25.  
In view of the growing tension in Shanghai following the reported kidnapping of a Japanese bluejacket, all Chinese Volunteers in Chapel have been supplied with full equipment, including rifle, steel helmet and 600 rounds of ammunition. All members of the Chinese Volunteers have been notified that in case of emergency they will be responsible for maintaining peace and order in the whole district of Chapel. Troops of nearby garrisons around Shanghai have been ordered to stand by. They will be called if further incidents of a serious nature occur.—Wah Kiu Yat Po.

## CANTON PRECAUTION

Canton, July 26.  
In case war breaks out in North China it is possible that it will spread to other places along the South China sea coast. The organisation of ambulance corps in Canton is therefore considered most necessary in view of the present exposed position of this city.

The present ambulance organisations in Canton are insufficient to cope with the situation in war-time. The new ambulance corps will be organised by different Government departments, as well as public bodies under direct control of the Provincial Government.

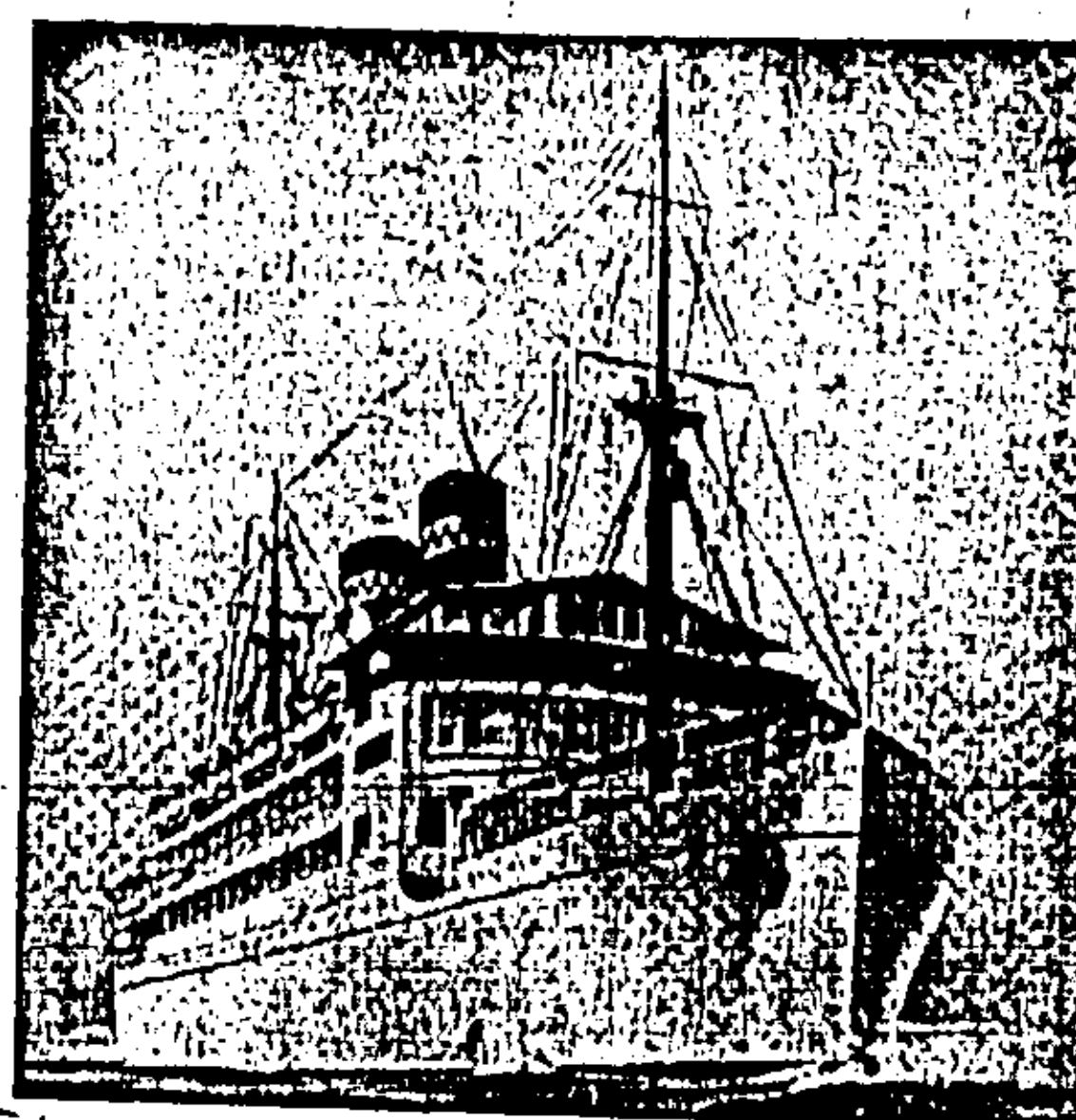
Meanwhile, the Canton Food Control Committee has been instructed by the Government to draw up a scheme regarding emergency food control in war time.

Regarding the maintenance of normal transportation on the Canton-Hankow Railway, it is understood that General Lo Chuk-ying has been given full power to act. This line is vital for troop movements as well as food transportation.—Wah Kiu Yat Po.

## SPURIOUS COINS

Sentence of six months' hard labour was passed on Chan Chan, aged 19, unemployed, when he appeared before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy this morning, charged with the possession of 42 counterfeit 10-cent pieces at Wong Nei Cheong Road on July 24. Defendant stated that a friend of his in Shamshulpo had asked him to take the coins to a man in Hongkong. Detective Sergeant W. Allan, who prosecuted, said he and Chinese detective C128 were on patrol in Wong Nei Cheong Road last Saturday, when they stopped and searched defendant. A roll containing 41 bad coins were found in his pocket together with one loose 10-cent piece. Defendant also had two \$1 notes and two five-cent pieces which were genuine in his possession.

## BURNS PHILP LINE M.V. "NEPTUNA" DUE 4th AUGUST.



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## LIVERPOOL SERVICE

MARON sails 4th Sept. for Havre, Liverpool, & Bromborough.

## NEW YORK SERVICE

PREMIUS sails 27th Sept. for Boston, N. Y., Philadelphia & Baltimore via Batavia, Straits & Cape of Good Hope.

PACIFIC SERVICE (via Kobe, Nagoya and Yokohama)

TYNDAREUS sails 17th Aug. for Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle.

## INWARD SERVICE

ACHILLES Due 28 July. From U. K. via Straits.

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Tatsuma Maru ..... Thurs., 12th Aug.

Seattle & Vancouver (Starts from Kobe).

Hiye Maru ..... Mon., 2nd Aug.

Hiyan Maru ..... Mon., 16th Aug.

New York via Panama.

Notto Maru ..... Sun., 15th Aug.

Nako Maru ..... Sat., 11th Sept.

South America (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama.

Rinkyo Maru ..... Wed., 11th Aug.

London, Marseilles, Antwerp & Rotterdam.

Katori Maru ..... Sat., 31st July

Kashima Maru ..... Sat., 14th Aug.

Yasukuni Maru ..... Fri., 27th Aug.

Liverpool via Port Said, Beyrouth, Istanbul, Piraeus, and Marseilles.

Delagoa Maru ..... Wed., 11th Aug.

Sydney & Melbourne via Manila & Ports.

M.V. "Neptuna" ..... Mon., 9th Aug.

Kamo Maru ..... Sat., 25th Aug.

Bombay via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

Maybashi Maru ..... Wed., 28th July

Ginyo Maru ..... Wed., 11th Aug.

Calcutta via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

Nagato Maru ..... Mon., 26th July

Inokada Maru ..... Fri., 6th Aug.

Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.

Inakono Maru ..... Fri., 30th July

Sawa Maru ..... Sun., 16th Aug.

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TAIPING 7 Sept. 14 Sept. 17 Sept. 3 Oct.

CHANGTE 8 Oct. 15 Oct. 18 Oct. 3 Nov.

TAIPING 9 Nov. 16 Nov. 19 Nov. 4 Dec.

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Pagliacci mio marito-Serenata d'Arlecchino.
- DA1514—Die ehre Gottes aus der Natur (Beethoven)  
Kirsten Flagstad.
- Ich liebe dich (Beethoven).
- DA1562—Wiegenlied (Brahms, Op. 49, No. 4)  
Elisabeth Schumann.
- Immer leiser wird mein Schlummer (Brahms).
- C2909—Lucia di Lammermoor (Mad Scene) . . . . . Lina Pagliughi.  
Splendon lo sacro faci & Spargi d'amaro.
- DB3049—Cho gelida manina (La Bohème-Puccini) . . . . . Jussi Bjorling.  
Celeste Aida (Verdi).
- B8574—My Lovely Celia (Monro arr. Lane Wilson)  
Nan Maryska.
- The Lass with the delicate air (Arno).
- B8573—The Valley where wishes come true . . . . . Walter Glynn.  
I'll walk beside you.

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- 1 pair shoes and ties
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- 2 dress shirts
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- 12 pair hose
- 1 sweater
- 1 fitted dressing case
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**Hongkong Telegraph.**

MONDAY, JULY 26, 1937.

## WARDING OFF A SLUMP

A considerable part of Britain's industrial recovery is being attributed, in certain quarters, to the stimulus provided by the national re-armament scheme, and there is a fear that, once that scheme comes to fruition, a slump may set in. The Government is clearly alive to this possibility, and, as Mr. Neville Chamberlain pointed out a few days ago, the whole matter is at present engaging the attention of all Government departments concerned. This is a wise precaution, for advance concentration on the many issues involved may result in measures to prevent any marked recession in industrial activity. Actually, Britain's economic position has immensely improved during the past four years, there being a rapid and almost unbroken increase in national income. Indeed, during the past three years the rate of growth has been unprecedented. National income during that period increased by no less a sum than £942 millions—a figure which is made all the more impressive when we remember that in the whole twenty-five years from 1865 to 1890 the increase, expressed in present-day prices, was no more than £960 millions. The conclusion has recently been drawn by an economist that there is no intrinsic reason why British industry should not be able to produce an output distinctly greater than at present. But this may be accompanied by a rise in the prices of manufactured goods. So far as the current year is concerned, this increase in production is not expected to involve more than a four per cent. increase in the number of industrial workers employed. This would mean that in the fourth quarter of this year there should be about 450,000 more workers in employment than in the fourth quarter of last year. The number of employed may in the coming autumn drop to below the 1,250,000 figure. Then it may begin to rise again, and the

# LAND of BROKEN PROMISE

by A. L.  
**Easterman**



this in Germany. The same sorry tale can be repeated in Rumania, Hungary and other lands where Hitler's Fascist disciples, imbued with the same principles of race hatred, and armed with the weapons of murder, lie in wait for and terrorise the Jewish minorities.

Altogether some five million Jews in Europe lie crushed, humiliated, attacked and doomed to slow extinction—unless they can escape.

Whither can they flee? The gates of every country have been barred and bolted for years against them by immigration restriction laws. The dictators oppress them, the free countries are closed through economic necessity.

One country alone promised a hope of escape, the country to which Jews have been bound for centuries by unbroken historic and religious association, the country to which they have ceaselessly hoped to return. This country too, Jewish Palestine, has now been all but closed by an Aliens Act directed against the Jews.

This injustice is inexcusable in face of Britain's obligations sanctioned by the world's States and imposed as a trust by the League of Nations.

Jewish pioneer land-workers  
look out over the new country  
they are making.

**A**MID the distractions of domestic rejoicings and foreign anxieties there has been committed, unobserved except by its victims, injustice as cruel in its effects as the rape of Abyssinia and the violation of democratic Spain.

A few weeks ago the British Government, responsible authority under Mandate of the League of Nations, announced the quota of Jewish labour immigrants authorised to enter Palestine during the following four months.

Under this "labour schedule" 620 Jews all told can receive "certificates" permitting them to settle in the Jewish National Home. Of this number 400 are allocated to Jewish refugees from Nazi Germany.

For the next five months, therefore, these doors of Palestine are closed by formal decree of the British Government to all but 220 of the remainder of World Jewry.

The Palestine Government itself reserves 150 certificates, for emergency immigration, mainly non-Jewish.

**D**URING the past 10 years roughly 30,000 Jews have settled in Palestine entered the country, while last year, under conditions of riot and terrorism, 30,000 Jews were absorbed. The Jewish Agency, mindful of new factors, reduced its demands to 7,500 immigrants who could be absorbed in the Palestine labour market during the next four months; the Government's answer is 400 German and 220 other Jews.

No act more cynical could be committed, no blow more callous

could be dealt against a small people living for the most part under conditions of intolerable servitude and oppression, and yearning for centuries to escape to the freedom of its own national existence in the land of its ancestors.

There are scattered throughout the world some 10 million Jews whose history for 20 centuries since the Romans drove them from Palestine has contained the prayer and hope for "next year in Jerusalem."

If only quarter of their number wished to convert that prayer into reality, the last Jew would, at the rate ordained by this British decree, hope to enter the Promised Land in 1,750 years from now.

**F**OR forty years the Hebrews, driven from the Egyptian bondage by Pharaoh, wandered through the desert; to condemn the Jews to-day to a further 1,750 years of exile is an iniquity undreamt of by Hitler's Egyptian predecessor.

Experts have estimated that Palestine can absorb at least 3,000,000 Jews, and Jewish authorities are prepared to settle them at a minimum rate of 50,000 annually.

In relation to the position of the Jewish people in Europe alone, the British Government's policy, if continued indefinitely would be a sentence of death to millions of Jews.

The case of Jewry in Nazi Germany is so well known as now to be accepted with complacency, if not with indifference, by the world.

Half a million Jews have, by the Nuremberg Laws, been legally sentenced to outlawry, deprived of State and citizenship rights. They live under the iron ruthlessness of Hitlerism, under an incredible

tyranny, barred from normal trade and profession, barred from recreation ground and entertainment place, their children barred from the schools and their youth from the colleges. 600,000 people have been hounded into a Ghetto, where they are hardly permitted to live and which they are unable to leave.

Less known, hardly known at all, is the plight of the Jews of Poland. Here, three million men, women and children are, at this moment, living under political disability and suffering an economic slavery at least as terrible as the fate that has befallen the Jews of Germany. Rabid racial intolerance, curtailment of political rights, economic restrictions, daily attacks and the threat of large-scale pogroms, have reduced the great Jewish community to despair and the fear of slow extermination.

One of Poland's leading statesmen recently declared that the only solution of the Polish-Jewish problem is that one million Jews must leave the country.

**A**SIDE-LINE to the well-nigh unbelievable misery of the German and Polish Jews is the position in Silesia, where the Jewish minority is "protected" by a treaty between Germany and Poland.

Ten thousand Jews await, terror-stricken, the advent of the Nazis, who have openly declared that they will visit upon these innocent people the full remorseless fury of the Aryan Laws that has overwhelmed Hitler's Jewish vic-

**T**WENTY years ago the British Government issued the Balfour Declaration to facilitate the establishment in Palestine of a National Home for Jewish people. That declaration was solemnly accepted by the League, which conferred on Britain a Mandate to carry it out. Every British Government has endorsed and adopted both Declaration and Mandate.

In 1931, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, on behalf of the British Government, stated that the Government "recognises that the undertaking in the Mandate is an undertaking to the Jewish people."

Before that, in 1922, Mr. Churchill as Colonial Secretary declared that the Jews were in Palestine "on right and not on sufferance."

By virtue of the international obligation of the Mandate, by virtue of the repeated endorsements of successive British Governments, the Jewish people undertook the enormous task of rebuilding their National Home in Palestine.

In 1920 they found an arid, poverty-stricken, malaria-ridden land, derelict waste despoiled by centuries of Turkish misrule and neglect.

Since 1920, 350,000 Jews have gone to Palestine—students, artisans, tradesmen, scholars and professional men who have entered the country in the teeth of incessant Government restrictions.

**I**N face of incredible hardship, they have built to this flourishing agricultural settlements, clearing the malarial swamps at the cost of hundreds of lives.

They have built great modern towns, prosperous industrial enterprises, hospitals, schools, and a University in Jerusalem.

They have brought water to a parched countryside and electricity to a dark desert. They brought prosperity where there was impoverishment.

At the outbreak of last year's Arab terrorism, the one country which showed a Government Treasury surplus was Palestine.

Jewish immigration and enterprise have raised the standard of life of the Arabs formerly impoverished by feudal landowners and town taskmasters. Every inch of Jewish land has had to be paid for—dearly.

To this miracle of achievement have been brought millions of money subscribed by the pennies of the poorest Jews as well as the pounds of the rich, backed by incalculable zeal, and immeasurable determination to create a new national existence, with freedom from perennial intolerance and oppression.

The Jews have created more than this. Always friendly to Britain, they have created an invaluable British asset in the Near East, in face of Fascist ambitions and foreign encroachments in the Mediterranean.

**H**AIFA, the greatest oil port in the British Empire, the great airports of Gaza and Lydda have made Palestine a vital link in British communications. Only Jewish enterprise has made these possible; only by Jewish friendship can they be made secure.

Britain rewards the Jews with a pledge unfulfilled, an international obligation violated.

If the excuse for the closed door be Arab unrest, it is a concession to terrorism and violence.

If it be economic needs, "absorption capacity," as it is called, the interrupted growth of enterprise and its accompanying labour requirements belie it, for there is negligible unemployment in Palestine.

For the Jews Palestine is a life and death necessity; by denying them entry into their National Home the British Government is playing into the hands of Hitler.

**To-day's Thought**  
THE desert shall rejoice, and  
blossom like the rose.  
—Isaiah xxxv, 1.

worse. You can eliminate avoidable misadventure without bankrupting the shareholders, but you must investigate these matters yourself in an understanding way.

## The Strain of Office Work

**JOHNSTONE** was on the carpet this time all right. Most of the office had noted his increasing number of slip-ups and, being decent fellows, had covered him up as much as possible, but Gregson had caught him bending at last on a serious matter. Now he was in the manager's room and the office didn't like to think what would be the result of this painful interview—if they raked up his record over the last few months.

Johnstone was taking it bravely, but he quaked a little when the boss opened up. "Well, Johnstone, I am sorry to have to bring you here to-day on such a matter as this. We used to think you had the makings of a really good man, but I am afraid your work has deteriorated lately. You made rather a costly mistake over the Smithley Corporation account, and as you know, the head is

danger is that the decline in investment may drag down consumption and result in a serious slump. The Government, of course, will have it in its power to make plans for public works of various kinds and to take other measures to stimulate investment and consumption. This is the matter to which it is now addressing itself, and it is at any rate reassuring to feel that there is no intention of waiting until a slump arrives before deciding on some definite line of action.

one of our directors. He insists that an example be made of the person responsible. We have since discovered several smaller but no less disconcerting flaws in the handling of your work."

And so Johnstone dropped out of things, and soon after they took him off to hospital to be treated as a nerve case.

### Noise Nuisance

That is an example of what is happening up and down the land to-day. Nerves, nerves, nerves! Doctors say the nation is becoming a collection of nervous wrecks, and they lay the blame on modern civilisation—on the constant high-speed wear and tear of our survival-of-the-fittest jungle of business.

For much of this stupid waste of man-power employers are to blame. Not because they expect their staffs to be super-efficient, but because they don't give them a fair chance to be. What caused Johnstone's lapse? The office called it nerves and left it at that. They had not reached Johnstone's breaking point yet, but every one of them was well started towards it.

Johnstone could have told them about it, but he was sensitive that way. It would probably sound silly, the way he would explain it. First of all, that door-banging nuisance in the outer office. It preyed on his mind so much that he could not concentrate on figures. He was always waiting for the next bang keyed up, but he was always caught napping, so that his heart gave a flutter each time it happened. Day by day it went on, wearing down his resistance. He could have complained, but nobody else seemed to notice it, so he said nothing but worried a lot.

Then there was Miss Fareham; she was a nice little woman, he liked her, but that typewriter of hers tapped his brain to a numbness that left him in a sweat.

### Nervous Wrecks

Most days the office windows were opened to all the hell of main-road traffic. Buses, trams, cars—an incessant clang, squeal, roar—all the day long. Often a backfire would have him on the edge of a scream. He had been a naturally healthy sort of person when he entered the office at first, keen on his job, anxious to succeed. Now he was an object to be pitied—cast on the scrap-heap twenty years before his time.

Some big employers have tackled the problem of avoidable noise, and have been rewarded by better work, a more contented staff, and less time lost through illness. But these cases are only isolated attempts to combat the trouble. Thousands of offices and similar places which require quietness to concentrate on their business are giving their employees all the opportunities to make mistakes.

There is no need to go to great expense to rectify matters. A little commonsense and an understanding of human frailties can work wonders. The boss who works in a quiet, carpeted private office cannot appreciate the mental struggles of his employees, if he makes no attempt to discover the true conditions under which they work. Let him spend more of his time in the general office—bring in his work sometimes and share the same conditions. After his own quiet solitude he will be even more affected by the movements and noises which interrupt work than the staff themselves.

A quiet and tactful word here and there may discover why Jones' doctor has ordered him a few weeks' rest, or why Miss Brown sometimes has to ask the afternoon off.

Employers—why do you leave your ordinary thoughtfulness for the feelings of others at home? Bring them into the office to-morrow. If you want the utmost return for the wages you pay, give your employees a chance to prove that it can be done without driving them into hospitals, or even



# NAVY ESTIMATES SYSTEM CRITICISED

## A "More Useful" Form Proposed SELECT COMMITTEE MAKES REPORT

Criticism of the form of Navy and other votes and a comment on the size of the staff at the Passport Office are contained in a second report issued recently by the Select Committee appointed by the House of Commons to suggest the form in which Estimates shall be presented, and to report on any economies which may be effected consistent with the policy implied in the Estimates.

The Committee note that since their last report the School of Equitation and the Remounts and Veterinary services have been reviewed by the Army Council. It is estimated that the changes to be made will lead to an annual saving of £72,000.

Concerning the Navy Estimates the Committee state that they have come to the conclusion that a detailed examination of Navy Votes could be undertaken in a future year more usefully than at the present stage in the expansion of the defence services. They think, however, that such examination should not be long postponed. An opinion is expressed that the form in which the Navy Votes are drawn up is not in all cases as full and informative as it should be. In a number of instances it is not possible to ascertain from the Estimates the total or even the approximate cost of important services, the expenditure on which is distributed over different subheads or different votes. The Estimates Committee of 1934, it is stated, recognized that complete standardization of the Estimates of the three defence departments was not possible or desirable, but the Committee, while not departing from that view, trust that the Board of Admiralty and the Treasury will review the form and details of the Navy Estimates with the object of presenting the cost of the services "in a more useful form."

### AIR RAID PRECAUTIONS

The Home Office Estimate, the report notes, contains provision of £4,017,500 for air raid precautionary services, and £2,598,000 for fire brigade services. The Committee suggest that, in view of the magnitude of the expenditure and its dissimilarity from that already borne on the Vote for the Home Office, provision for these services should be the subject of a separate Vote.

The numbers and cost of the staff of the Foreign Office, the Committee point out, have increased substantially in recent years. In the main the change is attributable to the increased complexity of foreign relations.

"The administrative staff of the Foreign Office, immediately below the Permanent Under-Secretary of State, it is added, consists of two Deputy Under-Secretaries of State, instead of one, and five Assistant Under-Secretaries of State, instead of a normal complement of three. The number of Counsellors has, however, been reduced for the time being from 14 to 13. These arrangements are largely due to personal considerations, combined in one case with the desirability of retaining the officer concerned in London for a further period; they are explicitly temporary. Your committee do not think it justifiable that additional posts of high grading should be created for the purpose of individual officers who, for whatever reason, have not been promoted in existing vacancies, and they are glad to note that these very exceptional arrangements in the Foreign Office will shortly terminate."

### LESS ACCOUNTING

It is added that the number of staff employed in the Establishment and Finance Department, at present 40, has not been reduced since the immediate post-war period, though the immense amount of difficult accounting work required at that period has disappeared.

In the Passport Office, the report observes, an increase in the numbers

of staff employed has taken place concurrently with a decline in the number of issues of passports. Passport work is largely seasonal, and the regular staff is based on the requirements of the slacker periods and is supplemented by temporary engagements. Thus, while the regular staff in 1936 was 109, the peak number of employees in that year was 302. The peak number employed in 1927 was only 261. The increase of staff in this office is attributed to a reduction in the weekly hours of attendance, and the Committee suggest that the relation of the staff employed to the volume of work should be reviewed.

## CHILDREN'S RISK IN PADDLING

### BOY'S FOOT IS INJURED

The Court of Appeal recently decided that the Fulham Borough Council had not taken sufficient measures to protect children from risk when paddling in a pond at Bishop's Park.

Their lordships dismissed with costs the Council's appeal from the award by Mr. Justice Greaves-Lord, in the King's Bench Division, of £691 to a boy, aged nine, and his father, of Rowanham-road, Fulham. The boy had stepped on a piece of glass while paddling in the pond and severed a tendon in his left big toe.

It was contended for the council that the boy was not, as the judge had held, an "invitee" but merely a "licensee," and that the only duty on the council was to ensure that the pond did not constitute a "trap" or hidden danger of which they knew. Lord Justice Slesser and Lord Justice MacKinnon both gave the opinion yesterday that it was impossible to say the boy was an "invitee."

Lord Justice Greer: I am not entirely satisfied. This was a very inviting place for children.

"I think that putting up a notice-board for children of this age is no good at all," remarked Lord Justice MacKinnon.

Lord Justice Greer expressed the opinion that the notice-board was very near to an invitation to children to paddle.

### "A PARCEL OF ADDERS"

"Suppose there had been a parcel of adders there?" suggested Lord Justice Slesser.

Mr. N. L. Macaskie, K.C., for the council: Then it would have been our duty to remove them if we knew they were there.

Mr. R. F. Levy, K.C., on behalf of the boy, said even if he was merely a "licensee" he was entitled to succeed in his claim.

"The child was not there by permission of the council," declared Mr. Levy, "but by right. This is a pond provided out of the rates and his father is a taxpayer."

Lord Justice Greer, in giving judgment, said the notice-board in the pond indicated that the council treated the pond as a paddling pond for children, and recognised there was a real danger to them.

All the council did was to have the pond raked, but though the rake dealt adequately with the deeper part, it had little or no effect on the part of the pool where the boy cut his foot.

Lord Justice Slesser and Lord Justice MacKinnon concurred.



**BARQUE CHILDREN WOUNDED**—Hundreds of children wounded in Bilbao, Spain, during the heavy bombing by guns and the rain of death from airplanes, were evacuated from the city prior to the entrance of the victorious Insurgents. Here, a nun, a nurse and an aide carry wounded children aboard a steamer taking them away from the stricken Basque capital.

## BRITISH LABOUR PARTY WANTS GINGERING UP SAY CRITICS

London, June 25.

The Labour Party is said to be getting slack. Mr. E. Shinwell, M.P., thinks that it wants ginging up and thereupon submitted to the Parliamentary Labour Party a memorandum calling for a more energetic policy in opposition. Apparently there is nothing revolutionary in the memorandum and that apart from generalities suggesting a tendency to bless the National Government, rather than to curse it, on every possible occasion, the detailed criticisms are concerned with matters of machinery which could easily be adjusted without any public linen-washing. It is understood, for instance, that Mr. Shinwell considers that the Parliamentary Labour Party should set up a series of small committees to specialise on various subjects as they arise, and that there should be some kind of a central bureau for the examination of questions to make certain that members in their enthusiasm do not blanket each other. It is suggested that Labour members before they put questions on the Order Paper should hand them in to the central bureau in order to prevent overlapping and to ensure that every afternoon Ministers are subjected to a well organised barrage.

The memorandum was considered by the Parliamentary Labour Party which sat on Thursday and who afterwards issued the following statement:

"At the weekly meeting of the Parliamentary Labour Party held in

## First Viking Dwellings Discovered In Scotland

The first Viking dwellings ever known on the mainland of Scotland have been discovered by Dr. A. O. Curle, the archaeologist, of Edinburgh, near the sea at Freshwick, Caithness.

Hitherto such dwellings had been found only in the Orkney and Shetland Islands, although Caithness was occupied by the Vikings to a greater extent than any other county.

"There have been found three or four Viking dwellings in one hollow, and two dwellings so far have been excavated," Dr. Curle told a Press representative. "The dwellings all have the same orientation and are so close together as to suggest almost the arrangements of a village."

"In the first house," he continued, "there was revealed along the centre the long hearth, characteristic of Viking dwellings. This hearth was covered with peat ash, the burning of peat having given the occupants both warmth and light. The doorway was in the gable-end. On the left of the entrance was a platform on which, probably, stood the bed."

### USED AS BATH HOUSE

"The second house," said Dr. Curle, "has passed through various phases of use, in the second of which it served as a bath house."

"Relics were few, chiefly consisting of bone objects which, seemingly, indicated that the occupants of the houses had not been wealthy. There was an abundance of shards of pottery both Viking hand-made and wheelmade."

"The date of these dwellings is probably somewhere between the Tenth and Thirteenth Centuries."

the House of Commons to-day (Mr. C. R. Attlee presiding) a discussion was inaugurated by Mr. Shinwell on the memorandum he had submitted to the Leader of the Party. He explained that no personal issues were involved, but he had certain suggestions to increase the effectiveness of the work of the party in the House of Commons. Other suggestions were also made. After discussion it was unanimously agreed to remit the various suggestions made to a committee of the executive and back bench members for consideration and report.

"It is understood that the special committee will consist of six members of the Executive and six members from the back benches, and it will examine any memoranda that members may care to present. One of Mr. Shinwell's suggestions which became known was that every Labour member should contribute £8 a year towards the creation of a central information bureau, but even with the prospect of an increased salary there was little enthusiasm for the suggestion. Mr. Shinwell gave the meeting an assurance that there was no desire to undermine the position of Mr. Attlee as Leader of the Party, and Mr. Attlee gracefully accepted the assurance. It is understood Mr. Garro-Jones has also a memorandum on the way."

Our Own Correspondent.

## "PEASANT" GENERAL ELEVATED Another Shake-Up In Red Army

Moscow, July 25.

Two more important changes have been made in the High Command of the Red Army.

An official announcement says that General Kestelin, commander of the Caucasian Military District and one of the eight military judges at the recent trial of Marshal Tukhachevsky and seven other Soviet generals who were subsequently executed, has been transferred to an unlisted post. He is being replaced in the Caucasian command by General Timoshenko, representative of the new school of Red Army officers, a man of peasant origin, who rose from the ranks of the Czarist Army and became a general during the civil war.

General Timoshenko helped to organise the famous Red Cavalry divisions which Marshal Rudenny suggested and developed.—Reuter.

## REV. JARDINE NOT WANTED

Toronto, July 25.

The visit to Toronto of the Rev. A. Jardine, who performed the religious ceremony at the marriage of the Duke and Duchess of Windsor, has been postponed because of the pastor's attack on the Archbishop of Canterbury, delivered at Baltimore, Md.

The management of the great Eaton Auditorium, where the touring clergyman proposed to speak, announced it would not permit him to lecture there.—United Press.

## RADIO BROADCAST

Relay of the Davis Cup Challenge Round

### CRICKET TEST MATCH

Radio Programme Broadcast by ZBW on Wavelengths of 355 metres (845 k.c.), 31.49 metres (0.52 m.c.s.), 5-8 p.m. European Programme. 8-11 p.m. Chinese Programme. 5 p.m. Relay: The Dance Orchestra from the Roof Garden of the Hongkong Hotel.

**PROGRAMME**  
5-5.15 p.m. 1. The Girl with the Dreamy Eyes; 2. Mama Don't Allow it; 3. I like Bananas; 4. Where is my heart.  
5.15-5.20 p.m. Interval of recorded music from Z.B.W.  
5.20-5.35 p.m. Bass Drum Dan; 6. I'm an Old Cowhand; 7. Goodnight my Love; 8. He Ain't Got Rhythm.  
5.35-5.40 Interval of recorded music from Z.B.W.  
5.40-5.55 p.m. Blue Skies; 10. Riverboat Shuffle; 11. By the Waters of Minnetonka; 12. Rose Room.  
5.55-6.00 Interval of recorded music from Z.B.W.  
6.00-6.15 p.m. Sweetheart Medley; 14. Where are you? My Love; 15. Song of the Islands; 16. Our Little Girl.

6.15-6.20 Interval of recorded music from Z.B.W.  
6.20-6.30 p.m. Alone; 18. Ring Dem Bells; 19. Sampin' The Blues Away; 20. Okay Baby.

6.30 Cinema Organ played by Terence Casey: Fifty Years of Song. Wedding of the Parades; Parade of the Weddings; In a Bird Store.

6.45 p.m. London: Relay of Big Ben "Empire Exchange."  
7 New Light Symphony Orchestra. Zampa; Jazz Nocturne ("My Silent Love"); Buffoon; Incidental Music to "Mary Rose"; Spanish Dance—Moszkowsky; Spanish Serenade—Blzet.

7.30 Closing local Stock Quotations and Hongkong Exchange Market Report.

7.35 Dance Music.  
Waltz Would You.  
Fox-Trot All Alone in Vienna; Fox-Trot Smoke Dreams; Fox-Trot There's that look in your Eyes Again; Rumba La Cuanracha; Fox-Trot Love and Learn; Fox-Trot Check to Check; Fox-Trot Goodnight, My Love; Fox-Trot May I have the Next Romance?

8 Local: Time Signal, Weather Report and Announcements.  
8-11 Chinese Programme.

8.15 p.m. Close Down.  
8.15-8.30 p.m. European Programme from ZEK; on a Frequency of 640 kilocycles.

8.30 Sid MacEwan and Ketty Masters.  
Sweetheart, Let's Grow Old Together—Kitty Masters—When the Swallows Nest—Kitty Masters; The Lark in the Clear Air—Sid MacEwan; She Moved Thro' the Fair.

8.15 London: The Second Cricket Test Match.

England v. New Zealand; A Commentary on the second day's play by P. G. H. Fender from Old Trafford, Manchester.

8.30 London: The Twilight Serenaders.  
A fantasy in music and story with Clarence Wright's Quintet. The story written and told by Ian Grant. Production by F. H. C. Piffard.

8.50 Dance Music.  
Waltz—It's a Sin to Tell a Lie. Fox-Trot Nobody's Sweetheart; Fox-Trot Chicago; Fox-Trot Let's Face the Music and Dance; Fox-Trot But Where Are You; Fox-Trot Sing, Sing, Fox-Trot Did I Remember; Fox-Trot A Star Fell Out of Heaven; Rumba The Lady in Blue; Waltz: A Beautiful Lady in Blue.

9.20 London: News and Announcements.  
9.40 Light Orchestra.  
In a Fairy Realm; Bells Across the Meadows; Black Eyes—Russian Impression.

10 London: Lawn Tennis.  
The Davis Cup Challenge Round; A commentary by Captain H. B. T. Wakeham and Colonel R. H. Brand from Wimbledon.

11.30 Close Down.

### DAVENTRY PROGRAMMES

The following wave-lengths and frequencies are used by Daventry:

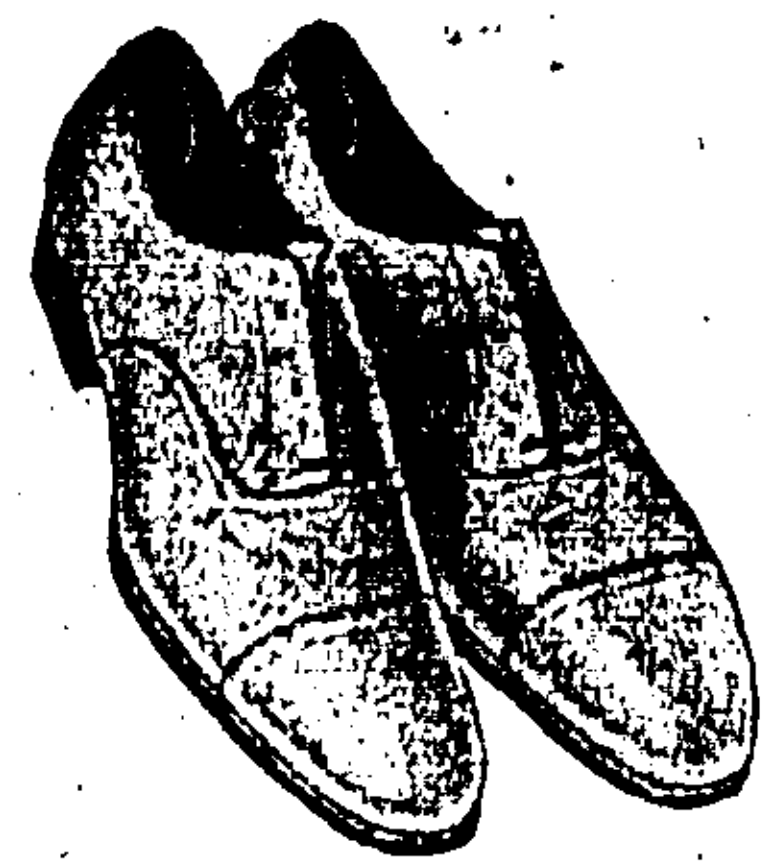
Sign	Frequency	Wavelength
GSA	0.900 k.c.	333 metres
GSA	0.910 k.c.	329 metres
GSC	0.935 k.c.	320 metres
GSD	1.175 k.c.	254 metres
GSE	1.603 k.c.	187 metres
GSG	15.140 k.c.	19.8 metres
GSH	17.700 k.c.	16.9 metres
GSI	21.470 k.c.	13.9 metres
GSL	16.200 k.c.	18.5 metres
GSM	21.540 k.c.	13.9 metres
GSL	0.110 k.c.	4910 metres
GSO	15.180 k.c.	19.7 metres
GSP	15.210 k.c.	19.6 metres

**Transmission 1**  
(G.S.B., G.S.O., G.S.I.)  
12.30 p.m. Big Ben, Ezra Pitt and Elmer try the English countryside.  
1 p.m. The Adventures of a Zoologist in England.  
1.15 p.m. The Arthur Duley Quintet.  
1.35 p.m. The News and Announcements.  
2 p.m. The Twilight Serenaders.  
2.15 p.m. The BBC Presents the ABC—Letter "O".

**Transmission 2**  
(G.S.O., G.S.G., G.S.H., G.S.I.)  
2.45 p.m. Big Ben, Empire Exchange, The Band of the 1st Battalion, The Border Regiment, From Eastbourne, Sussex.  
3 p.m. Syncretized Music.  
3.15 p.m. The Second Cricket Test Match: England v. New Zealand.  
3.30 p.m. The Twilight Serenaders.  
3.50 p.m. A Programme of Gramophone Records.

**Transmission 3**  
(G.S.O., G.S.G., G.S.H., G.S.I.)  
10 p.m. Big Ben, Lawn Tennis: the Davis Cup Challenge Round.  
11.30 p.m. Senala, Recital by James Whithead (Violoncello) and Norman Tucker (Pianoforte).

12 a.m. The Second Cricket Test Match: England v. New Zealand.  
12.15 a.m. The News and Announcements.  
12.30 a.m. John Heynolds with his Orchestra.



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- 3842—Pagliacci—Prologue. Parts 1 & 2 ..... Harold Williams, Baritone.
- 4154—Melody in F ..... J. H. Squire Celeste Octet.
- DB 174—Drinking ..... Malcolm McEachern, Bass.
- DB 231—I Am A Friar Of Orders Grey ..... Malcolm McEachern, Bass.
- DB 464—There Is A Tavern In The Town ..... Harold Williams & Chorus.
- DB 840—Love, Here Is My Heart ..... Albert Sandler & His Orch.
- DB 1019—Waltzland. Parts 1 & 2 ..... Terence Casey, Cinema Organ.
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## SAVING THE YOUNG FROM PRISON

A SURVEY which, it is hoped, will prove definitely the value of placing offenders on probation rather than sending them to prison is being carried out for the new Probation Department of the Home Office.

At present it is difficult to induce local authorities to appoint full-time and fully-trained officers, because it is hard to show evidence of their remedial value.

The collection of such evidence is not easy, for, except in the police records of the most serious crime, there is no machinery to record the subsequent history of persons placed on probation.

**FOLLOWING UP**  
Now, at the request of the Home Office, the clerks of some 20 police courts in big provincial towns are collecting data upon which the Probation Department hope to reach important conclusions.

This is one move in the Department's drive to increase the efficiency of the probation officers' service. The task will take at least 10

years to accomplish, and will probably involve the training and appointment of several hundred new probation officers.

To the 1,000 courts throughout the country there are at present only 400 full-time probation officers. Some of these are attached to as many as 14 different courts.

**25 A YEAR "SALARY"**  
In some districts local authorities merely employ part-time and untrained officers at nominal salaries of anything from £5 to £20 a year.

Now the new Probation Training Board is preparing to turn out a force of fully-trained officers upon which local authorities will be able to draw. Details of the new and increased scales of salaries to be paid probation officers are to be published in a few days.

Since the Home Office a few weeks ago invited candidates for the two years' course of training, which carries with it a maintenance grant of £150, there have been 850 applications.

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may live!

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ROBERT  
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J. EDWARD  
BROMBERG



WEDNESDAY  
AT THE  
QUEEN'S

THAT  
PICTURE  
MAY WIN  
A PRIZE!

-if entered in the  
"TELEGRAPH'S"  
PHOTOGRAPHIC  
COMPETITION  
See particulars  
on another page.

## Ryder Cup Debacle

# AMERICAN GOLFERS BEAT US ON THE GREENS

(By Charles Buchan)

Southport, July 1. Winning the singles by 5½ points to 2½, America retained possession of the Ryder Cup with a victory as deserved as it was convincing. The margin in their favour in both singles and foursomes was 8 matches to 4, and this was their first success on British soil. Now they have four triumphs to their credit against Great Britain's two.

All the more striking was the American win, because they battled against the elements of wind on the first day and rain on the second—conditions in which our golfers might have been expected to have the advantage.

Taking the game as a whole, the British players were better than the Americans through the green, but they were out-classed at putting. When the Americans had to sink a putt to win a hole they did so without hesitation. Temperament plays a large part in this type of game and the American temperament is superior to ours.

Fortunately, we had in Sam King and Dai Rees two newcomers who gave examples of skill and courage that rather brightened the drab picture. These young assistant professionals, taking part in the first Ryder Cup contest, were the heroes of the day from the British point of view. Though at times stung by adversity, they refused to allow the wounds to upset them.

If I award chief honour to King, it is because of the splendour of his finish. King was opposed to America's match-play champion, Denny Shute, the man selected to oppose Cotton for the title of world champion; yet he was unafraid and unruffled.

### AN EPIC OF COURAGE

In the first round Shute would have found himself in a desperate position if he had not holed several long putts, and they finished the 18th all square. At the start of the second round things went all wrong for King, and by the 7th he stood 4 down, but a 2 at the 8th revived hopes. On the homeward journey these hopes were justified. King did those nine difficult holes in 33, won three of them and saved the match.

It was an epic of courage. At the 18th he holed from 5ft., at the 17th from 5yds. and at the 16th, knowing he had to win the hole, he placed an approach shot 4ft. from the pin and calmly sank the putt. The big crowd roared to him.

Rees's effort, which had a more satisfactory ending, as it brought victory to his side, was equally brave. He began by missing a 2ft. putt to win the first hole and then, at the 5th, his wet club slipped out of his hand and he lost the hole. At the 14th he was 3 down, but he won the round one up. His figures for the last five holes were one under four and Nelson, the 6ft. American with the beautiful swing, had no answer to the onslaught.

In the afternoon Rees quickly consolidated his advantage, became three up and never relaxed his grip on the game, which he won at the 17th. Enthusiastic spectators carried Rees shoulder high all the way down the last fairway, and he was almost mobbed at the entrance to the clubhouse.

Cotton also played the part of an English gentleman. He was expected to beat Manero, the 1936 American champion, and he did. He played in something like the form of his championship year (1934), except that he missed three hole-in-one putts. Even so, he was too accurate for Manero, who was always struggling.

**ALLISS' GLORIOUS DEFEAT**  
One of our players, beaten on the last green, who commanded sympathy was Percy Alliss. It was his first defeat in the Ryder Cup, and an unfortunate one, as he fought back wonderfully after a discouraging start.

Sarazen, this determined opponent started with 2, 4, 3, and was four up with only five holes played. Still Alliss, by machine-like golf, secured a lead of one hole at the end of the round. When he stood three up at the turn in the second round, it seemed as if his great effort was to be rewarded.

Sarazen, always at his best in a tight corner, had other ideas. The first five holes coming home he played in 18 strokes, a 2 at the short 15th giving him the lead, which he retained to the end.

Of the remaining matches, it was mainly a case of missed chances. Perry, for instance, played well enough to win, but he overran the green on five occasions when reasonable chances of winning holes came his way. Dudley's amazing putting turned the scales.

Lacey, too, gave a brilliant exhibition for most of the day, but he simply could not get a putt to drop, and in the final crisis he hooked two of his iron shots.

Burton met the 24-year-old Sneed, the youngest player in the match, at the top of his form. Sneed outdrove him by as much as 40 yards with a beautiful full swing that sweeps rather than hits the ball from the start and, though Burton had his chances, he could not take them because of the wildness of his second shots.

Sneed did the 15 holes in the afternoon in 3 under 4's.

Pudgum had a disastrous experience. He began well, but, when Guldahl, the big American Open champion, holed a long putt at the 8th and put an iron shot dead at the 7th for a lead of 2 holes, his confidence, previously shattered, deserted him and he could not do a thing right. He hooked his iron and putted weakly, and Guldahl, without having to play brilliantly, stood 6 up at

the halfway stage and easily gained the biggest victory of the day.

**SINGLES RESULTS**  
R. Guldahl (U.S.A.) beat A. H. Padgugan, 8 and 7.  
Denny Shute (U.S.A.) halved with S. L. King.  
Tony Manero (U.S.A.) lost to Henry Cotton, 5 and 3.  
Byron Nelson (U.S.A.) lost to D. J. Rees, 3 and 1.  
Sam Sneed (U.S.A.) beat R. Burton, 5 and 4.  
Gene Sarazen (U.S.A.) beat Percy Alliss, 1 up.  
Ed. Dudley (U.S.A.) beat Alfred Perry, 2 and 1.  
H. Picard (U.S.A.) beat A. J. Lacey, 2 and 1.

**FOURSOMES**  
America 5½  
Britain 2½  
Total 8 4

**RYDER CUP  
CAPTAIN  
EXPLAINS**

(By Charles Buchan)

It is easy to be wise after an event like the losing of the Ryder Cup at Southport.

Many people criticised Charles Whitcombe, the British captain, for his action in dropping Cox and himself from the singles on the second day, so I asked him why he had done so. He gave me the following sensible reasons:

"I did not play myself because I had lost all confidence in putting, and it would have been foolish to play in the circumstances. I included King because when I took him out in a practice round he displayed such brilliant form that he earned his chance."

Our men were very despondent after the match, for they realised they had not produced their real form when it was most needed.

**COTTON'S APOLOGY**

I was present when Henry Cotton apologised to his partner, for failing to win the foursome, which Cotton admitted they should have done.

A point advantage gained on the first day would have had an important bearing on the result. Then the Americans would have had the additional strain imposed by the knowledge that they must win five games out of eight.

That the match proved a huge success was revealed by the receipts for the two days, which were a record for the series.

Despite the rain on the last day, £2,536 was taken in admission money, £360 more than at the 1933 match. It will provide the Professional Golfers' Association with nearly all the money they need to take our team to America in 1939.

**TO REGAIN THE CUP**

Stories that the matches were to be discontinued were emphatically denied by Commander R. C. Roe, secretary of the P.G.A.

They had not the slightest grain of truth, for at the dinner given after the match, Walter Hagen, the American captain, spoke of future games.

Whitcombe stated that Great Britain must discover and train four young players to stardom before the attempt to regain the cup in two years' time.

**COUNTY CRICKET  
CHAMPIONSHIP**

**Surrey Score 482  
Against Kent**

London, July 24. Surrey ran up a big first innings score in the new series of County Cricket Championship matches that began to-day. Playing at home against Kent they totalled 482, Fishlock contributing 107 and Holmes 77.

No other century was scored in this programme, but many exceeded the 50 mark, and no total was under 230. Close of play scores were: Surrey 482 (Fishlock 107, Holmes 77) v. Kent.

Lanes: 201 (Washbrook 76); Warwick 30 for 1.

Yorkshire 340 (Turner 84, Lyon 5 for 72); Gloucester 24 for 1.

Sussex 242 for 8 v. Northants. Derby 331 for 0 v. Notts. Essex 235; Glamorgan 50 for 2. Hampshire 245 (Moore 90, Warner 6 for 60); Worcester 70 for 2.

**Thin on top?**

**Danderine**



Anita Louise and Sir Cedric Hardwicke in "Green Light" which is now showing at the King's Theatre.

## BAKEWELL NOT TO PLAY THIS SEASON

A. H. Bakewell, the Northamptonshire and England batsman, will not take part in county cricket this summer. Mr. N. W. C. Cooke, Chairman of the Northamptonshire C.C.C. Committee, announced recently that doctors consider it would be risky for Bakewell to play this season, but they state that he will be perfectly fit for next year. Bakewell was seriously injured in a motor accident towards the end of last summer.

## ENGLISH CRICKET AVERAGES

**Hammond In  
The Lead**

Walter Hammond still headed the first-class cricket batting averages on July 5, with an average of 74.17 for 25 complete innings. He had then scored 1,706 runs.

J. Smith of Middlesex topped the bowling with an average of 15.58 for 25 wickets. Goddard had taken most wickets—108, with Governor of Surrey second, totalling 90.

## BATTING

(Qualification: 12 innings; average 36.)

Player	Inns	Runs	Av.
Hammond (W.R.)	25	1706	74.17
Hutton	23	1310	71.90
C. S. Dempster	21	1107	62.11
Paynter	19	1250	65.71
Arnold	23	1113	53.00
Parkes (J.H.)	19	1405	68.22
R. C. M. Kimpton	19	470	91.33
Washbrook	12	617	51.42
Phillips	12	1276	106.33
J. H. Pawle	17	74	125.47
Cook	27	1120	41.48
Edrich	23	718	31.22
Gibbons	23	1053	45.78
Sutcliffe	23	850	36.96
Iddon	23	804	34.96
R. E. S. Wyatt	23	993	43.17
Worthington	23	840	36.52
Phillips	23	717	31.17
Leyland	21	823	39.19
Baron	19	773	40.68
Langridge (John)	19	1100	57.89
Gregory	24	932	38.83
Langridge (James)	21	721	34.33
Parker	15	476	31.73
C. G. Halliday	15	317	21.13
Edrich	23	723	31.43
Compton (D.)	24	844	35.17
James	21	723	34.43
Sandham	21	1053	50.14
Keeton	23	760	33.00
Gunn	23	716	31.13
Smith (D.)	24	1053	43.83
Davies (E.)	28	962	34.36
Pooley	16	620	38.75
Gimblett	17	604	35.53

## BOWLING

(Qualification: 30 wickets; average 21.)

Player	Wkts	Runs	Av.
Smith (J.)	53	1353	25.53
Sims	53	1068	20.17
Gover	53	1231	23.23
Verity	53	1329	25.07
Morlin	42	1007	24.00
Langridge (John)	42	1144	27.24
Andrews	52	1144	22.00
Ribbles	51	1500	29.41
Nichols	40	1500	37.50
J. C. Clay	53	1253	23.64
Eastman	37	660	17.84
Hammond (W.R.)	6	615	102.50
Goddard	70	1002	14.31
Boyes	41	1353	33.00
Phillips	53	1181	22.28
Pope (G.H.)	53	676	12.75
R. F. H. Darwall	53	1004	20.85
Mitchell (T.B.)	53	1251	23.60
R. V. V. Robins	53	1151	21.71
Copson	53	707	13.34
Smith (P.J.)	53	1190	22.45

## NEW ZEALAND AVERAGES

**BATTING**

Player	Inns	Runs	Av.
M. W. Wallace	19	890	46.84
C. A. Lowe	19	823	43.32
D. A. R. Moloney	19	567	29.84
L. R. Kerr	17	517	30.41
W. A. Harte	18	416	23.11
M. P. Donnelly	13	371	28.54
G. L. Weir	15	321	21.40
M. Gallacher	15	245	16.33
M. L. Page	10	409	40.90
E. D. Tindill	17	259	15.24
W. N. Carson	18	340	18.89
J. R. Lamson	11	107	9.73
A. G. Roberts	10	100	10.00
J. A. Dunning	14	117	8.36
C. Cowie	13	70	5.38

## BOWLING

Player	O.	M.	R.	W.	Av.
J. Cowie	400.1	53	940	46	20.43
J. A. Dunning	445.4	124	1113	23	24.13
N. Gallacher	232.2	68	522	19	27.47
M. L. Page	307.2	112	622	24	25.92
M. P. Donnelly	271.4	76	712	15	47.48
J. R. Lamson	168.4	17	478	8	59.75
J. A. Dunning	11.4	3	43	0	14.33

Also bowled: W. N. Carson 7-0-31-0.

## CENTURIES DURING MAY AND JUNE

**THE COMPARATIVE FIGURES**

Compared with the month of May, when thirty-seven batsmen registered fifty-one three-figure innings between them, June was a more popular month, there having been 110 fresh hundreds made by sixty-nine batsmen, eighteen of those batsmen having figured amongst "century" makers also in May.

During the season, up to and including June 30, 161 hundreds were scored between eighty-eight different batsmen. Notable features include the scoring of two separate hundreds in the same match, by C. S. Dempster; the scoring of four consecutive hundreds by Hammond, and the reaching of the 200 mark by Ames, Hammond, Hutton, Paynter, Sandham, and M. G. Turnbull. Between May 1 and June 30 the following centuries have been made:—

Seven 100's by 2 batsmen:—Hammond and Hutton.

Five by 3.—C. S. Dempster, Langridge (John) and Parks (J.).

Four by 2.—R. E. S. Wyatt and Berry.

Three by 1.—Arnold, Barnett, Cox, Davies (D.), Dyson, Gibbons, Iddon, J. H. Pawle, and Worthington.

Two by 25.—Alderman, Ames, Ashdown, Barber, Cook, Davies (E.), Bull, Dollyer, Gregory, Hardstaff, Hill, Leyland, Langridge (Jas.), McCorkell, N. S. Mitchell-Innes, O'Connor, Prentice, Potheary, M. G. Turnbull, and Watson (Lanes).

One by 47.—Warne, Nichols, A. J. Holmes, D. J. Knight, N. Vere Hodge, R. G. Hunt, Keeton, Neale, Armstrong, Brookes, Walker, A. B. Selous, Edrich, Buckingham, Staples, Grimshaw, M. R. Barton, B. O. Allen, Duckfield, Smalles, Croom, G. L. Weir, Santall, Smart, Oldfield, Kilner, H. T. Bartlett, Luckes, T. C. Lowry, H. D. Burrough, M. L. Page, Gunn, N. W. D. Yardley, M. Tindall, Sutcliffe, Gimblett, Watson (Leicestershire), P. A. Gibb, Fishblett, Smith (Leicestershire), Compton, H. C. Owen-Smith, and E. R. T. Holmes.

## ENGLISH F.A. LOOKS FOR A NEW PRESIDENT

(Continued from Page 8.)

game. In this connection mention has been made of the names of the Earl of Harewood and Lord Derby. Sir Frederick Wall, former secretary of the F.A., may be considered.

Then, again, there are those who think that the vacancy provides the opportunity for the introduction into the principal office of comparatively young blood. Mr. C. E. Sutcliffe, President of the Football League, does not come under that heading, but one personage from the two offices is not inconsistent. Mr. W. C. Cuff is a council man with vision. However, he, and others, represent particularly the professional side of the game, and in general the activities of the Football Association are more concerned with amateurs than professionals. Mr. C. Wreford Brown has been one of the most active members of the council in relation to the amateur side of the sport, and is also mentioned for the post of honour.

## GLAMORGAN WANT MATTHEWS

**May Be Transferred  
From Northants**

Northamptonshire may not have the services of Matthews, their former fast-medium bowler, in the last nine games this season.

When he took up a coaching appointment at Slough School last September, it was stated that Matthews would play for Northamptonshire during the school vacation. It is understood, however, that he has offered his services to Glamorgan, his native county, and that Glamorgan have approached Northamptonshire to know whether they have any objection to Matthews playing for them.

In a statement recently the Northamptonshire chairman said the Committee would deprecate any steps which might take Matthews away from Northamptonshire at present.

Jul. 28/51.

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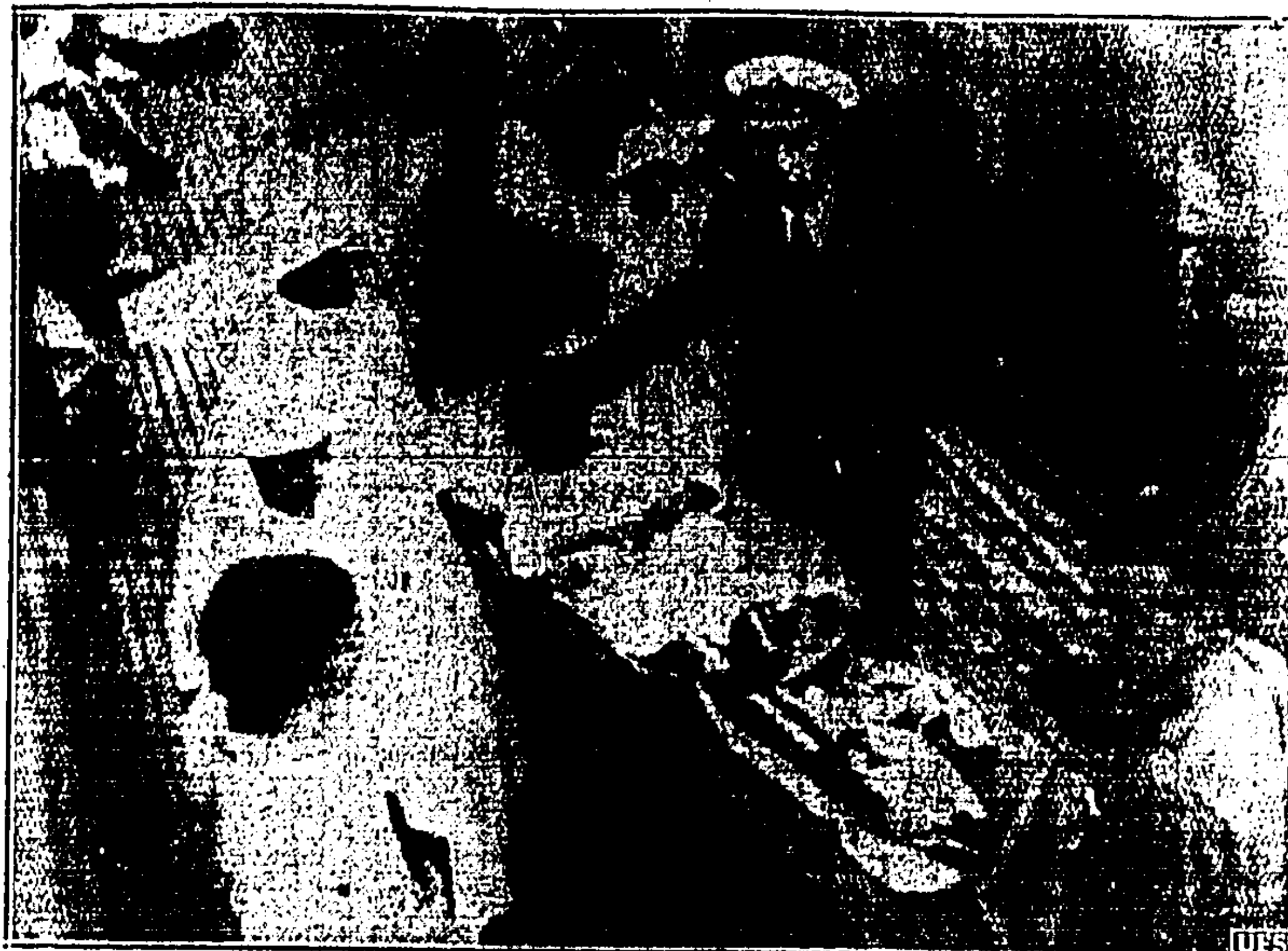






Hongkong Telegraph  
**PHOTONEWS**

# HAPPENINGS AS SEEN BY THE CAMERA'S EYE



**FROM STRICKEN BILBAO**—While unnumbered tons of shattering steel rained death on Bilbao from roaring planes and thundering guns, efforts were being made in the stricken Basque capital to evacuate hundreds of wounded old men, women and children. This W. W. radiophoto shows a wounded girl from Bilbao being taken aboard a refugee ship at a nearby port.



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Y. KANO,  
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•SODAN	7,000	14th Aug.	Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
RAJPUTANA	17,000	21st Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
RANPURA	17,000	4th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
•BURDWAN	6,000	11th Sept.	Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
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CRANFIELD	5,000	27th July.	Straits, Madras & Colombo.
SANTHIA	8,000	31st July.	
TALMA	10,000	14th Aug.	Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Rangoor & Calcutta.
SIRDHANA	8,000	28th Aug.	
SHIRALA	8,000	11th Sept.	

## EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS

NELLORE	7,000	31st July.	Mannila, Rangoon, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne & Hobart.
TANDA	7,000	3rd Sept.	
NANKIN	7,000	2nd Oct.	

## SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

TANDA	7,000	5th Aug.	Shanghai & Japan.
SIRDHANA	8,000	5th Aug.	Amoy, Shanghai & Japan.
RANPURA	17,000	5th Aug.	Shanghai & Japan.
HURDWAN	6,000	6th Aug.	Shanghai & Japan.
SHIRALA	8,000	10th Aug.	Amoy, Shanghai & Japan.
RAWALPINDI	17,000	19th Aug.	Shanghai & Japan.
TILAWA	10,000	2nd Sept.	Amoy, Shanghai & Japan.

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**FILMLAND STEPS OUT TO WEDDING**—More than 15,000 persons massed around Wilshire Methodist Episcopal Church in Hollywood and 1,000 top-ranking film stars gathered in the church when Jeanette MacDonald and Gene Raymond, Hollywood's "perfect pair," were married. Above is one of the wedding parties. Left to right: Helen Ferguson, Marie Blake, the bride and bridesmaid, Fay Wray, Ginger Rogers and Mrs. John Mack Brown.



**STRIKE RIOTS GRIP JOHNSTOWN**—Rival factions clashing in front of the Cambria plant of the Bethlehem Steel Company at Johnstown, Pa. The fight was precipitated by the cry of "scab," as non-strikers left the mill during a change of shifts. At least 15 men were injured before the state police could close the mill and break up the battle. With tension running high, several clashes occurred in day-night rioting. More than 3,000 pickets swarmed about the gates.

Count the **"TELEGRAPHS"** everywhere



## AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 p.m.

Fate Forced  
Live As The  
...Die As The

Him To Choose:  
Man She Hated  
Man She Loved!



ERROL FLYNN • ANITA LOUISE

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MARGARET LINDSAY • SIR CEDRIC HARDWICKE  
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WEDNESDAY "SING ME A LOVE SONG"  
First National with James Melton - Patricia Ellis - Hugh Herbert

## ORIENTAL THEATRE

LAST 4 TIMES TO-DAY

THE FUNNY MAN WITH THE BIG MOUTH

Joe's a phony fortune teller—the seer who sees the future side of life, your past, present and future all rolled into one big roll of laughter.

HE SEES ALL! KNOWS ALL! TELLS TOO MUCH!

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MARIAN MARSH  
FRED KEATING  
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YOUR PAST  
YOUR PRESENT  
YOUR FUTURE...  
all rolled into  
one big heart!

LOOK! 3 OF YOUR BIG FAVOURITES  
ALL IN A ROW! ONE EACH DAY  
FOR TO-MORROW ONLY

## HELL BELOW

1,000 THRILLING SCENES  
ON LAND AND SEA!

FOR WEDNESDAY ONLY

## CECIL B. DEMILLE'S THE SIGN OF THE CROSS

FREDRIC MARCH  
BLISSA LANDI  
CLAUDETTE COLBERT  
CHARLES LAMONTON

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At Most Popular Price:—15c., —20c., —30c., —40c.

TO-DAY

TO-MORROW

DIETRICH THE SONG OF SONGS

ISLAND OF LOST SOULS

WED. "PETER IBBETSON"  
THUR. "TROUBLE IN PARADISE"  
FRI. "BIG BROADCAST OF 1936"  
SAT. "THE LIVES OF A BENGAL LANCER"

## Niemoeller Brothers Both Gaoled

For Opposition To Dictatorship In Church Affairs

Berlin, July 25. Herr Gaston Niemoeller, brother of the former submarine commander and pastor of the Evangelical Church in Germany, Herr Martin Niemoeller, has been arrested here, according to a reliable report.

Pastor Niemoeller was imprisoned a few days ago, and is now awaiting trial, for his attacks on Reich Bishop Mueller and the attempt to "Nazify" the Evangelical Church. He is bitterly opposed to dictatorship in religion.

His younger brother, aroused by the arrest of the daring opponent of Reich Mueller, preached to a vast audience in his brother's church here to-day and strongly defended the views of Pastor Niemoeller. His arrest allegedly followed.

### FREED ON PAROLE

Munich, July 25. Father Rupert Mayer, 61, member of the Jesuit Order and a famous World War hero, who had been sentenced to six months' imprisonment for defying the Nazi authorities, has been paroled as a first offender, it was revealed to-day.

The charge was that Father Mayer, from his pulpit, spoke of the Nazi authorities "in a manner likely to undermine confidence in political leadership."—United Press.

## MOTOR BUS FATALITY

DRIVER EXONERATED FROM BLAME

A verdict of death by misadventure was returned by the Jury at the Central Magistracy this morning in an inquiry into the circumstances of the death of Chan Yu-hi, aged 36, of 15 Queen's Road East, who was killed when knocked down by motor bus No. 635 in Lockhart Road on July 5.

Mr. W. M. Thomson sat as Coroner and the Jury comprised Messrs. Louis Kai-hing (foreman), Lau Ting and Lee Tse-yin. Sgt. G. Freyer, of the Traffic Department, conducted the inquiry for the police.

Medical evidence was given by Dr. R. S. Bepko, Medical Officer in charge of Victoria Mortuary. He said he examined the body on July 6 and found severe crushing of the head and face and multiple compound fracture of the skull and laceration of the brain and many other internal injuries. In his opinion the cause of death was multiple injuries, and the conditions were consistent with the history of having been knocked down by a heavy moving vehicle. It was practically certain that the wheel passed over the head and the left side of the body.

Chau Pun-lap P.C. D249, said that a little before 11 p.m. on July 5 he was a passenger on bus No. 635 when it was in Lockhart Road. He was sitting behind the driver and at the Fleming Road junction he was thrown suddenly forward and sideways by the bus being suddenly stopped. He felt a jolt on the rear near side of the bus. He got down and found a Chinese male lying on his back at the rear near side, with his head towards the wheel. He was badly mutilated and already dead. The bus was travelling at a slow to moderate speed.

### RAN OUT FROM FOOTPATH

Fauquir Mohammed, P.C. B146 said he was walking on his beat at the time. The bus was being driven from east to west at a medium speed, with the side and head lights on, the latter being dimmed. When the bus had approached within five yards of him, a Chinese, who had been walking towards him with two others, suddenly ran from the footpath towards the centre of the road. He seemed to stagger and fell beneath the bus, the rear near side wheel passing over him. The bus stopped within a very short distance.

Tin Yuk-sung, the driver of the bus, said that about 10 yards after passing Penwick Street he ceased to run straight on from the kerb. The bus was only about three feet from him as he came from the side. He swerved into the centre of the road and also applied his brakes, but the man ran into the head of the bus and was knocked under it. It was a dark night, but otherwise there was nothing unusual.

Corroborative evidence was given by Lo Chung, inspector employed by the Bus Company, who was on the vehicle at the time.

Chan Yu-fai, draughtsman, employed at the Naval Yard, gave evidence identifying the deceased as his brother.

Police evidence was given by Sergeant Freyer. He said the bus was a 20 h.p. Diesel engine 30-seater, weighing about 114 cwt. He tested the brakes and found they were in good order.

Without retiring, the Jury returned their verdict, and added that in their opinion no blame was attached to anyone.

## QUAKE WRECKS ALASKA BARS

Fairbanks, July 25. Minor tremors continued yesterday following Thursday's sharp earthquake shocks and liquor dealers were the heaviest losers when their stocks tumbled from shelves.—United Press.

## Big Scores In Sunday Ball Games

Cubs Fall Before Giants' Attack

## Senators, Browns Pile Up Hits

New York, July 25. There was much heavy scoring in the Big Leagues to-day, but material change in the team standings.

In the National League, the leaders, Chicago Cubs, failed to hold the second place Giants, and the Giants held the Cubs, to six hits, without a run. New York scored five, Gumbert pitching, Berger and Danning hitting homers.

St. Louis lost an opportunity of advancing, dropping the opener of a double-header to Brooklyn by one run after 11 innings, the score six to five, playing 12 innings to a tie, seven to five, getting the better in the hitting, in the night-cap. Phelps and Wisnett hit home runs for the Dodgers in the opener.

Boston beat Pittsburgh twice, five to two in the first seven to five in the second game, though Young homered for the Pirates and Boston was out in the night-cap.

Cincinnati and Philadelphia divided honours, the Reds easily winning the first game, with 13 runs on 17 hits. In the second game, Philadelphia scored three times on nine hits. The Phillies recovered in the night-cap, scored seven on 11 hits, Norris and Camilli homering, while the Reds hit six, scored three, V. Davis tiring the bases.

### AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York and Chicago split two games, the Yankees winning with 12 runs on 14 hits in the first, while White Sox scored 11 on 13 blows. Crosetti and Di Maggio homered once each, Dickey twice for the Yankees, and Walker hit on for Chicago. The White Sox won seven to six in the late game, though Henrich hit two home runs.

Boston took Cleveland's measure, four to one, in five innings of play, when the game was called and postponed on account of rain.

Detroit beat Philadelphia 12 to nine in six innings. The Tigers hit 13, with Walker, Fox, Bolton and Greenberg hitting homers. Peters homered for the Athletics. Rain stopped play.

Washington crushed St. Louis, after a slugger fight, the first game totalling 37 hits. Senators hit 23, scored 16 runs, Alameda and Hukel getting circuits, while St. Louis hit 14, scored ten, West and Bell doing the heavy batting with one homer each. Washington hit 17 in the night-cap, scored 15 runs, while St. Louis scored five on 12 blows. Stone homered for the Senators.—Reuter.

## Egyptians Welcome Young King

Coronation Only Three Days Off

Alexandria, July 25. With the Coronation of Egypt's young King only four days away, the return of the monarch, following a five-month visit to Europe, to-day.

Enormous crowds lined the decorated route which King Farouk followed and cheered frantically as the handsome ruler and other members of the Royal Family drove to the station, en route to the ancient capital, Cairo.

The bands of the various foreign communities paraded the streets and there were resounding shouts of "Vive le Roi!" and, in Egyptian, "This is our happiest day."—Reuter.

## China's Young Womanhood

Growing Interest In Outdoor Sport

Canton, July 25. The influence of Western ideas was apparent during the week-end, when crowds swarmed to the city's bathing areas, these including many young women, who have now come to take the keenest interest in swimming and other outdoor sport.

The Chinese girl of to-day is, in fact, a totally different creature from her sister of even a few years back. The pale-complexioned, slightly-built young women of the past have given place to bronzed, sturdy maidens, whose physical development and healthy appearance are most marked.

China's future generations will benefit immensely from these developments as her young womanhood take their place among the sisters of other nations.—Our Own Correspondent.

## Demolition Of Queen's Gardens

Victoria Hospital's Future Not Yet Decided

For many years occupied by Government servants, the block of residences known as Queen's Gardens, situated on the mid-levels, is shortly to be demolished, tenders for the work having already been accepted. Two of the houses were pulled down some two years ago, and the condition of the remainder is now such that the remainder will have to be demolished also.

The Government, it is understood, does not at the moment intend to build new quarters for their servants, although there was a scheme some time back to erect a big block of flats on May Road. This plan, however, is now in suspense.

There has been under consideration for some time a proposal for converting the main block of Victoria Hospital into Government quarters, but it is understood that no decision on this point has yet been reached. The Hospital, it will be recalled, was closed down shortly after the opening of the new Queen Mary Hospital. It is situated in an ideal spot on Barker Road.

With regard to the maternity block of the Victoria Hospital, it would be somewhat difficult to convert this into Government quarters. Various suggestions have, however, been put forward. These include conversion of the building into either a school or a boarding-house, and there is also a possibility that it may be reopened for maternity purposes, as it is ideally situated for such a purpose. No definite decision has, however, yet been reached on the matter.

## HEADMASTER IN MOTOR MISHAP

PEDESTRIAN RECEIVES NASTY INJURIES

The Rev. C. B. R. Sargent, Headmaster of Diocesan Boys' School, has reported to the police that at about 10.25 a.m. yesterday, while driving his car, No. 2392, in Waterloo Road he collided with Mr. J. Elias, causing injuries which necessitated the removal of the latter to hospital.

In his report, Mr. Sargent says he was crossing the intersection of Waterloo Road and Argyle Street when Mr. Elias tried to cross from the left. He applied his brakes, but the car struck the pedestrian, causing a scalp wound and fracture of the right arm. The victim's condition, however, is not considered serious.

Mr. Elias, who is 43 years of age, resides at No. 408 Prince Edward Road.

### ANOTHER MISHAP

As a result of leaving a bus while it was in motion, a man named Lui Sau, of Tung Choi Street, was admitted to Kowloon Hospital yesterday in a serious condition.

The bus was travelling in Nathan Road near Argyle Street when Lui fell and injured his head severely.

It was learned this morning that a European and a Chinese were involved in a traffic accident on the Castle Peak Road yesterday, but the details of the incident have not yet been disclosed by the police.

## MONTANA FOREST BLAZE

CONTROLLED AFTER MUCH DAMAGE

Missoula (Mont.), July 25. Officials of the Rocky Mountain regional forest headquarters stated to-day that the worst forest fire in the State for six years had been brought under control after sweeping over 1,000 acres of valuable timber land and claiming the lives of two logging camp employees.

More than 700 fire-fighters fought the blaze over an 11-mile front in an area of 14 miles south-east of Missoula.

The winds late yesterday threatened to carry the fire beyond the emergency fire lines, but subsided before serious advances were made.

At several spots, the fires are still burning, the forestry officials stated, but the outbreak is being kept closely confined to points from which it will not spread.—United Press.

## SOLDIERS BEING SENT BACK

Gunnery F. C. Hayman and H. Yeomans, of the 24th Heavy Battery, Stonecutters, who were arrested on the President Doumer on July 13 just after she had left Hongkong for Saigon, will return to the Colony on Wednesday on the s.s. Helikon.

It is alleged they deserted; and they will be dealt with by the military authorities when they are landed here.

### THE ANDRE LEBON

Passengers by the M.M. liner Andre Lebon are informed that the vessel will sail from Hongkong to-morrow (Tuesday) at 8 a.m., instead of 11 a.m. The information, given by a contemporary, this morning, that the liner would not sail until 8 a.m. on Wednesday is incorrect.

## QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA

HONG KONG KOWLOON

AT 2.30-5.15-7.20-9.30 P.M. AT 2.30-5.20-7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

## TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

Claudette as you love her best... topping everything she's ever done for fun!

**CLAUDETTE COLBERT**

"I MET HIM IN PARIS"

Melvyn Douglas • Robert Young

Produced and Directed by Wesley Ruggles  
A Paramount Picture

— WEDNESDAY —  
At the QUEEN'S  
"THAT I MAY LIVE"  
Rochelle Hudson  
Robert Kent

— WEDNESDAY —  
At the ALHAMBRA  
"LEGION OF TERROR"  
Bruce Cabot  
Margarito Churchill

## MAJESTIC THEATRE

4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30-5.20-7.20-9.30

MATINEES: 20c-30c • EVENINGS: 20c-30c-50c-70c

## FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

MURDER, MYSTERY AND ROMANCE IN A NEW TYPE OF DETECTIVE STORY!

## 'CHRIS' CROSS NEEDS YOUR HELP!

He's a super-sleuth... but you actually help him track down a mysterious killer! A new entertainment thrill!

**UNDER COVER OF NIGHT**

ALSO: NEWS OF THE DAY TRAVELOGUE and COMEDY

LIONEL LOWE • FLORENCE RICE  
NAT PENDELTON • HENRY DANIELL • SARAH HADEN

## TO-MORROW & WEDNESDAY

LOVE, MUSIC AND MIRTH IN THE FUNNIEST COMEDY OF THE SEASON!

## ALICE BRADY "MAMA STEPS OUT"

GUY KIBBEE in "MAMA STEPS OUT"

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture.

## PEAK THEFT ALLEGED

ELECTRICAL FITTINGS STOLEN

A charge of larceny of over \$100 worth of electrical fittings from 18-20 The Peak, the property of Messrs. William C. Jack and Company, was preferred against To Sang at the Central Magistracy this morning.

Defendant, who was represented by Mr. Sydney Ng, Quinn, denied the charge, and hearing of the case was fixed by Mr. Thomson for 11.30 a.m. on August 7.

In connection with the above case, Ho Ping, master of the Central Electrical shop, was charged with receiving stolen property. He was remanded for 72 hours.

### ANOTHER CASE

Wong Chi, aged 22, unemployed appeared before Mr. W. Schöffel at the Central Magistracy this morning, charged with cutting electric wiring from No. 17 Ewo Hill Street, ground floor, and stealing the same, and possession of a chisel and a plane, instruments fit for an unlawful purpose.

It was stated by Inspector A. V. Baker, who presided, that the house was vacant, and defendant was seen jumping over the backyard wall by a watchman employed to look after the place. It would cost quite a sum to replace the damaged wires, he added.

Defendant was sentenced to two months' hard labour on the first count and ordered to pay \$20 amends or serve another 20 days, and was given an additional term of six weeks' hard labour on the second count.

## SNATCHER ROBS CONSTABLE

FOUNTAIN PEN TAKEN AWAY

Constable Chan Sam was walking along Queen's Road Central, near the King's Theatre, on Saturday when Kwun Yuen, 26, unemployed, came up from behind and snatched his fountain pen. The constable, who was in plain clothes, raised the alarm and Kwun was arrested by a district watchman who happened to be in the vicinity.

Brought before Mr. W. M. Thomson at the Central Magistracy this morning, Kwun was sentenced to two months' hard labour on admitting the charge.

### EXCHANGE

Selling

T.T. London	1s. 2.19/32
Demand	1s. 2.10/32
T.T. Shanghai	102 1/2
T.T. Singapore	61 1/4
T.T. Japan	104 1/4
T.T. India	80 1/2
T.T. U.S.A.	30 1/2
T.T. Manila	54 1/2
T.T. Batavia	150 1/4
T.T. Bangkok	80 1/4
T.T. Saigon	80 1/4
T.T. France	8.08
T.T. Germany	74 1/4
T.T. Switzerland	131 1/2
T.T. Australia	1/0 1/2

Buying

4 m/s. L/C London	1/2.25/32
4 m/s. L/C P do	1/2 1/2
4 m/s. L/C U.S.A.	30 1/2
4 m/s. France	8.09
30 d/d. India	81 1/2
U.S. Cross rate in London	4.90 1/2

## CANTON ALARMED WHEN DEFENCES ARE TESTED

Canton, July 25. A scene of some excitement was witnessed here a few days ago when, during the afternoon, factory whistles and Army sirens were sounded and light warnings flashed all over the city.

Fast pursuit, bombing and reconnoitring planes roared overhead, and the excitement of the much to the amusement of the crowds in the streets, who did not at first realise what all the noise and din really meant. Many people rushed to shelter.

All cause for apprehension, however, was soon removed when it was announced that anti-aircraft defence practices had been taking place. These were announced to have been completely successful.—Our Own Correspondent.

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